

Search for Rare b-Hadron Decays at CDF II

Michael Milnik (University of Karlsruhe)
for the CDF Collaboration

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Covered in This Talk

➤ $B_{s/d} \rightarrow \mu\mu$

➤ $B \rightarrow \mu\mu h$

➤ $B_u \rightarrow \mu\mu K$

➤ $B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu K^*$

➤ $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu \phi$

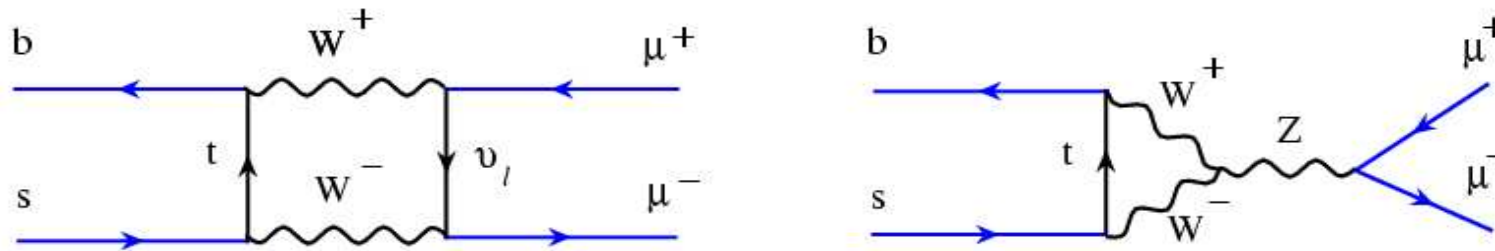
Results from CDF on $B^0, B_s \rightarrow h^+h^-$ covered by M. Morello later in this session



Search for $B_{s/d} \rightarrow \mu\mu$

Motivation:

- In the SM, $B \rightarrow \mu\mu$ heavily suppressed (need FCNC)



expectation: $BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.42 \pm 0.54) \times 10^{-9}$

A.J. Buras, Phys. Lett. B566, 115 (2003)

- $B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu$ further Cabbibo-suppressed
- Expect to see nothing, if something seen \rightarrow new physics



Search Methodology

1. Unbiased (blinded) selection optimisation using
 - signal event sample: MC simulation
 - background sample: data sidebands
2. Normalize to well-known $B \rightarrow J/\psi K$ decay
 - cancellation of many systematic effects

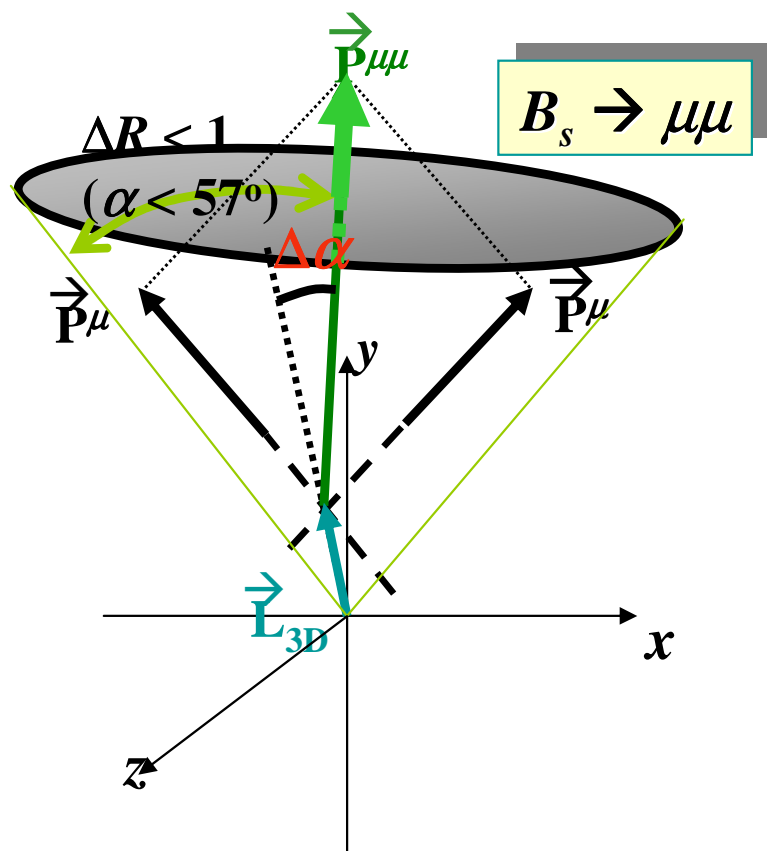
$$\frac{BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)}{BR(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+) BR(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)} = \frac{N_{B_s} \alpha_{B^+} \cdot \epsilon_{B^+}^{total} f_{b \rightarrow B^+}}{N_{B^+} \alpha_{B_s} \cdot \epsilon_{B_s}^{total} f_{b \rightarrow B_s}}$$

