



UNIVERSITÉ  
DE GENÈVE

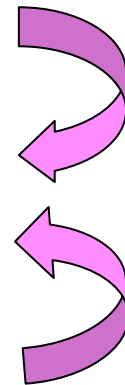
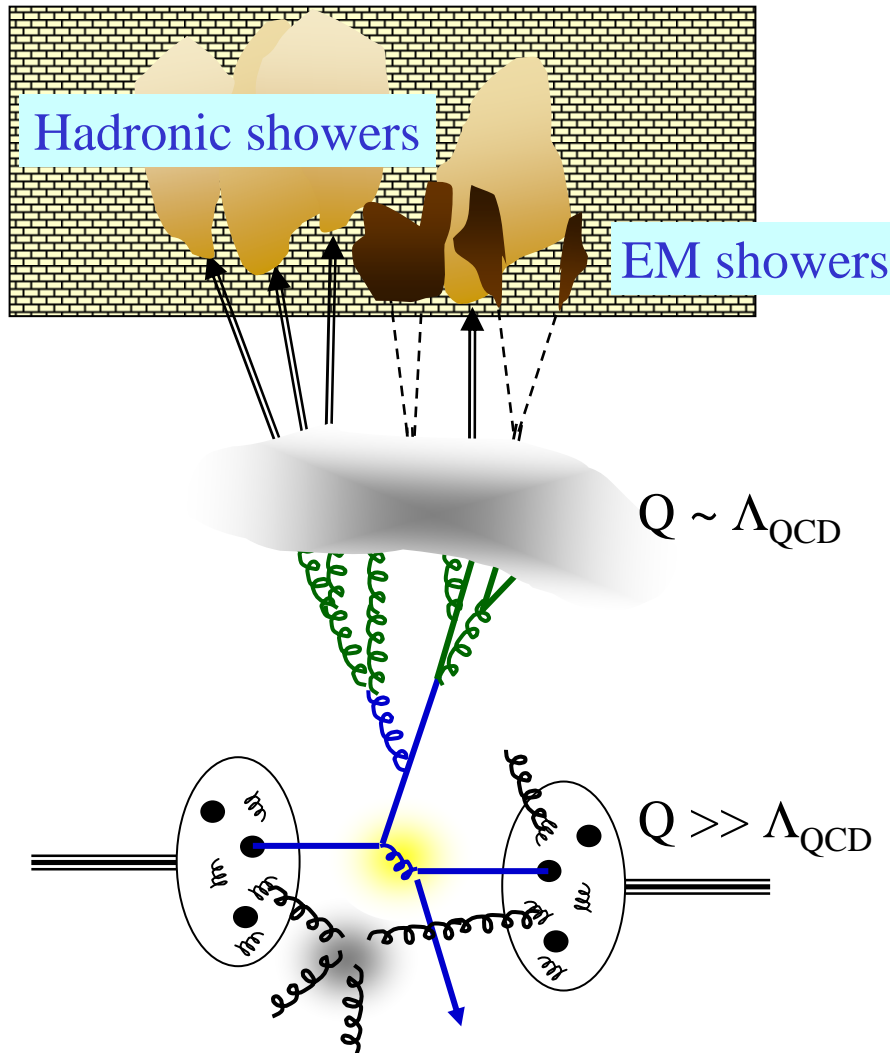
# *Inclusive Jet Production @ CDF*

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*University of Geneva*



European Physical Society  
HEP 2007

# Jet Production Measurements

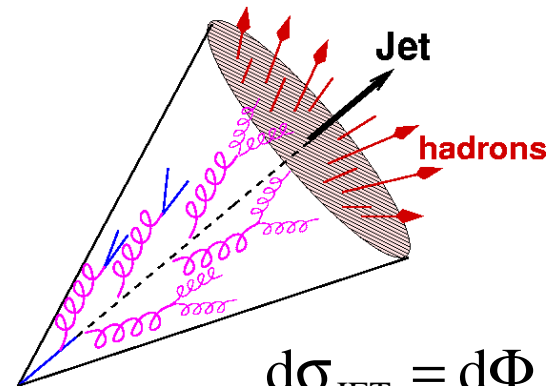


Unfold measurements to hadron level

↳ Correct for efficiency, smearing

Correct theory (pQCD) for non-perturbative effects

↳ Underlying Event, Fragmentation



$$d\sigma_{\text{JET}} = d\Phi |M|^2 F_{\text{JET}}$$

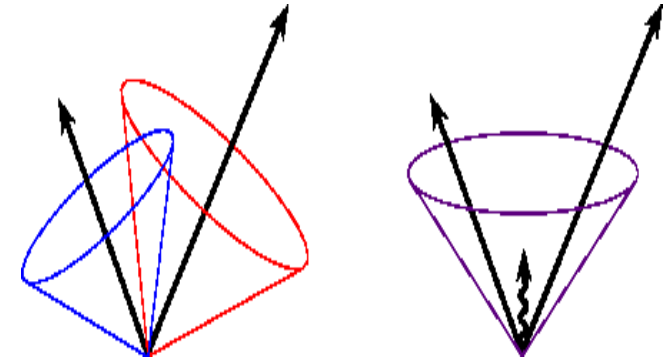
Well defined jet algorithm required

↳ At calorimeter, hadron and parton levels

# Cone Jet Algorithms and pQCD

- **Iterative cone algorithms**

- Starting from seeds, iteratively cluster particles in cones of radius  $R_{\text{CONE}}$  and look for stable cones (geometrical center =  $p_T$ -weighted centroid)



- **Infrared and Collinear Safety**

- Fixed order pQCD contains not fully cancelled infrared divergences

- Inclusive jet cross section affected at NNLO

- Tevatron Run II Cone Algorithm: Midpoint

- Uses midpoints between pairs of proto-jets as additional seeds → Infrared and collinear safety restored

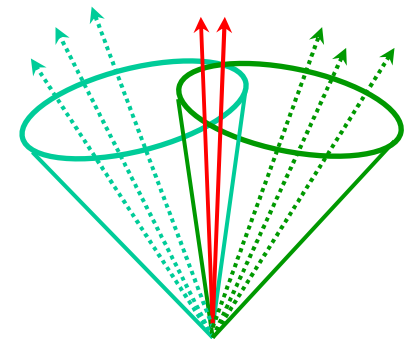
below threshold  
(no jets)

above threshold  
(1 jet)

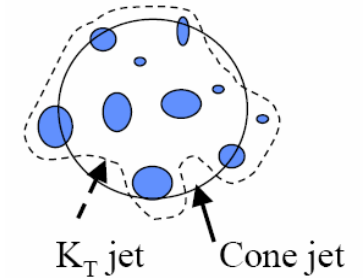
- **Merging/Splitting**

- Emulated in NLO pQCD calculation by merging 2 partons only if they are within  $R' = R_{\text{CONE}} \times R_{\text{SEP}}$  of each other

- Arbitrary parameter  $R_{\text{SEP}}$ : prescription  $R_{\text{SEP}} = 1.3$  (based on parton level approximate arguments)



# $k_T$ Algorithm



- **Inclusive  $k_T$  algorithm**

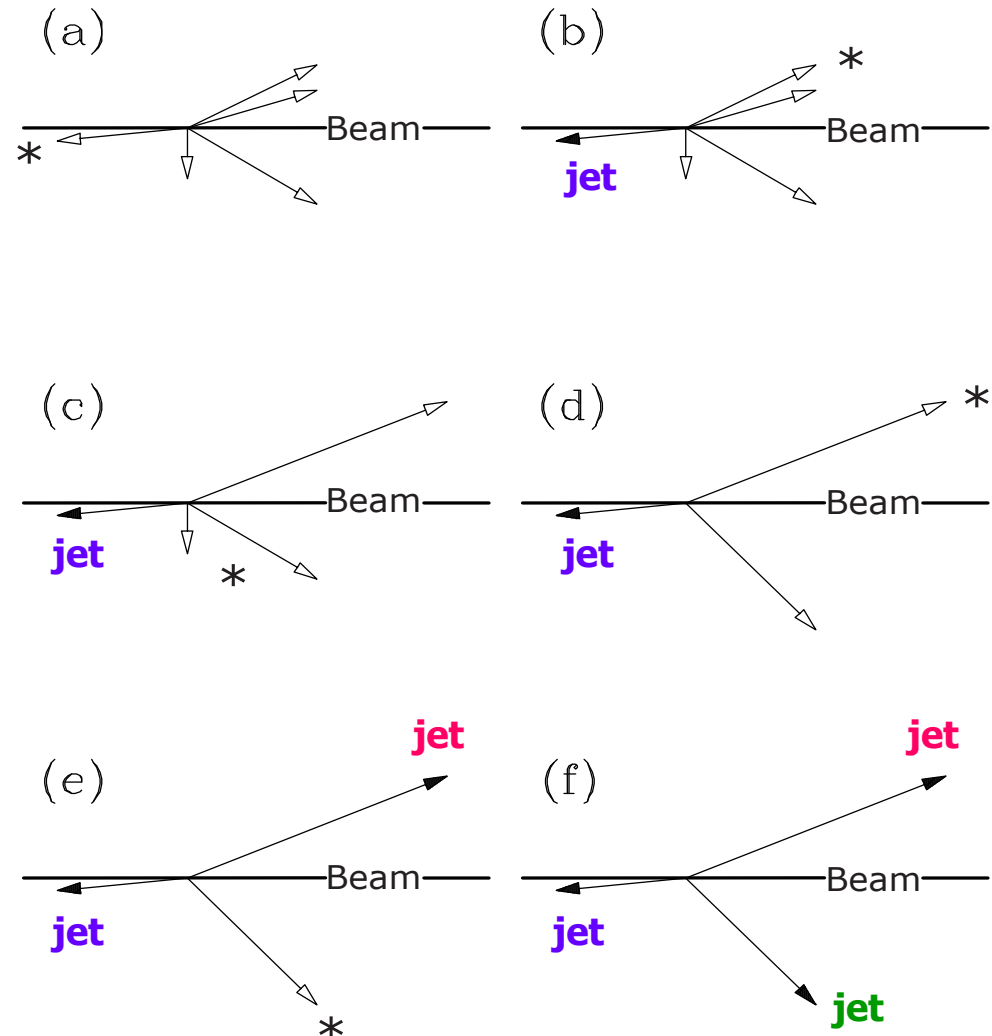
- Merging pairs of nearby particles in order of increasing relative  $p_T$

