tan(beta) Enhanced Yukawa Couplings for Supersymmetric Higgs Singlets at One-Loop

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- SUSY Higgs Singlets
- One Loop Singlet Couplings
- 3 Phenomenology
 - mnSSM Results
 - NMSSM Results
- Conclusions

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The Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model

- Before SUSY breaking, models are defined by their gauge symmetries and Superpotential
- The MSSM superpotential contains only the Yukawa couplings and a Higgs mass term μ

$$\mathcal{W}_{\text{MSSM}} = h_l \hat{H}_1^T i \tau_2 \hat{L} \hat{E} + h_d \hat{H}_1^T i \tau_2 \hat{Q} \hat{D} + h_u \hat{Q}^T i \tau_2 \hat{H}_2 \hat{U} - \mu \hat{H}_1^T i \tau_2 \hat{H}_2$$

• μ should naturally be of the order of the Planck scale, but successful electroweak symmetry breaking requires it to be much smaller, of the order $M_{\rm SUSY}$

Effective μ Parameter

• Introduce a new Higgs field \hat{S} and replace the μ term in the superpotential with

$$\mathcal{W} = \ldots + \lambda \hat{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\mathbf{H}}_1^T i \tau \hat{\mathbf{H}}_2$$

• An effective μ term is then generated when \hat{S} develops a VEV v_S

$$\mu = \frac{\lambda v_{\rm S}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

 The Singlet Higgs S does not have tree level couplings to any SM fermions or gauge bosons

Breaking the Peccei-Quinn Symmetry

This new superpotential contains a Peccei-Quinn symmetry which must be broken.¹

- NMSSM: add term $+\frac{1}{3}\kappa\hat{S}^3$ to \mathcal{W}
- mnSSM: use non-renormalisable supergravity terms + discrete Z⁵ or Z⁷ R symmetry
- UMSSM: additional U(1)['] gauge symmetry
- ...

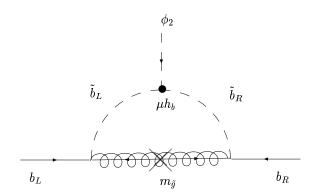
¹See E. Accomando et al., arXiv: hep-ph/0608079 and references within



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Dominant 1-loop Graphs

 $\tan \beta$ Enhanced MSSM coupling ²

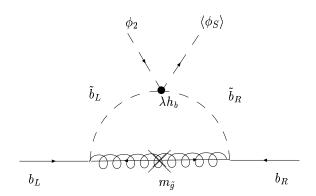


²T. Banks, Nucl. Phys. B **303** (1988) 172;

L.J. Hall, R. Rattazzi and U. Sarid, arXiv: hep-ph/9306309

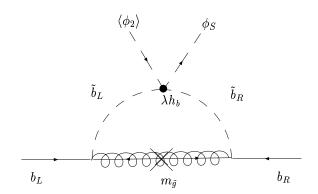
Dominant 1-loop Graphs

$\tan \beta$ enhanced MSSM+S coupling



Dominant 1-loop Graphs

$\tan \beta$ enhanced MSSM+S coupling



Sbb Coupling

This SQCD graph gives the dominant contribution

$$\Delta_b^{\phi_S} pprox \left(rac{2\alpha_S}{3\pi}
ight) rac{M_3 \mu}{|\mathrm{Max}(M_3, M_{\tilde{Q}})|^2} rac{v_2}{v_S}$$

- Shows expected v/v_S scaling behaviour, though this is broken by subdominant terms
- A similar mechanism gives a coupling to $\tau^+\tau^-$
- This is dominated by a chargino exchange graph, giving a dominant contribution

$$\Delta_{\tau}^{\phi_{\rm S}} pprox \left(rac{lpha_{\it W}}{4\pi}
ight) rac{\mu}{M_2} rac{v_2}{v_{
m S}}$$



Effective Lagrangian

General interaction Lagrangian for down-type quarks and leptons

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\phi\bar{b}b} = \bar{f}_R h_f \left\{ \Phi_1^{0*} + \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} \Delta_f \left[\Phi_1, \Phi_2, \mathcal{S} \right] \right\} f_L + \text{h.c.}$$

- $\Delta_f [\Phi_1, \Phi_2, S]$ encodes all quantum corrections
- Taking the VEV gives m_f , in terms of which we express the yukawa couplings

$$h_f = rac{g_W m_f}{\sqrt{2} M_W \left(1 + \langle \Delta_f
angle
ight)} rac{1}{c_eta}$$

• A Higgs Low-Energy Theorem allows us to calculate the couplings at zero momentum by taking derivatives of Δ_f