3. Apply cuts on search mode and normalization mode
4. Estimate Backgrounds
5. Unblind



Selection Procedure

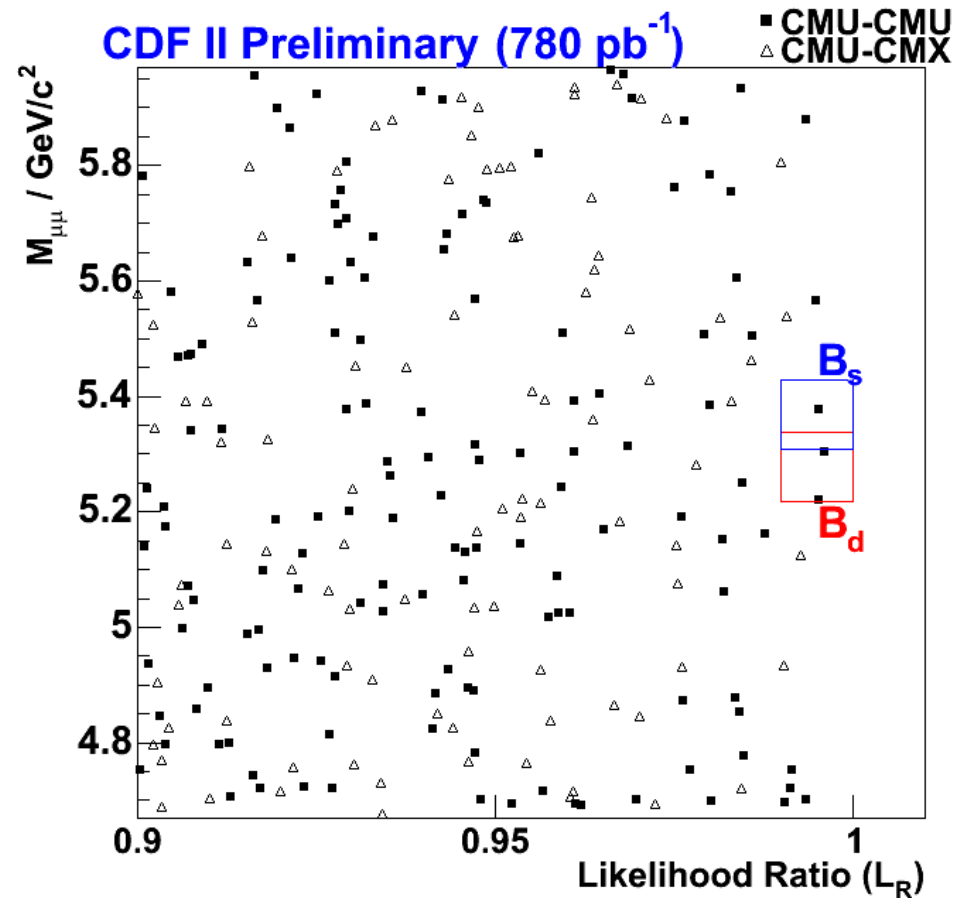
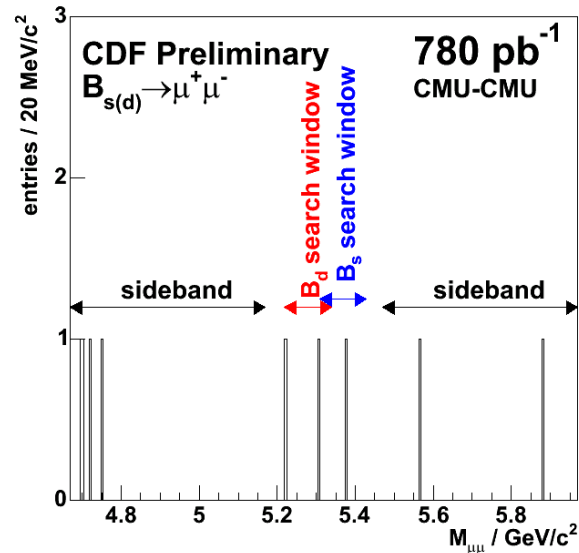
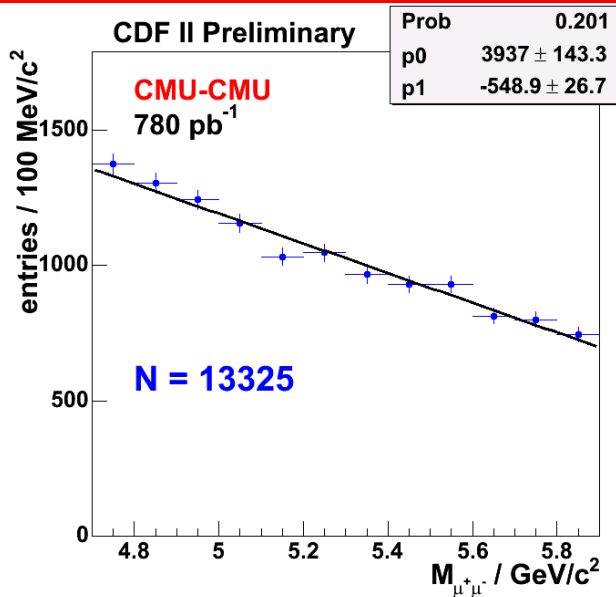
Form likelihood ratio from following discriminating variables:



- displacement of reconstructed B vertex (long B lifetime)
- isolation (expect B to be isolated)
- “pointing angle” between reconstructed B momentum and direction to primary vertex (should be small)
- Optimize on best limit with 90% C.L.



Apply Selection



➤ Observation in agreement with background expectation

➤ Set limits



Results

$$BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 1.0 \cdot 10^{-7} @ 95\% C.L.$$

World's best limit

$$BR(B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 3.0 \cdot 10^{-8} @ 95\% C.L.$$



Search for $B \rightarrow \mu\mu h$

- Non-resonant decays $B \rightarrow \mu\mu h$ via box or penguin diagrams
 - new physics may be observable through interference with SM amplitudes

- Already observed (BaBar, Belle):

- $B_u \rightarrow \mu\mu K$

PRD 73, 092001 (2006)

- $B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu K^*$

PRL 96, 251801 (2006)

- Missing:

- $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu \phi$

- prediction: $BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu\phi) = 1.6 \times 10^{-6}$

C.Q. Geng and C.C. Liu, J. Phys. G 29, 1103 (2003)



Search Methodology

- Similar method than for $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$
- Unbiased (blinded) selection optimisation using
 - signal event sample: MC simulation
 - background sample: data sidebands
- Normalize to analogous resonant $B \rightarrow J/\psi h$ decay

$$\frac{BR(B \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- h)}{BR(B \rightarrow J/\psi h) \cdot BR(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)} = \frac{N_{\mu\mu h} \mathcal{E}_{J/\psi h}^{total}}{N_{J/\psi h} \mathcal{E}_{\mu\mu h}^{total}}$$

