

# neutrino pathways to new physics

José W F Valle

IFIC

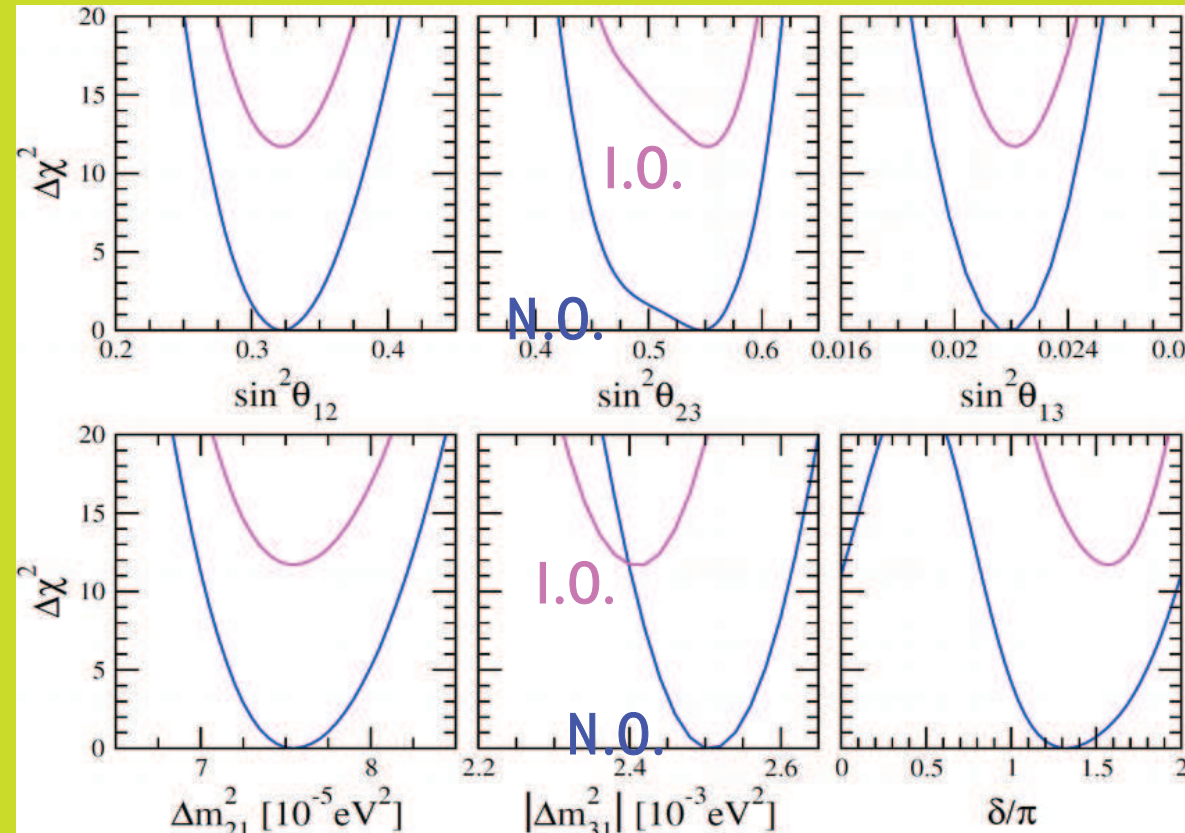
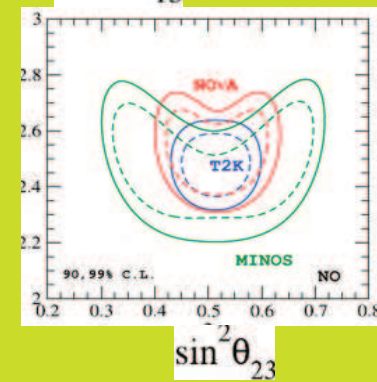
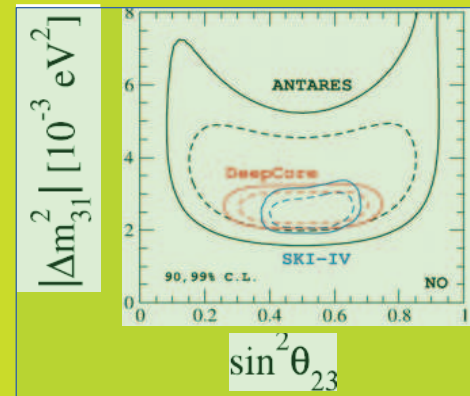
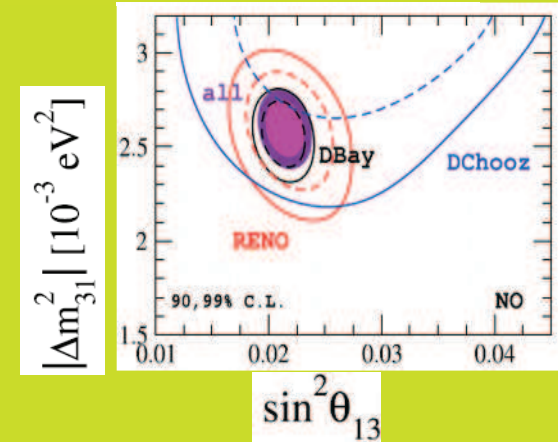
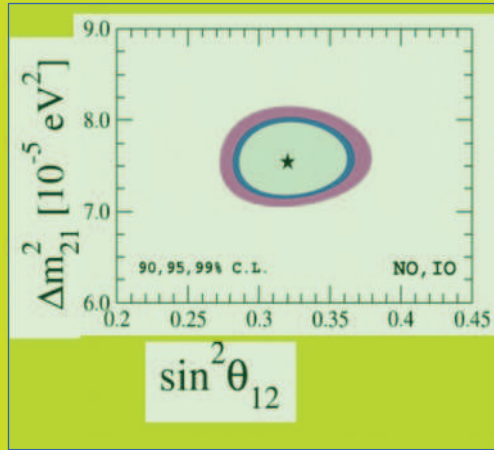
ASTROPARTICLES  
Astroparticles and High Energy Physics Group