- $d_{ij} = \min(p_{T,i}^2, p_{T,j}^2) \frac{\Delta R^2}{D^2}$
- $d_{ii} = p_{T,i}^2$

- D parameter controls merging termination and characterizes size of resulting jets

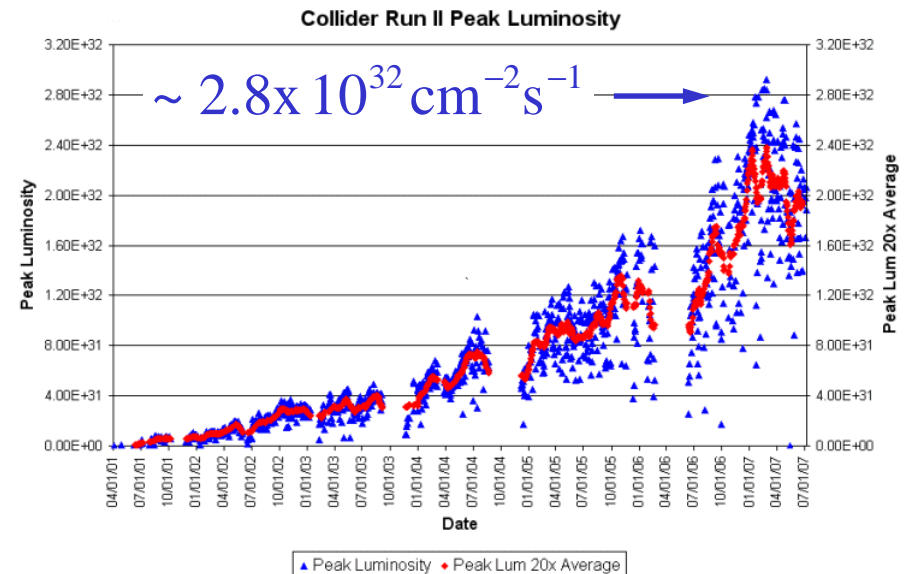
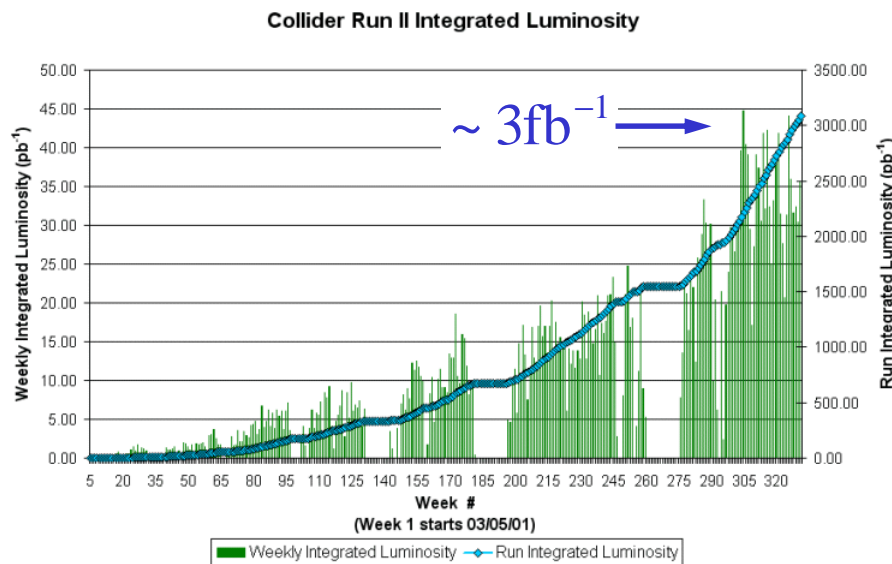
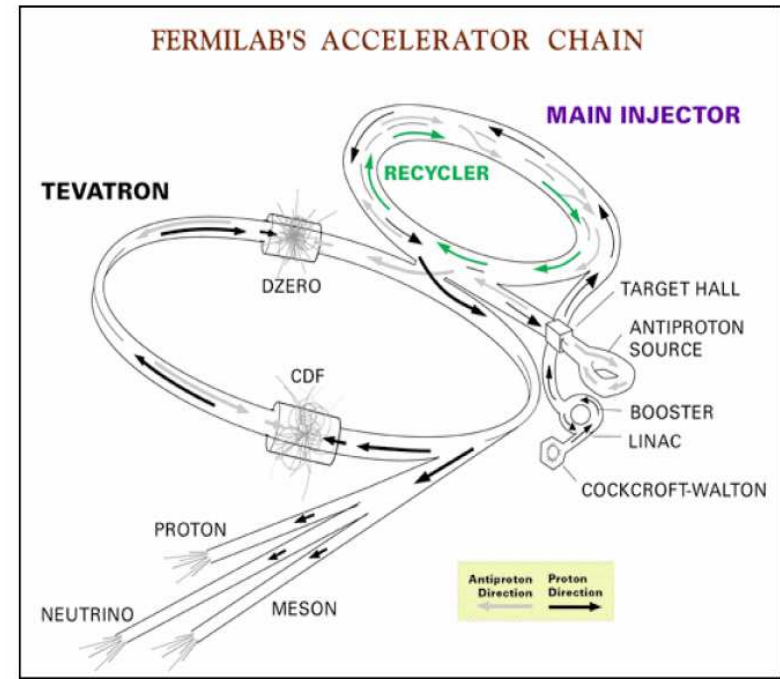
- **$p_T$  classification inspired by pQCD gluon emissions**

- Infrared and Collinear safe to all orders in pQCD
- No merging/splitting
  - No  $R_{SEP}$  issue comparing to pQCD

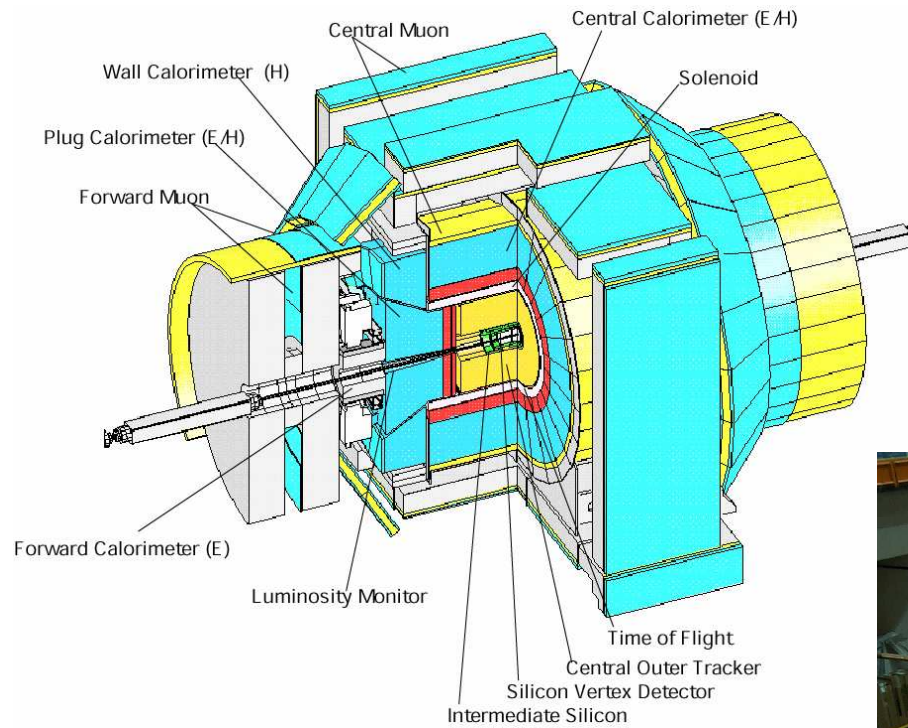


# The Tevatron

- Proton-antiproton collisions
- $\sqrt{s} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$
- 36 bunches: crossing time = 396 ns
- ☺ Delivered  $\sim 1.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  since 06/2006
- Current extrapolation  $\sim 6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  by 2009
  - $8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  still the goal
    - Need increased antiproton staking rates

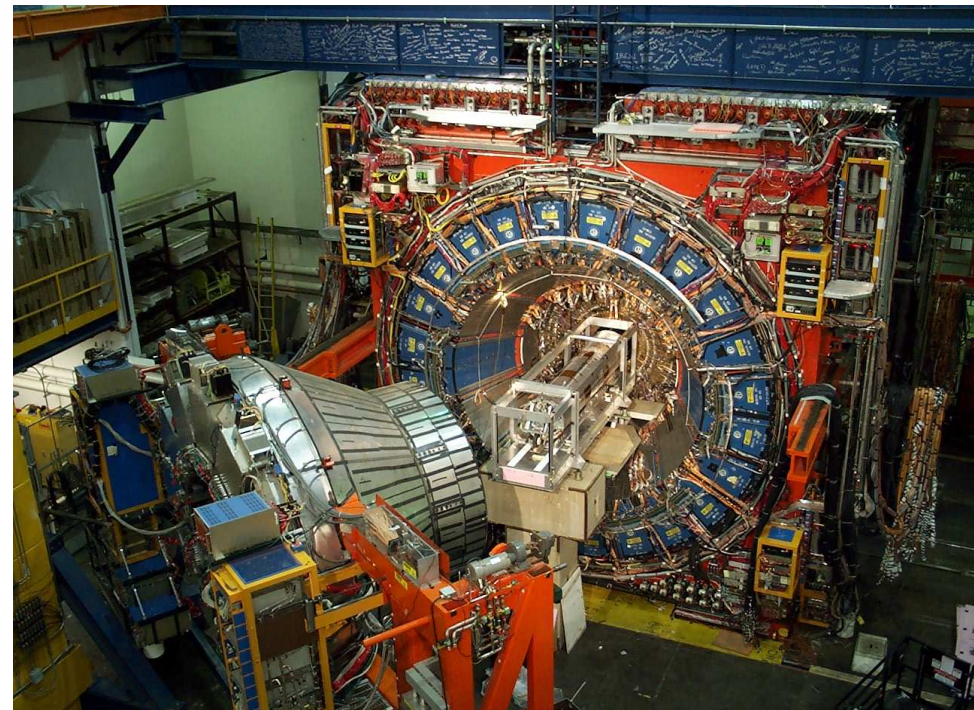


# CDF



## Highly upgraded for run II

- New silicon tracking
- New drift chamber
- Upgraded muon chambers
- New plug calorimeters
- New TOF
- ...