Interaction Lagrangian

In terms of the Higgs mass eigenstates,

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\phi \bar{f} f}^{\text{eff}} = \left(\frac{g_w m_f}{\sqrt{2} M_w}\right) \sum_{i=1}^3 g_{H_i f f}^{S} H_i \bar{f} f + \left(\frac{g_w m_f}{\sqrt{2} M_w}\right) \sum_{j=1}^2 g_{A_j f f}^{P} A_j \left(\bar{f} i \gamma^5 f\right)$$

with

$$g_{H_{i}ff}^{S} = \frac{1}{(1 + \langle \Delta_{f} \rangle)} \left[\frac{O_{1i}^{H}}{c_{\beta}} + \Delta_{f}^{\phi_{2}} \frac{O_{2i}^{H}}{c_{\beta}} + \Delta_{f}^{\phi_{S}} \frac{O_{3i}^{H}}{c_{\beta}} \right]$$

$$g_{A_{j}ff}^{P} = \frac{1}{(1 + \langle \Delta_{f} \rangle)} \left[- \left(t_{\beta} + \Delta_{f}^{a_{2}} \right) O_{1j}^{A} + \Delta_{f}^{a_{S}} \frac{O_{2j}^{A}}{c_{\beta}} \right]$$

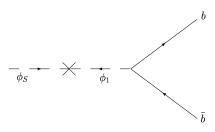
SM-normalised effective couplings



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Higgs Scalar Mixing

- The one-loop couplings are $\tan \beta$ enhanced
- Can be comparable to SM yukawa couplings
- Tree-level couplings are also enhanced
- Mixing effects through $\phi_1(a_1)$ tend to dominate unless suppressed



General Strategy

- Difficult to suppress φ₁ ↔ φ_S and φ₂ ↔ φ_S mixing simultaneously
- Mixing effects between the pseudoscalars can be easily suppressed
- Concentrate on regions of parameter space where the $A_1 \sim a_S$
- Assume ϕ_1 heavy so that it approximately decouples

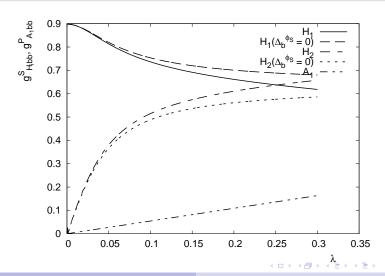
Benchmark Parameters

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\mu = 110 \, \text{GeV}, \quad t_{\beta} = 50, \\ M_{\widetilde{Q}} = 300 \, \text{GeV}, \quad M_{\widetilde{L}} = 90 \, \text{GeV}, \\ M_{\widetilde{t}} = 600 \, \text{GeV}, \quad M_{\widetilde{b}} = 110 \, \text{GeV}, \quad M_{\widetilde{\tau}} = 200 \, \text{GeV}, \\ A_{t} = 1 \, \text{TeV}, \qquad A_{b} = 1 \, \text{TeV}, \qquad A_{\tau} = 1 \, \text{TeV}, \\ M_{1} = 400 \, \text{GeV}, \quad M_{2} = 600 \, \text{GeV}, \quad M_{3} = 400 \, \text{GeV}.
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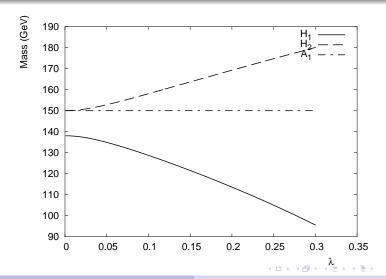
- Light sparticles in the loops
- S enters through squark mixing, take soft trilinear couplings large
- μ small to avoid v/v_S suppression



Light Higgs Couplings in the mnSSM



Light Higgs Masses in the mnSSM



mnSSM Summary

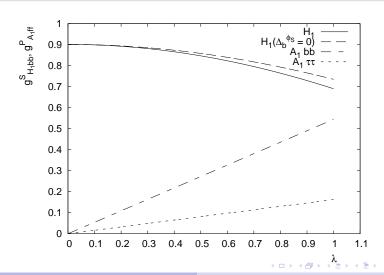
- Mixing between the scalar bosons rules out this scenario for $\lambda\gtrsim 0.3$
- Singlet contribution suppresses the light H₁ decay rate
- Can provide the dominant decay mechanism for a light singlet psuedoscalar

NMSSM mass spectrum

- The NMSSM allows a light pseudoscalar in the spectrum
- This NMSSM close to the R-symmetry limit scenario ³ has attracted interest as a low fine-tuning model
- A light H₁ decays to A₁A₁ pairs
- A₁ is singlet dominated (>98%) for minimum fine tuning

Requires $A_{\lambda} \sim O(100 {\rm GeV}), \ A_{\kappa} \sim O(5 {\rm GeV})$, which can be naturally arranged in gauge/gaugino mediated SUSY breaking.

Light Higgs Couplings in the NMSSM



NMSSM summary

- In the minimally fine tuned scenario decays to $b\bar{b}$ are kinematically disallowed
- Loop corrections can provide a significant contribution to the $\tau^+\tau^-$ coupling
- Heavier pseudoscalars $m_{A_1} \sim 10 {
 m GeV}$ are not excluded if $m_{H_1} > 110 {
 m GeV}$
- Corrections to the $A_1 \to b\bar{b}$ coupling can then be comparable to the tree level (mixing) contribution previously considered

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Summary and Outlook

- The one loop singlet couplings to down-type quarks and leptons are $\tan \beta$ enhanced, which compensates for their loop suppression
- Mixing can be small between the pseudoscalars and one loop couplings can dominate a_S decay in some regions of parameter space
- In particular, this effect should be included in studies of the NMSSM close to the R-symmetry limit
- Analogous singlet contributions to FCNCs may also be significant as there is no tree-level competition