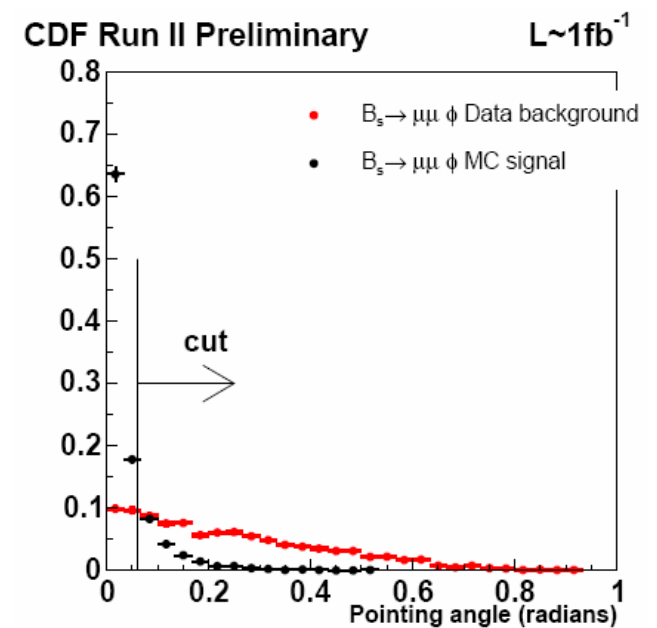
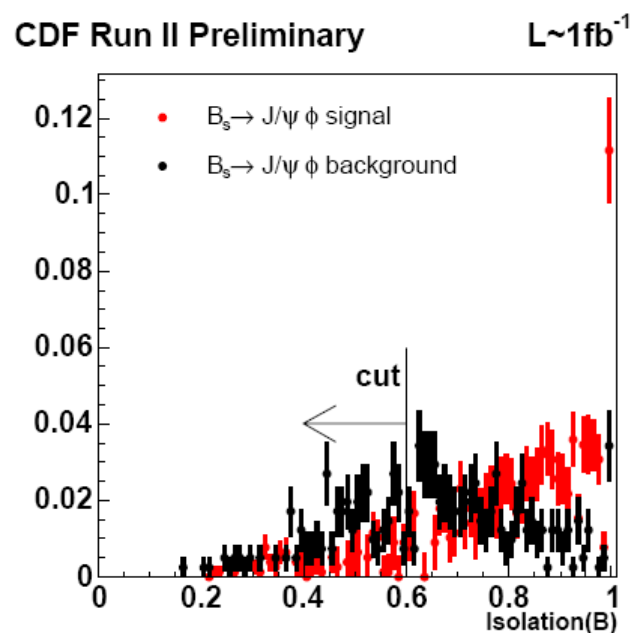
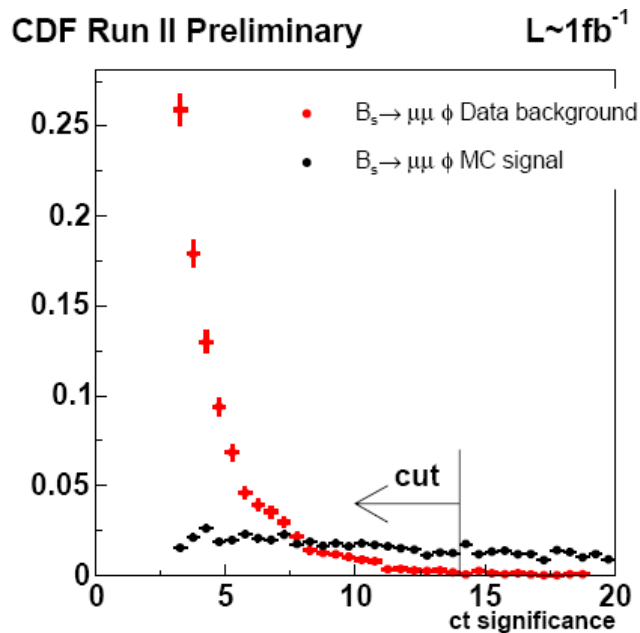
- Apply cuts on search mode and normalization mode
- Remove resonant $\mu\mu$ by cutting out $J/\psi / \psi(2S)$ mass ranges
- Unblind