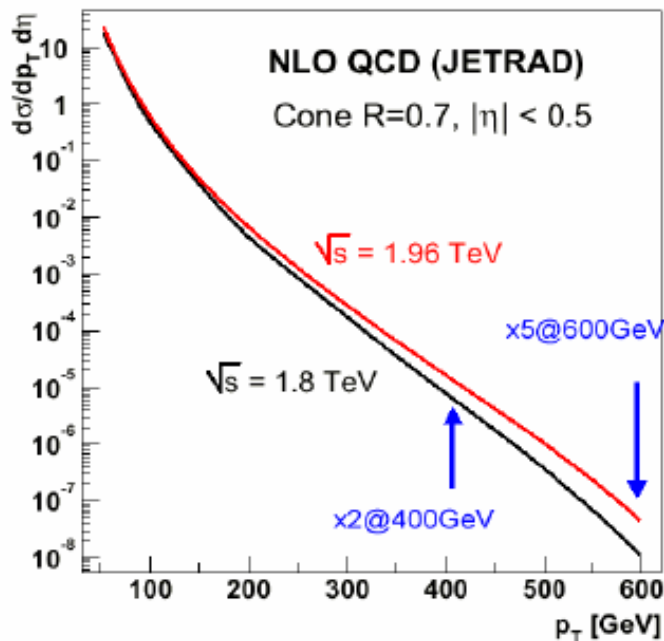
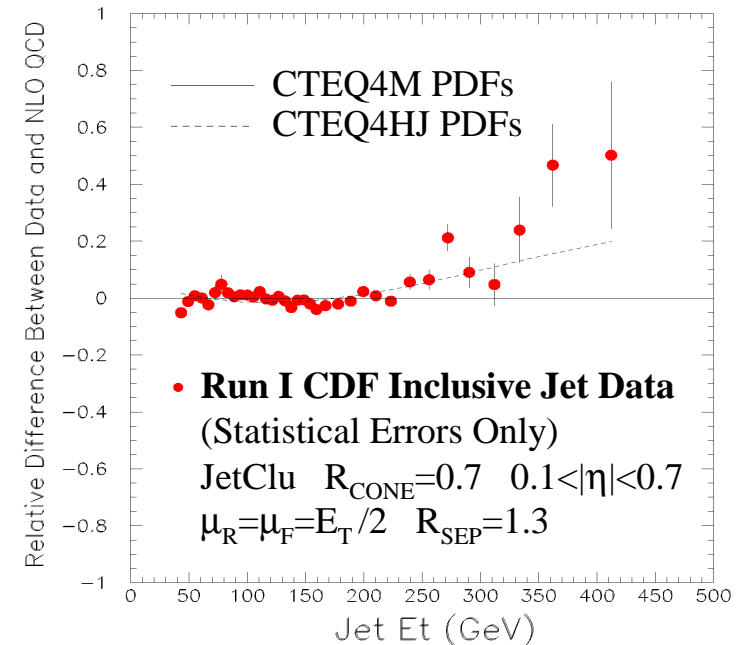


- Data taking efficiency ~ 85 %
- About  $2.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  on tape
  - Results based on 1 to  $1.13 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

# Inclusive Jets @ the Tevatron

- Legacy from Run I

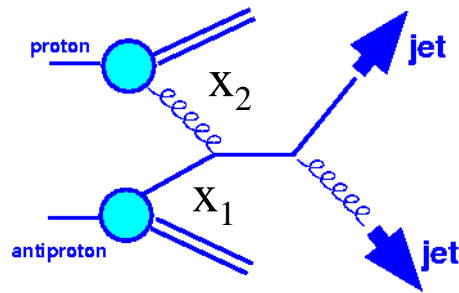
- Great interest on apparent excess at high  $E_T$
- SM explanation
  - Gluon PDF increased at high  $x$
  - Recent PDFs from global fit include CDF and D0 jet data from Run I (CTEQ6, MRST2001)



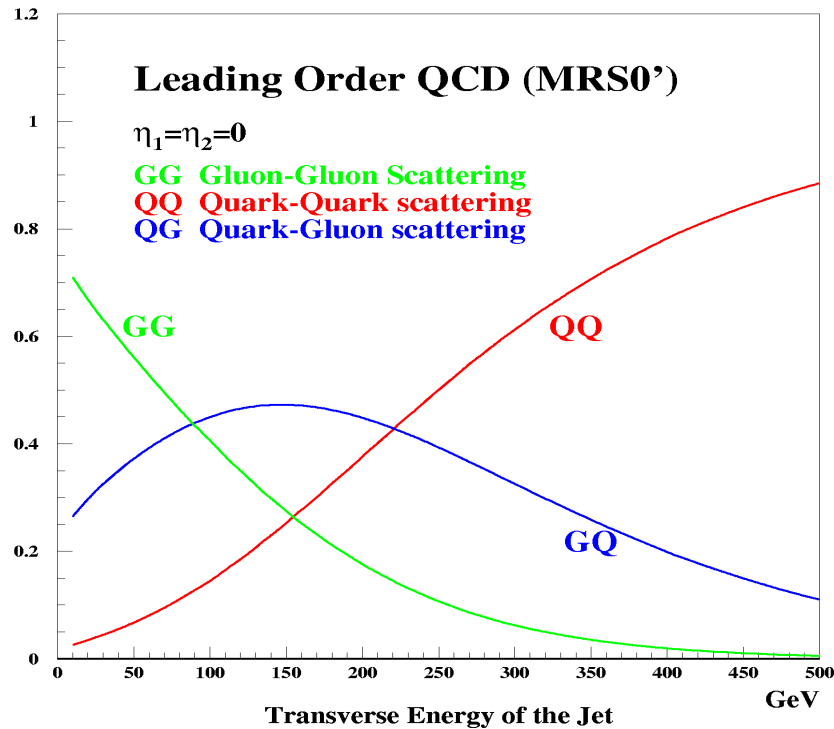
- Stringent test of pQCD
  - Over  $\sim 8$  orders of magnitude
- Tail sensitive to New Physics
  - Probing distances  $\sim 10^{-19}$  m
  - Production enhanced at high  $p_T$  thanks to new  $\sqrt{s}$
- PDFs at high  $Q^2$  & high  $x$

# Gluon PDF at high x

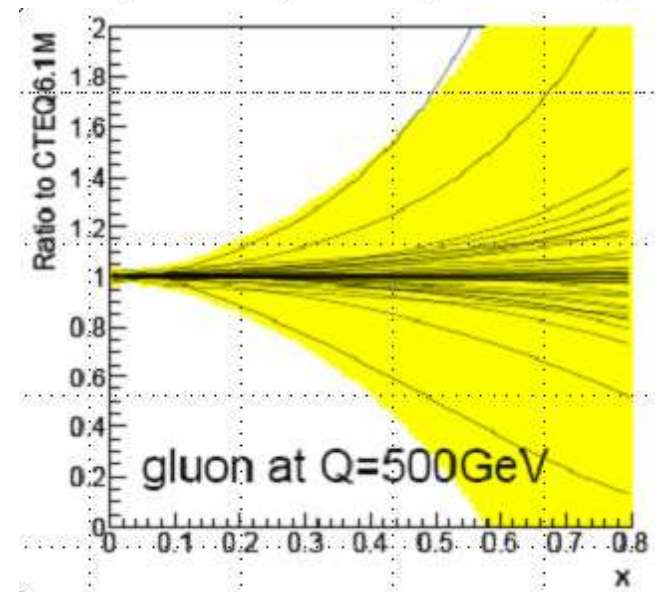
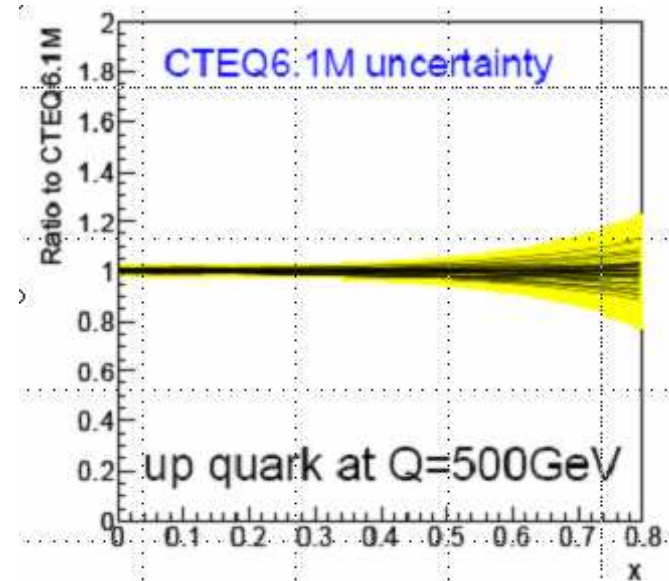
$$\sigma_{GQ}^{\text{total}} = \sum \int dx_1 dx_2 f_q(x_1, Q^2) f_g(x_2, Q^2) \hat{\sigma}^{\text{parton}}$$



Quark/Gluon Contributions to Cross Section



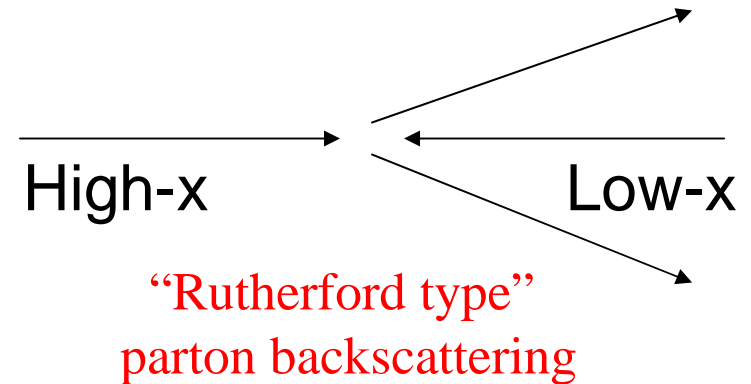
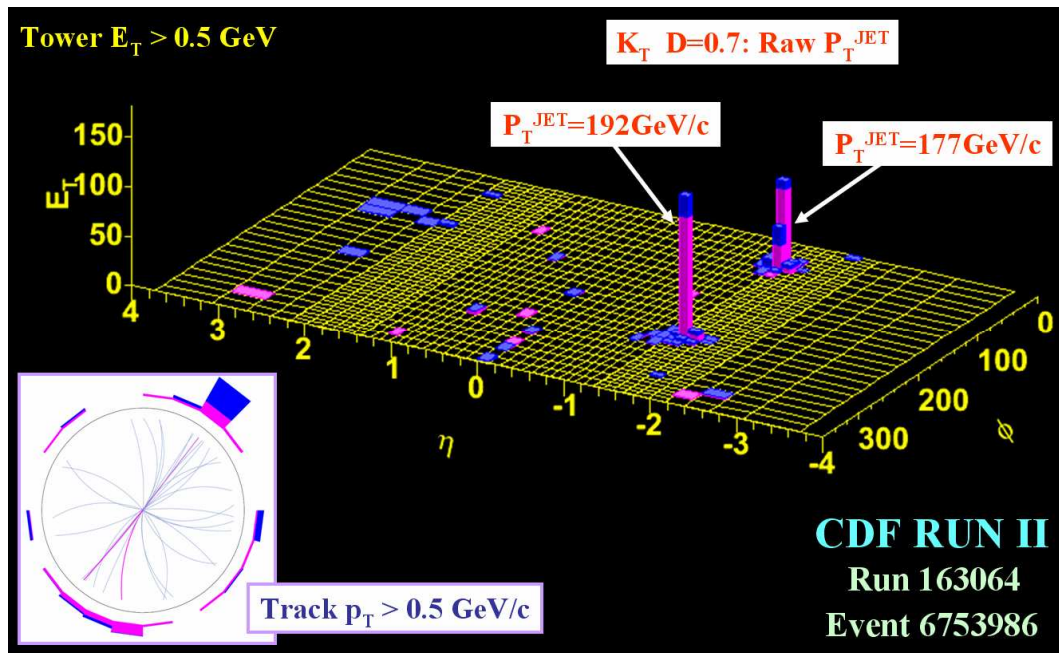
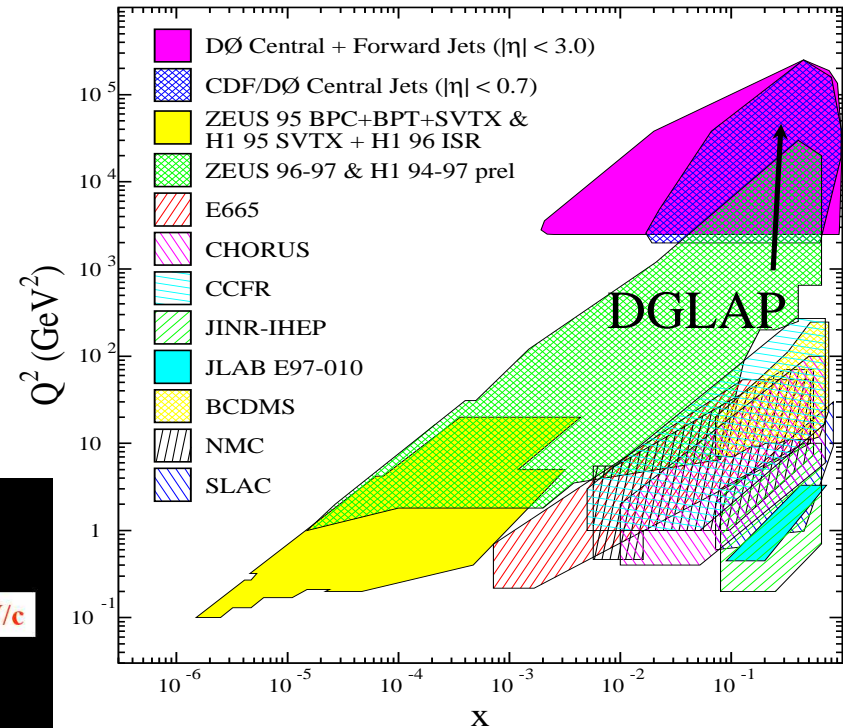
Important **GG** and **GQ** contributions





# Forward Jets

- Essentials to pin down PDFs vs. eventual New Physics at higher  $Q^2$  in central region
  - DGLAP gives  $Q^2$  evolution
- Expend  $x$  range toward low  $x$



# Jet Energy Scale

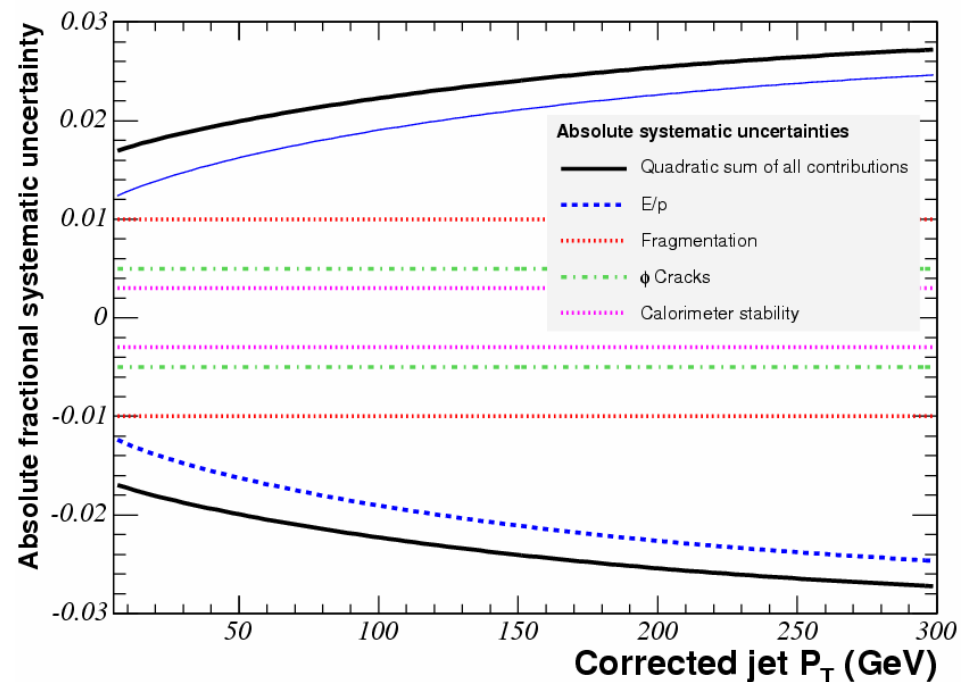
- **Absolute Calibration: central calorimeter response very well reproduced by the simulation**
  - E/p of isolated tracks used to tune the showering simulation (G-Flash)
    - ⇒ Residual discrepancies taken as systematic uncertainties
  - Reasonable simulation of the  $p_T$  spectrum of the particles within a jet by PYTHIA and HERWIG fragmentation models
    - ⇒ Induced difference on Jet Energy Scale < 1%
  - Photon-jet balance
    - ⇒ Data and Simulation agree at 1% to 2% level