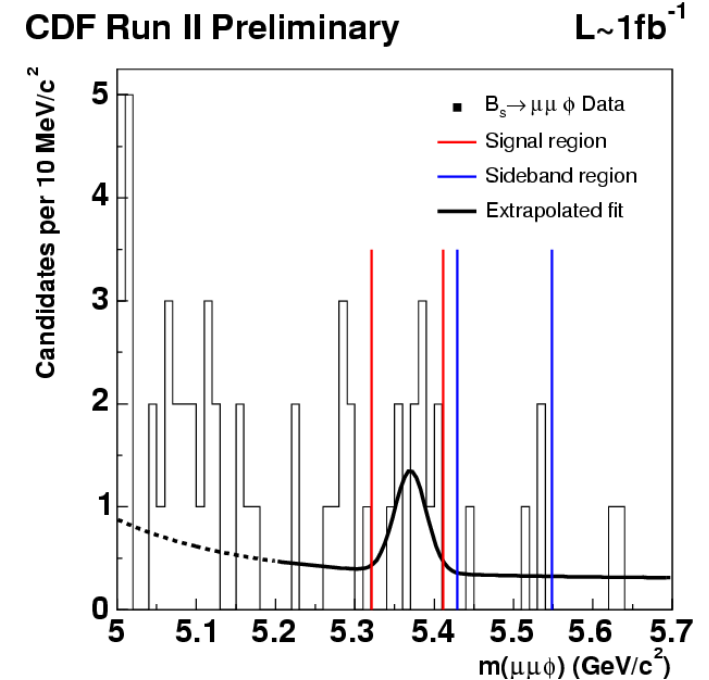
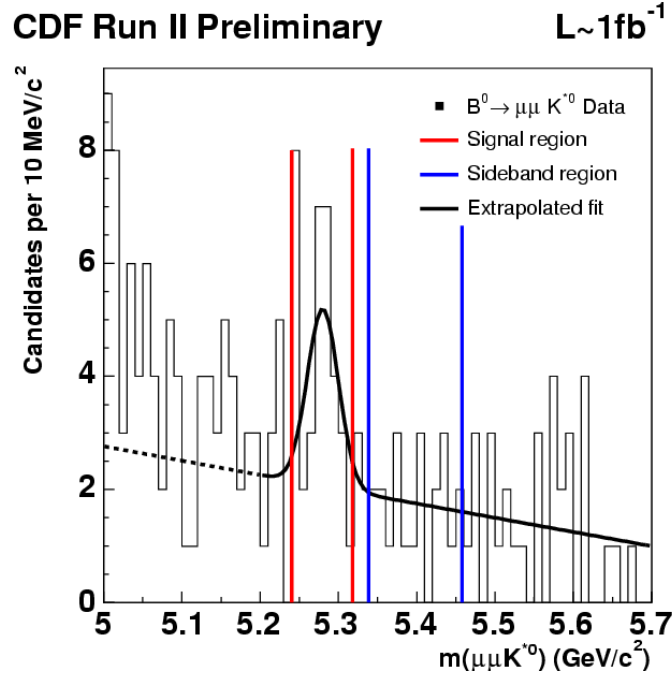
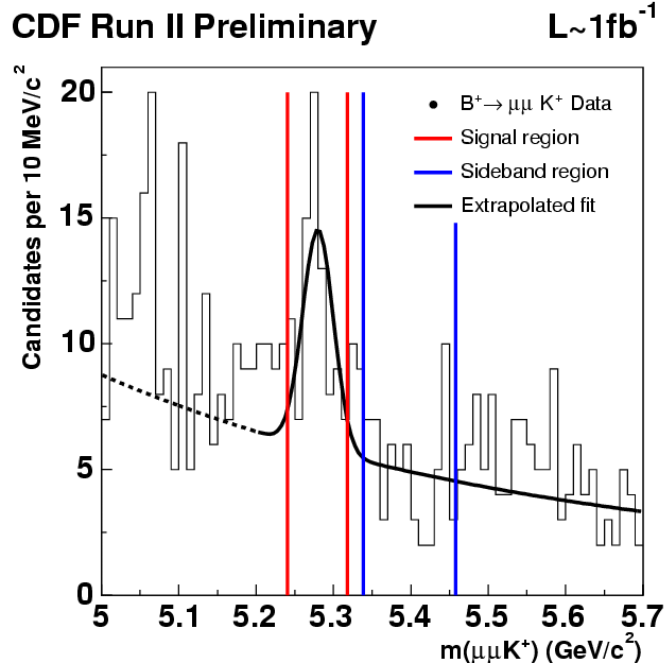
Selection Strategy

Optimize selection based on cuts on similar quantities as used for $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (decay length, isolation, pointing angle)