- **Non uniformity versus  $\eta$**

- Dijet balance

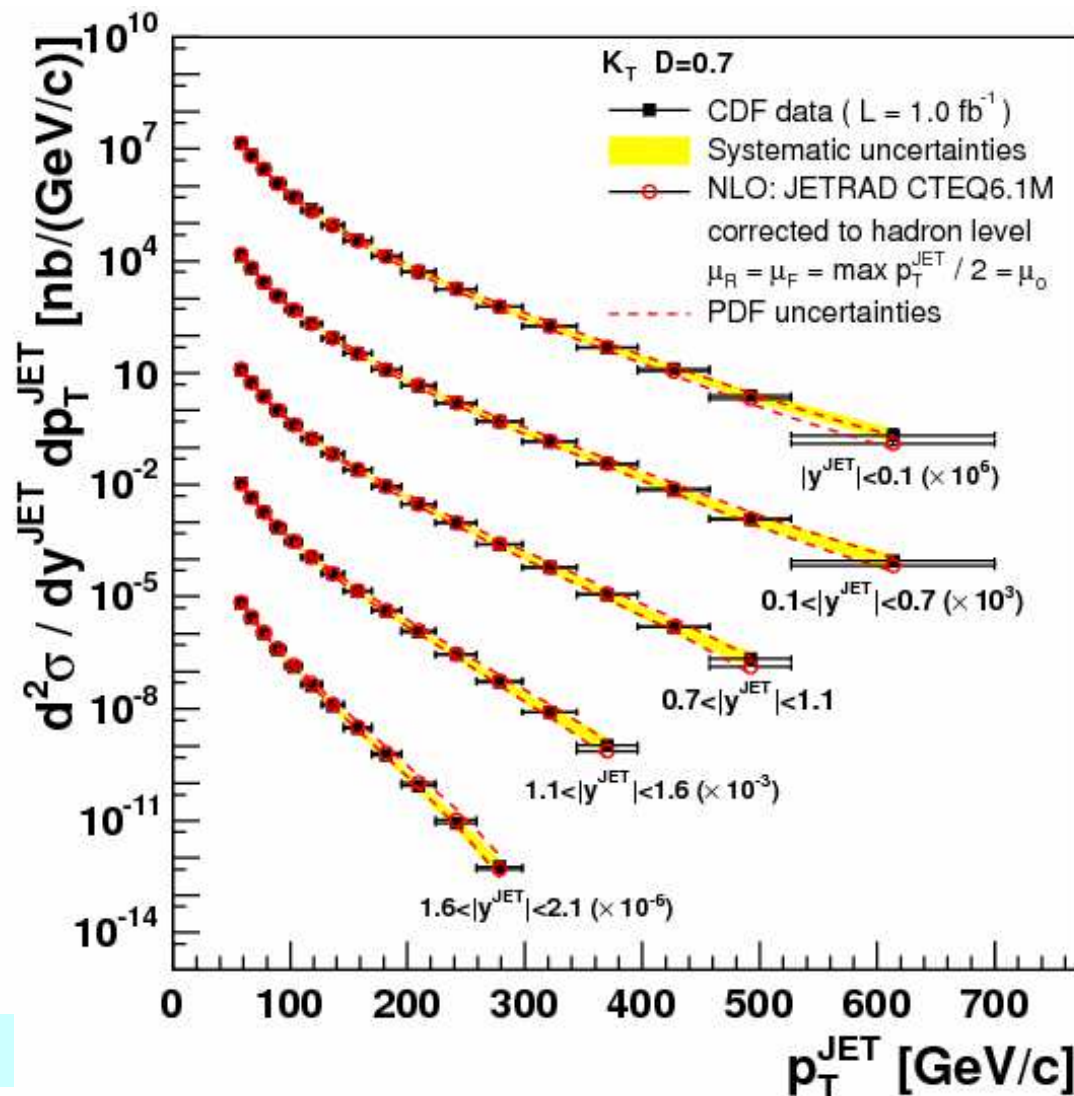
- **Resolution**

- Bisector method



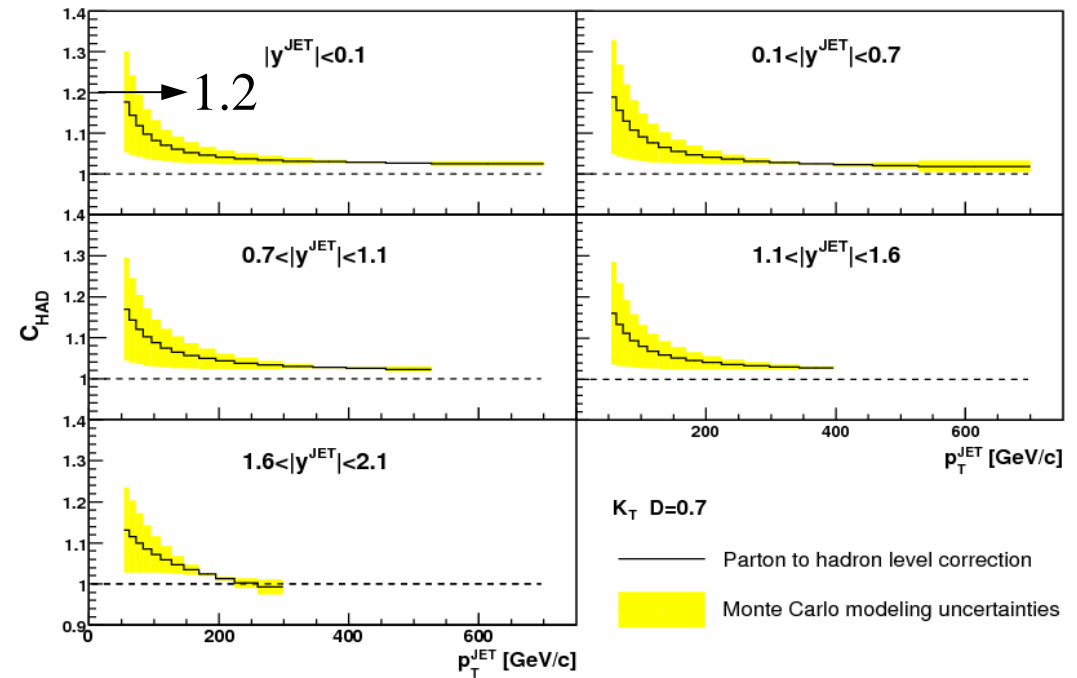
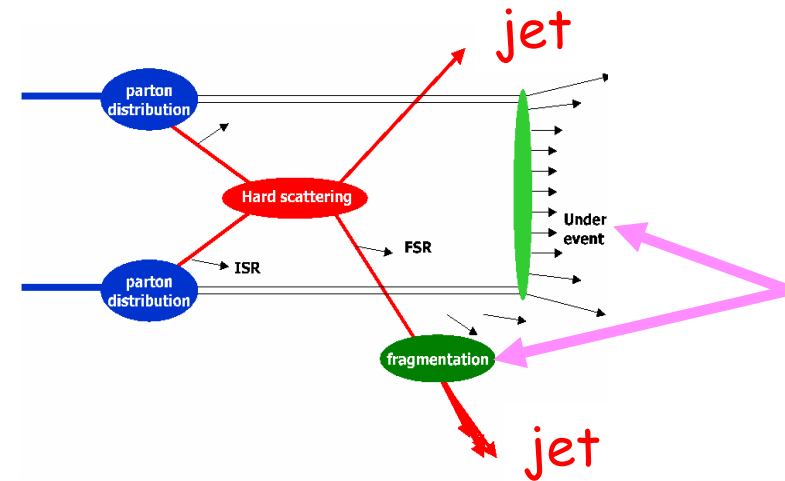
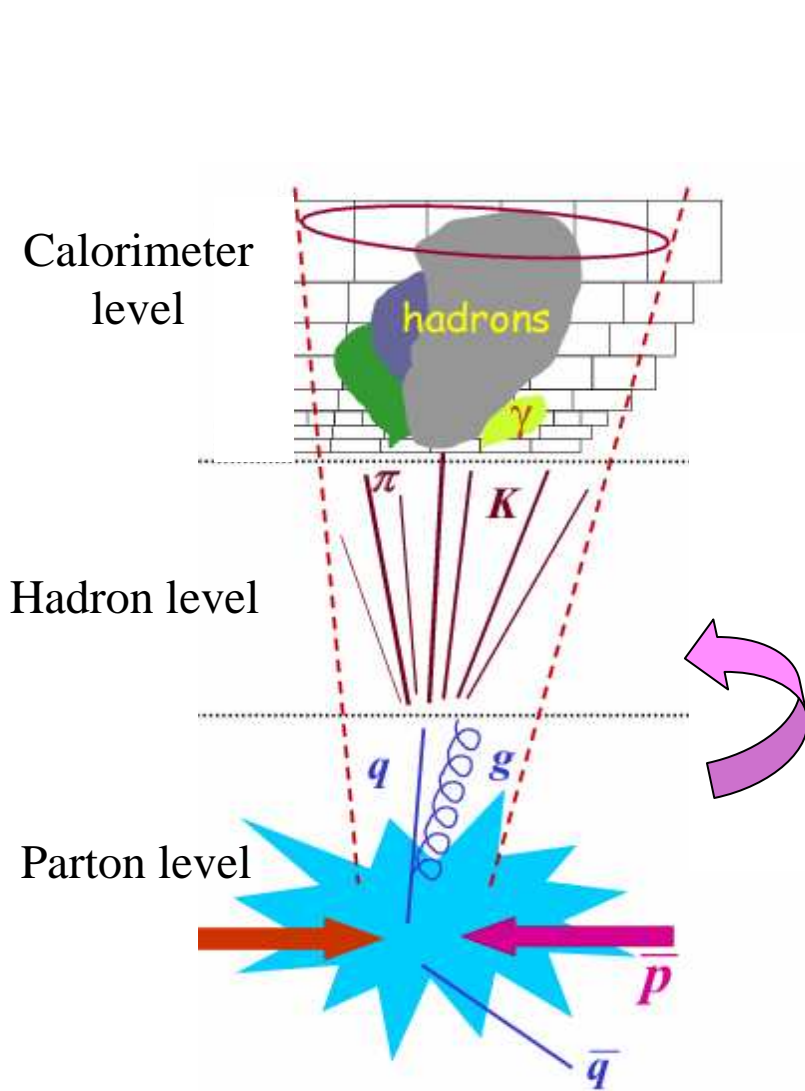
# Inclusive Jet Production with $k_T$

- 5 rapidity ranges
  - Up to  $|y^{\text{JET}}| = 2.1$
- $D = 0.7$
- $L = 1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Good description by NLO QCD
  - Experimental uncertainties dominated by Jet Energy Scale (2 to 3%)
  - Theoretical uncertainties dominated by PDF (gluon at high x)



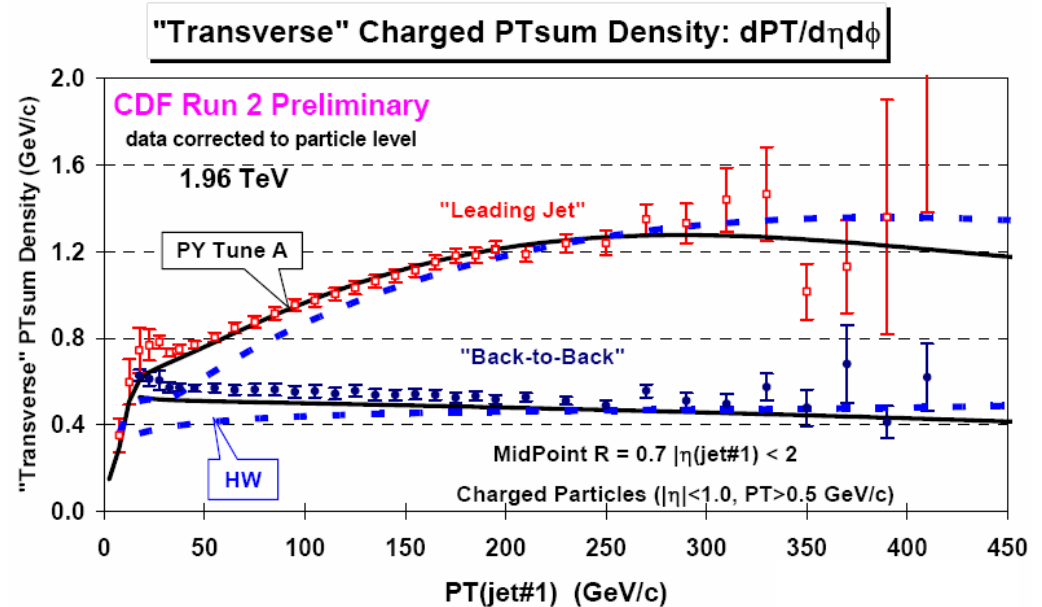
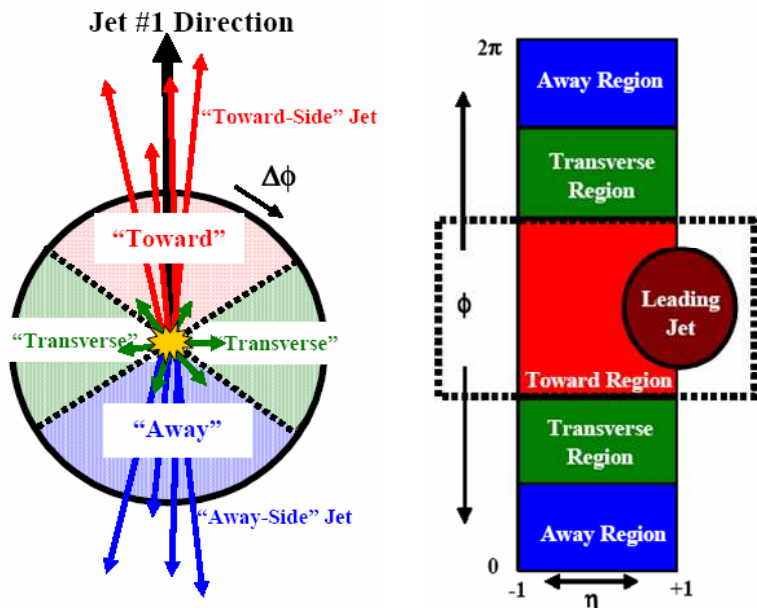
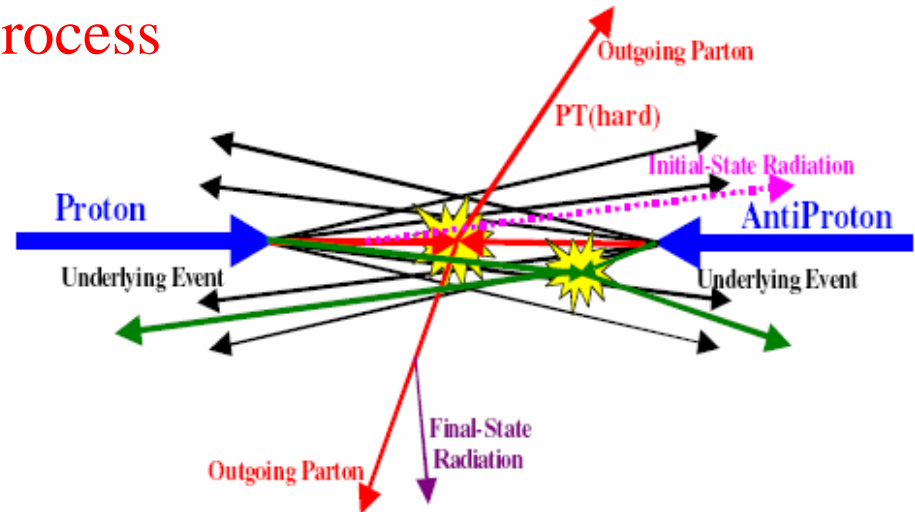
Phys. Rev. D 75, 092006 (2007)

# Underlying Event & Hadronization Correction



# Underlying Event

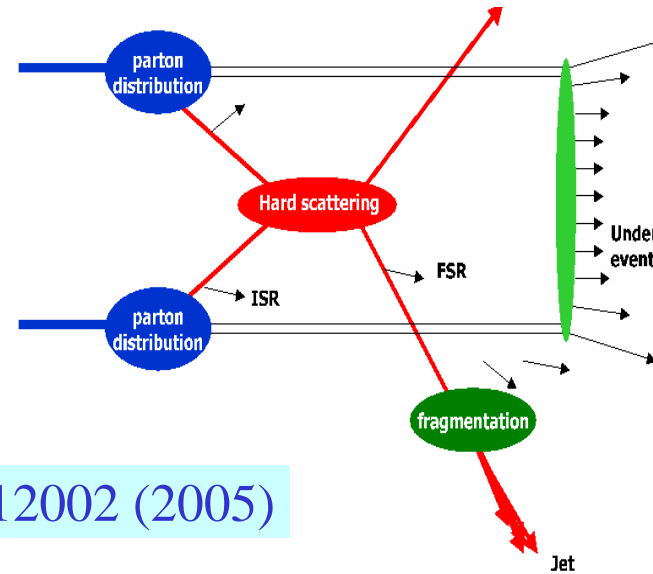
- Everything but the hard scattering process
  - Initial state soft radiations
  - Beam-beam remnants
  - Multiple Parton Interactions (MPI)
- Studied in the transverse region
  - Leading jet sample
  - Back-to-back sample



# Energy Flow Inside Jets

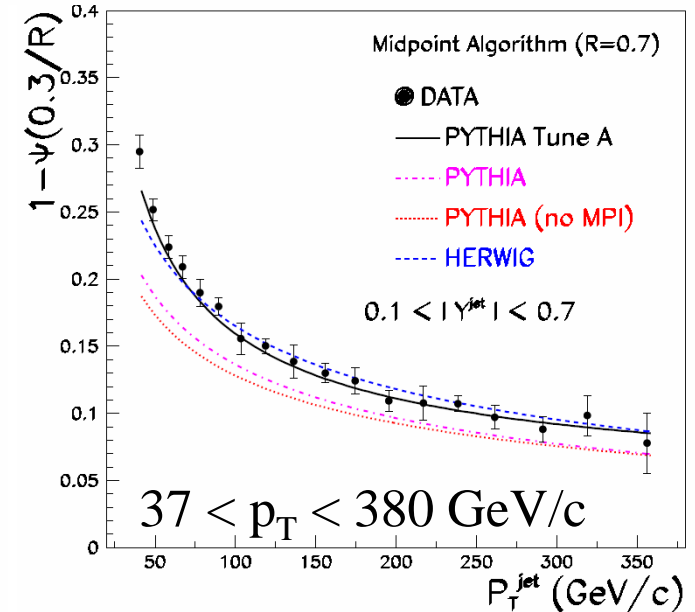
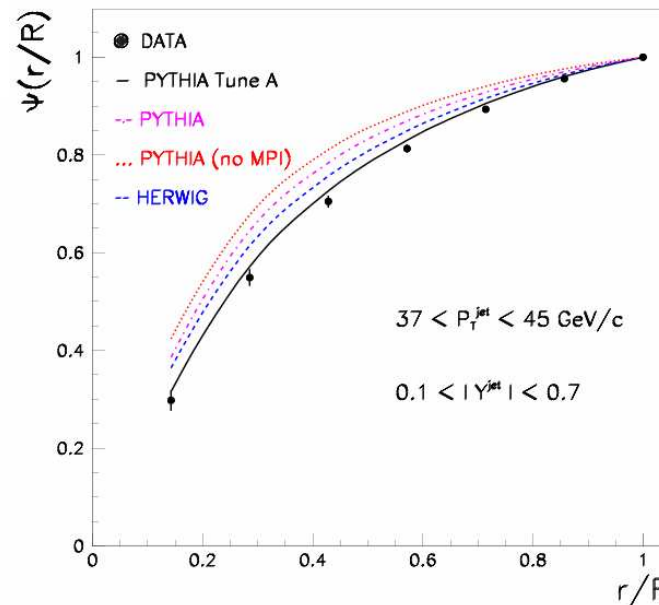
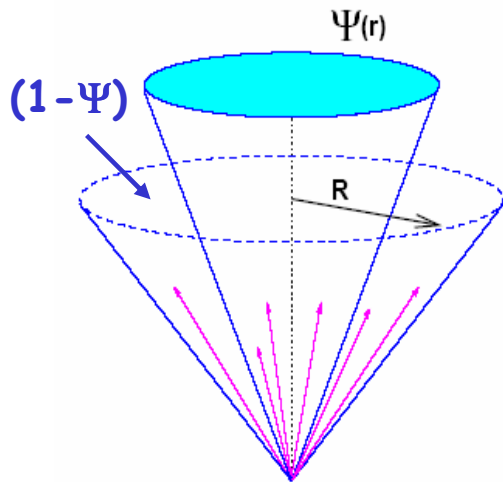
Jet shapes governed by multi-gluon emission from primary parton

- Test of parton shower models
- Sensitive to underlying event structure
- Sensitive to quark and gluon mixture in the final state