Optimize on best value for $\frac{S}{\sqrt{S+B}}$



Observations



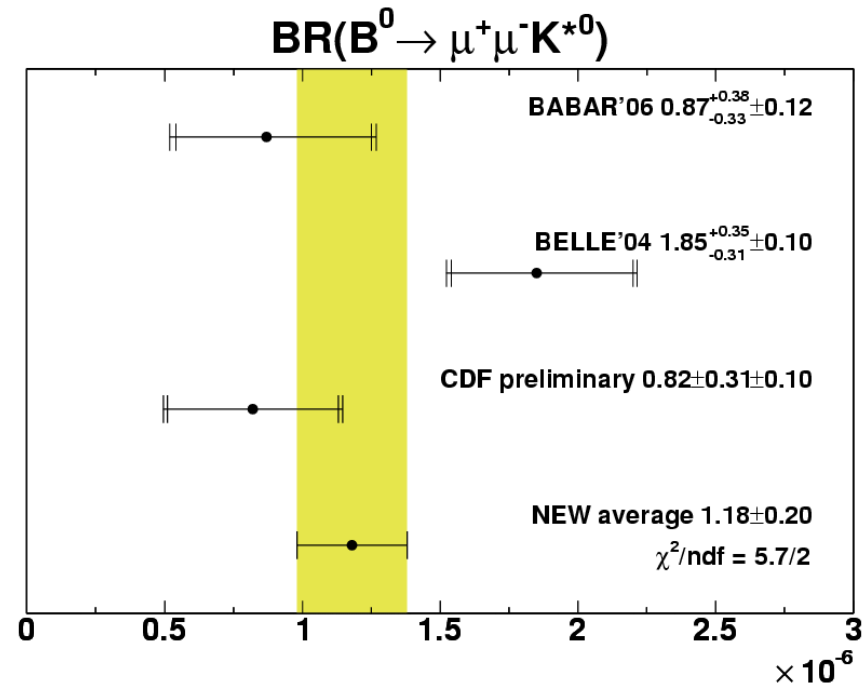
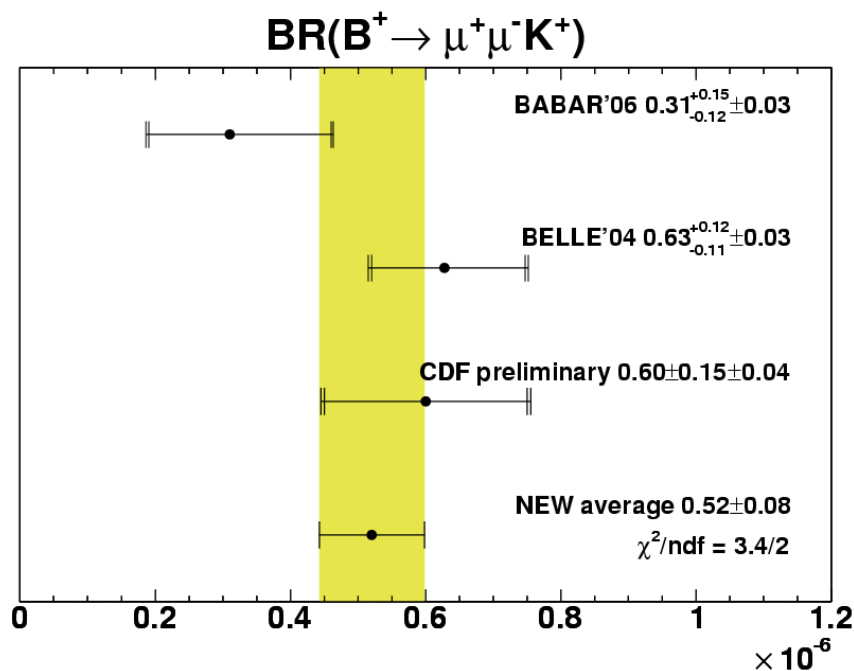
	$B_u \rightarrow \mu\mu K$	$B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu K^*$	$B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu \phi$
# events signal range	90	35	11
# estim. BG events	45.3 ± 5.8	16.5 ± 3.6	3.5 ± 1.5
Significance	4.5σ	2.9σ	2.4σ



Results

$$\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow \mu\mu K^+) = [0.72 \pm 0.15(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst.})] \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\text{BR}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu K^*) = [0.82 \pm 0.31(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.10(\text{syst.})] \times 10^{-6}$$



$$\frac{\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \phi)}{\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow J / \psi \phi)} < 2.61 \cdot 10^{-3} @ 95\% C.L.$$



Summary & Outlook

- CDF set limits for $B_{s/d} \rightarrow \mu\mu$
 - currently probe the 10^{-8} level
 - limits severely constrain new physics models
 - growing dataset will allow deeper probing in the future
- CDF investigating $B \rightarrow \mu\mu h$ modes
 - results in agreement with those of b-factories
 - most stringent limit on $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu\phi$
- More data – better results: watch out!



Backup



$B_{s/d} \rightarrow \mu\mu$ Backgrounds

	B_s^0 Signal Window		B_d^0 Signal Window	
Bkg Source	CMU-CMU	CMU-CMX	CMU-CMU	CMU-CMX
Combinatoric	0.72 ± 0.29	0.36 ± 0.21	0.72 ± 0.29	0.36 ± 0.21
$B \rightarrow h^+ h^-$	0.16 ± 0.06	0.03 ± 0.01	1.14 ± 0.16	0.23 ± 0.04
Total	0.88 ± 0.30	0.39 ± 0.21	1.86 ± 0.34	0.59 ± 0.21

Estimate backgrounds from:

- sidebands (combinatoric)
- branching fractions $B \rightarrow h^+ h^-$ and fake rates