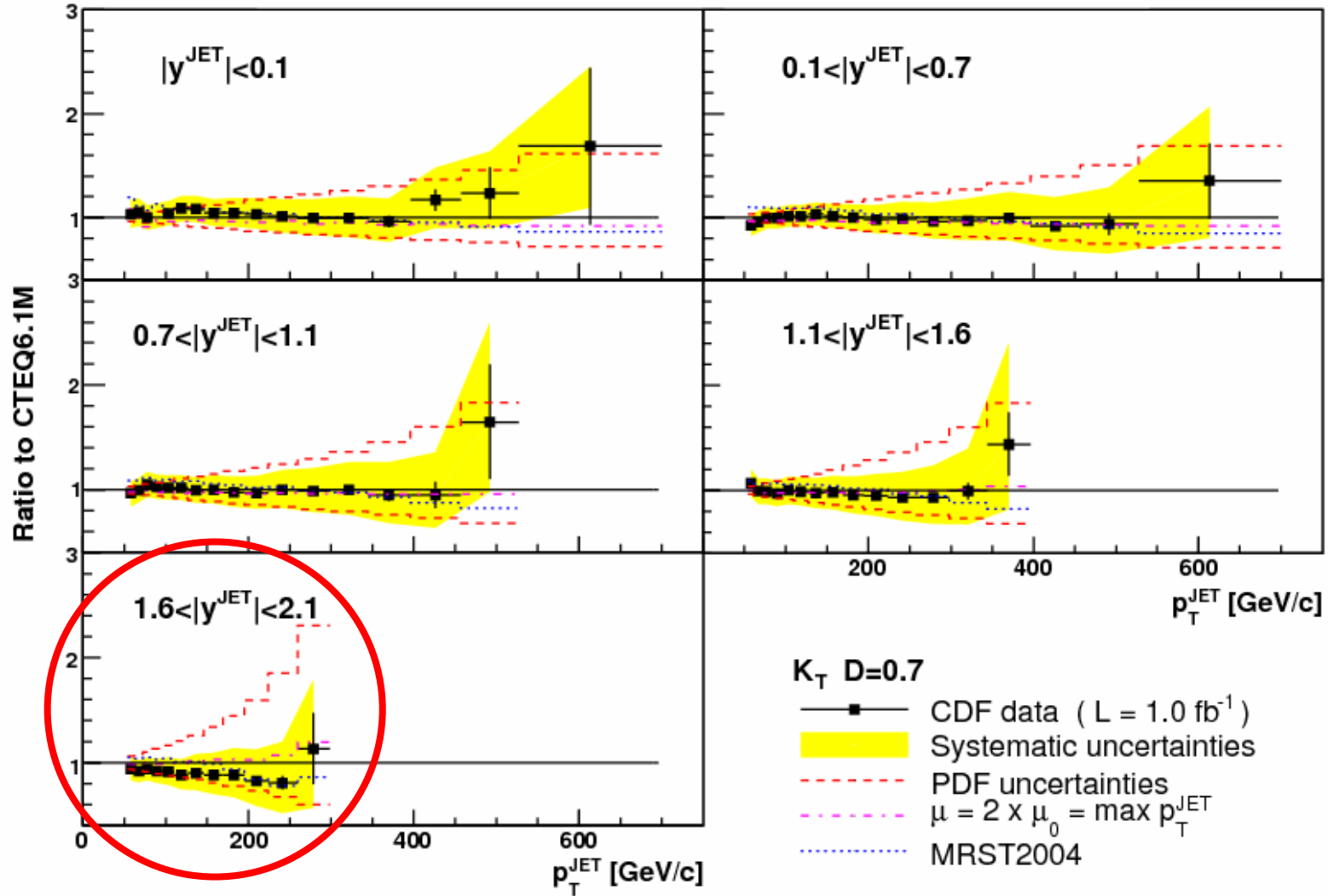


Phys. Rev. D 71, 112002 (2005)

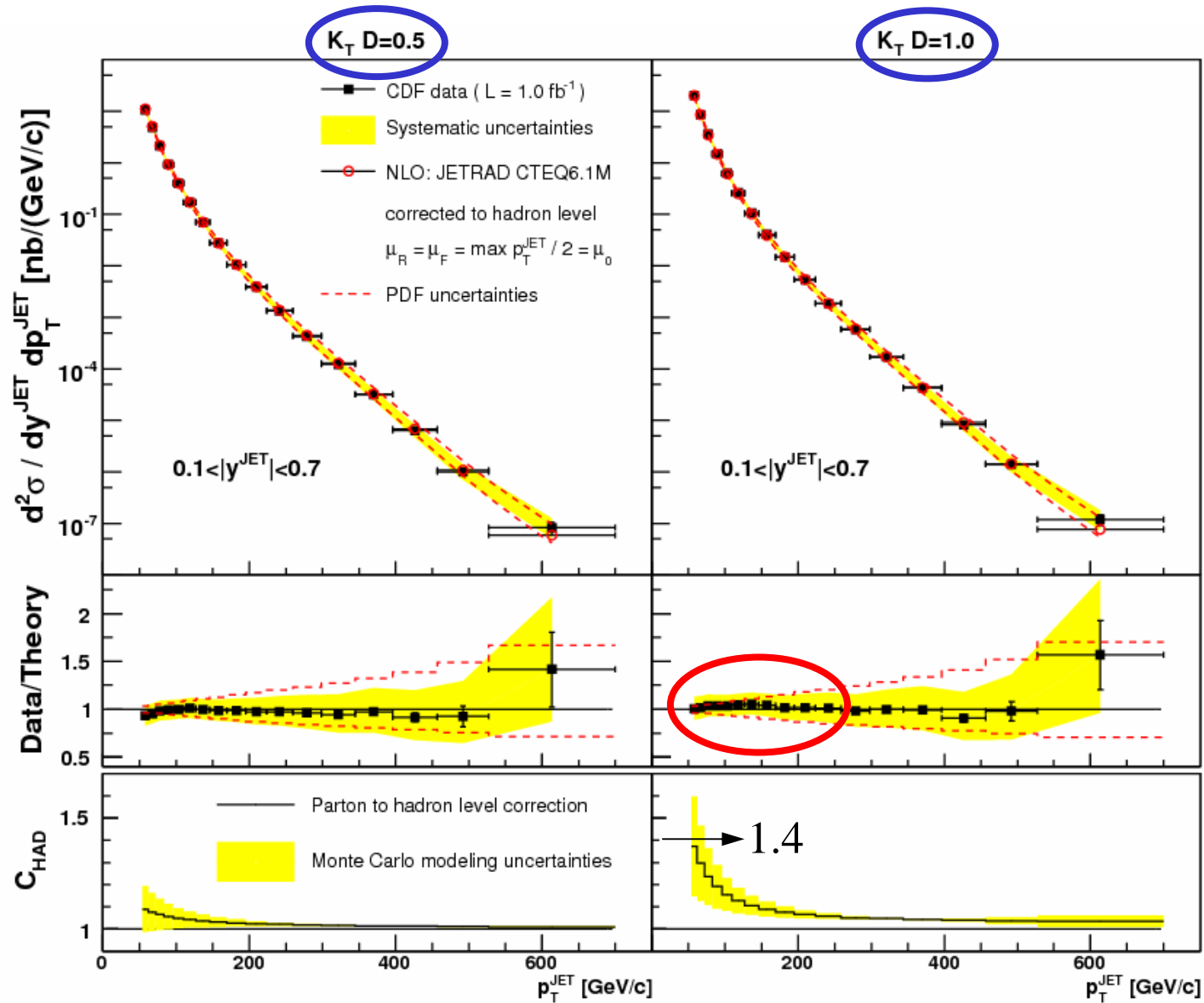
$$\Psi(r) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{jets}}} \sum_{\text{jets}} \frac{P_T(0,r)}{P_T(0,R)}$$



# Data / Theory



# $k_T$ jets vs. D





# Being used in new QCD global fits

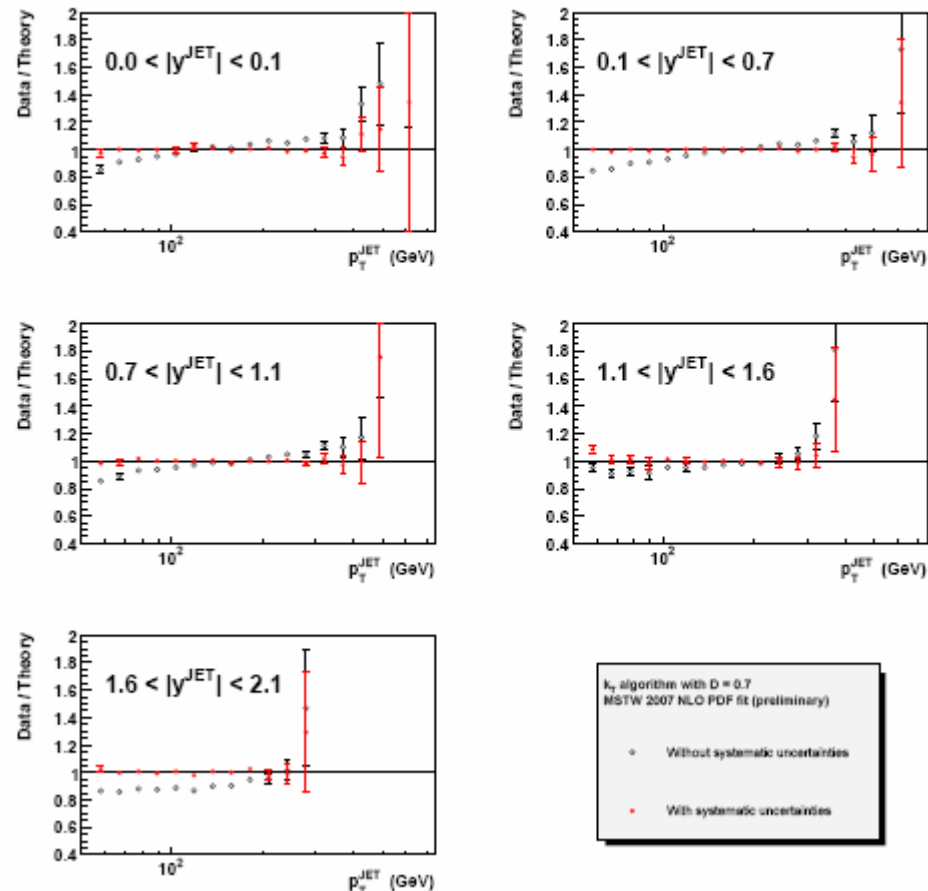
See e.g. Robert Thorne's presentation at the 3<sup>rd</sup> HERA - LHC Workshop (March 2007): "Update on MRST (MSTW) fits"

Now also include CDF Run II inclusive jet data in different rapidity bins using  $k_T$  jet algorithm (mid-point cone algorithm data seems very similar, but numbers not yet available).

Very good fit –  $\sigma^2 = 68/76$ .

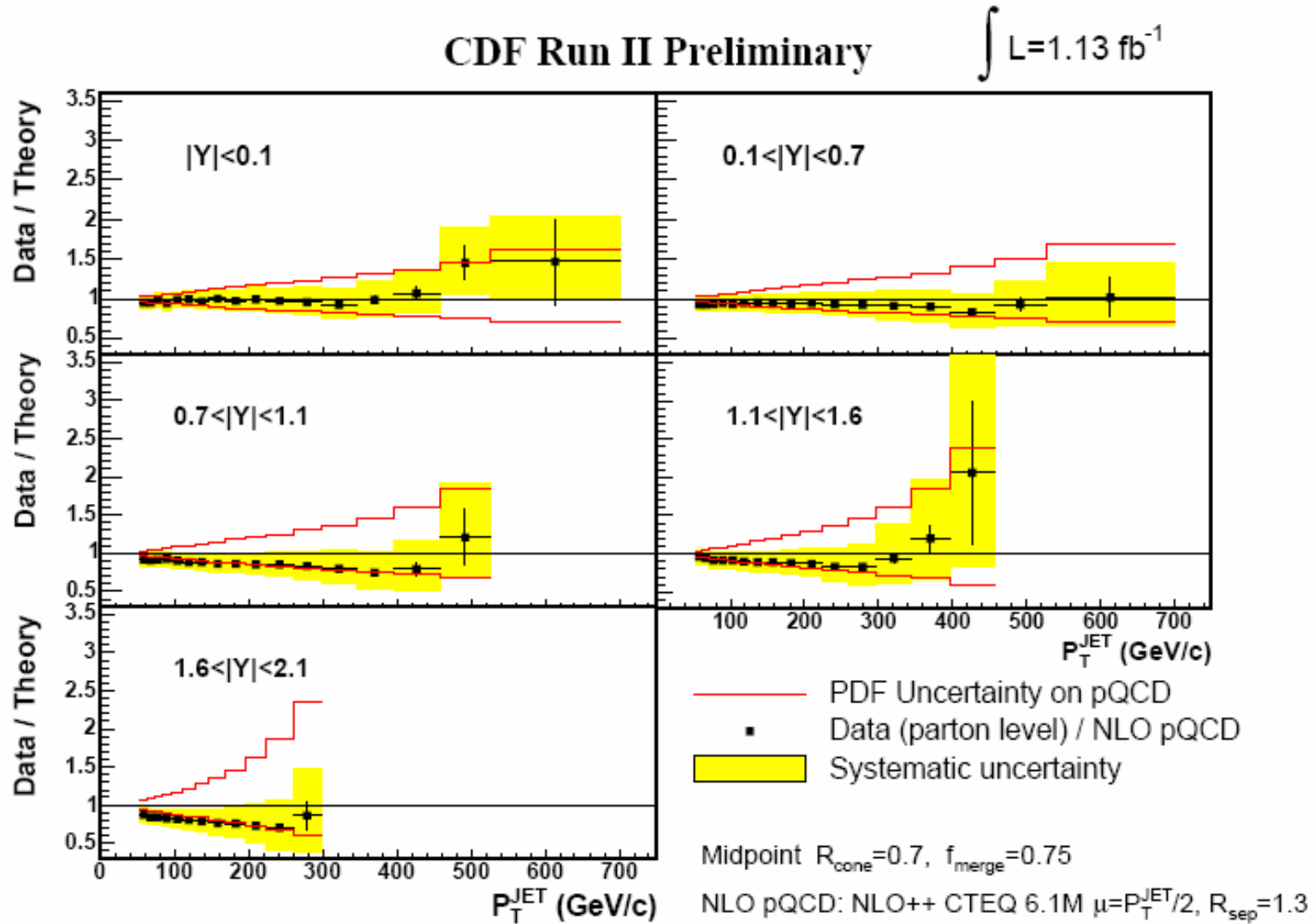
Full use of correlated systematic errors required for any sensible result.

CDF Run II inclusive jet data,  $\chi^2 = 68/76$  pts.



# Inclusive Jet Production with Midpoint

$R = 0.7$  (no search cone step)  $L = 1.13 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

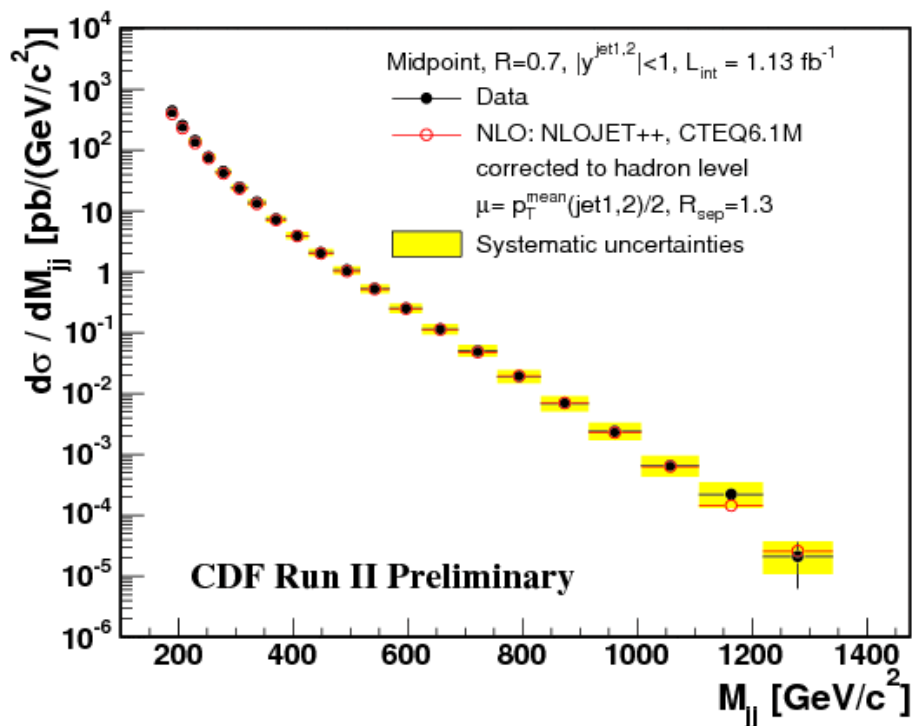
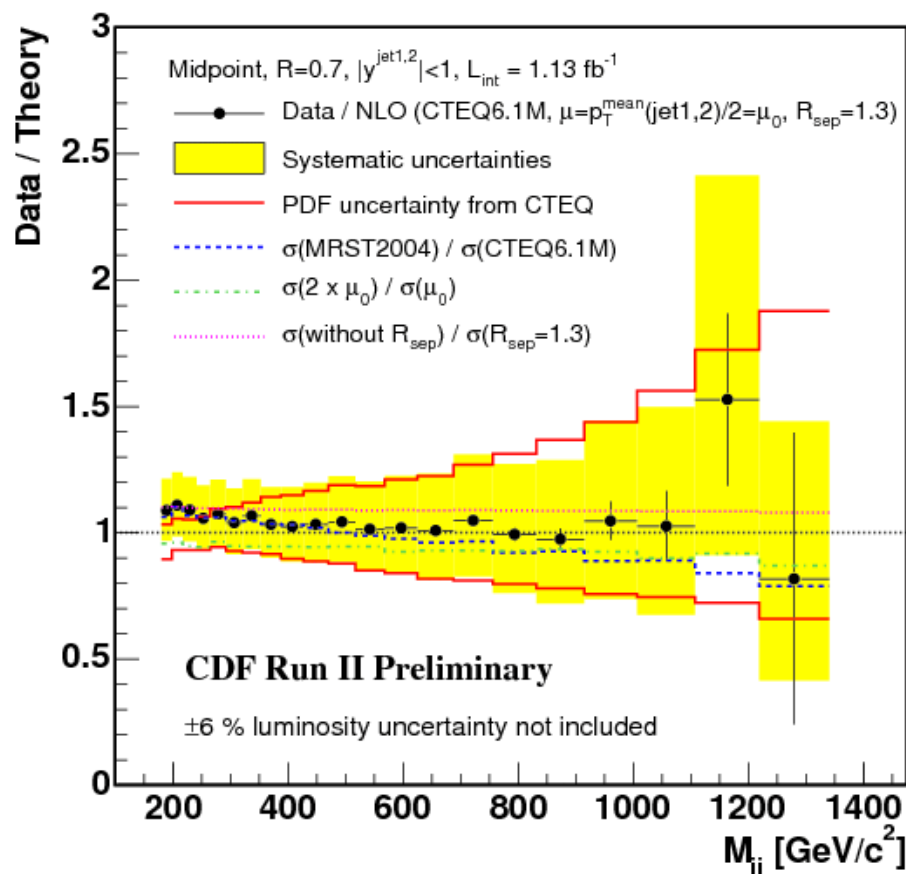


# Dijet Production

Midpoint  $R = 0.7$

–  $|y^{\text{JET1,2}}| < 1$

–  $L = 1.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



• Consistent with NLO pQCD

– Experimental uncertainties comparable to PDF ones

• Sensitive to New Physics

– Heavy resonances, Compositeness  
– Limits being worked out...

# Conclusions

- Good agreement with pQCD using both  $k_T$  and Midpoint
  - Important test of pQCD over  $\sim 8$  orders of magnitude
  - $p_T$  reach extended by  $\sim 150$  GeV/c with respect to Run I
- Careful treatment of non perturbative effects
  - Underlying Event studies
  - Jet shape measurements
- Inclusive jet data being used in new QCD global fits to better constrain the gluon PDF at high  $x$
- Limits on new physics from dijet production being evaluated

*Backup  
Slides*

# Results from ZEUS / D0 Run I