PASCOS 2019

Manchester (July 2019)

# status of neutrino oscillations



P.F. de Salas et al, *PLB*782 (2018) 633  
<https://globalfit.astroparticles.es/>

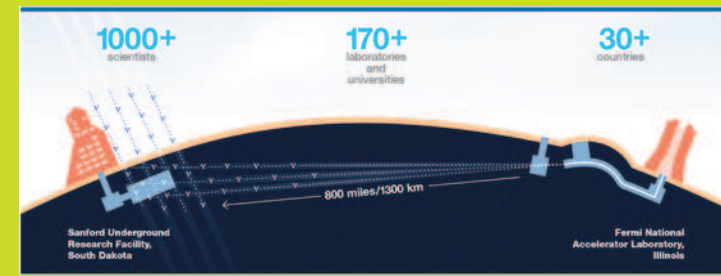
Consistent global picture  
 Good agreement amongst groups  
 mass ordering : normal @  $>3\sigma$

- CP phase
- atm octant

P.F. de Salas et al, PLB782 (2018) 633

<https://globalfit.astroparticles.es/>

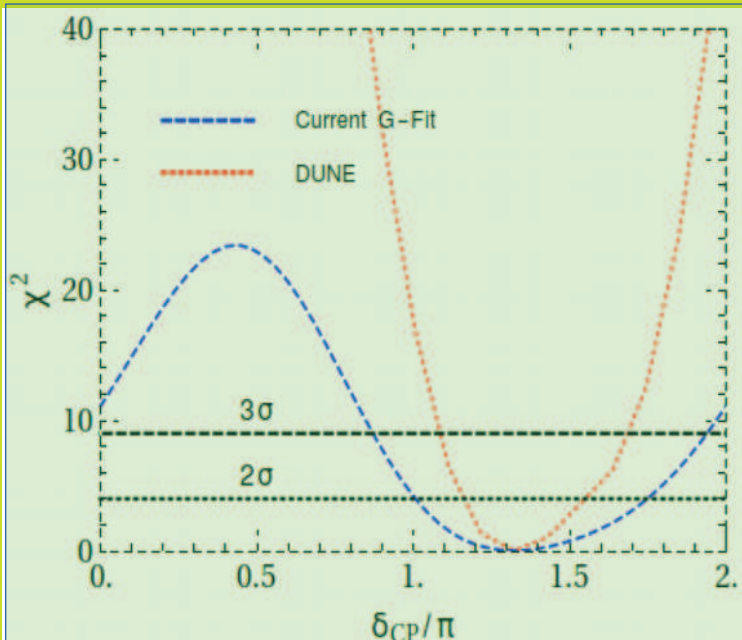
# leptonic CP violation



improve at the next generation experiments

## CP phase

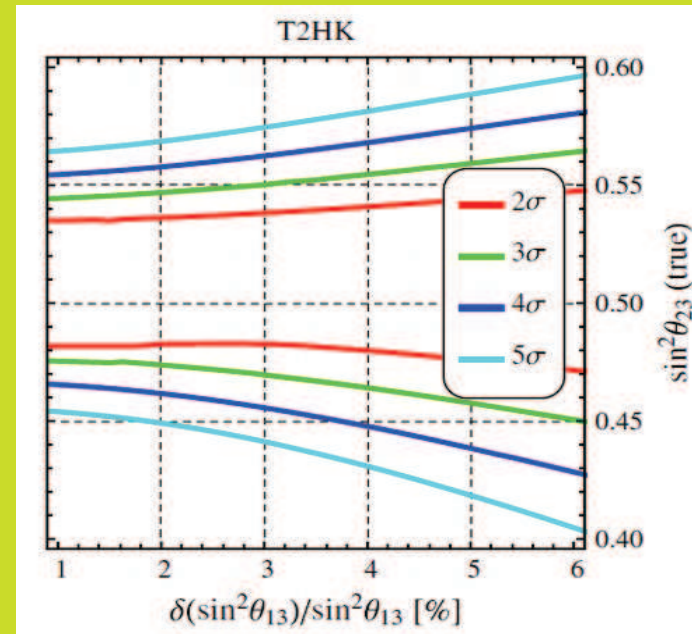
from  
1811.07040



## atm octant

from

Phys. Rev. D 96, 011303(R) See also, e.g. Phys.Rev. D97 (2018) 095025



2, 3, 4 and 5σ  
“octant-blind”  
regions remain



# TBM lepton mixing pattern

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

CP



$$\begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} & \frac{e^{-i\rho} \cos \theta}{\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{ie^{-i\rho} \sin \theta}{\sqrt{3}} \\ -\frac{e^{i\rho}}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{\cos \theta}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{ie^{-i\sigma} \sin \theta}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{e^{-i\sigma} \cos \theta}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i \sin \theta}{\sqrt{3}} \\ \frac{e^{i(\rho+\sigma)}}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{e^{i\sigma} \cos \theta}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{i \sin \theta}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{\cos \theta}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{ie^{i\sigma} \sin \theta}{\sqrt{3}} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\sin^2 \theta_{12} = \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta + 2},$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{13} = \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{3},$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{6} \sin 2\theta \sin \sigma}{2\cos^2 \theta + 4}$$

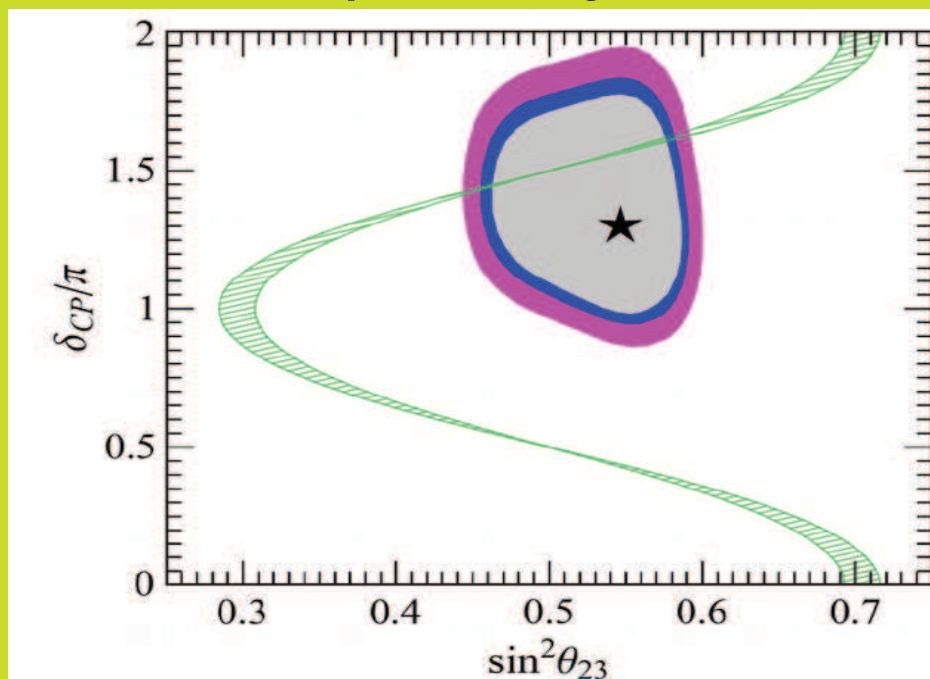
$$\tan \delta_{CP} = \frac{(\cos^2 \theta + 2) \cot \sigma}{5\cos^2 \theta - 2},$$

PHYSICAL REVIEW D 98, 055019 (2018)

systematic CP revamp

predicting solar

predicting CP



from Phys.Rev. D98 (2018) 055019

- Harrison, Scott & Perkins 2002
- P Chen et al
- Phys.Lett. B753 (2016) 644-652
- Phys.Rev. D94 (2016) 033002
- JHEP 1807 (2018) 077
- Phys.Lett. B792 (2019) 461-464
- Phys.Rev. D99 (2019) 075005

Several other  
Revamped TBM ansatze  
possible

# Bi-Large lepton mixing pattern

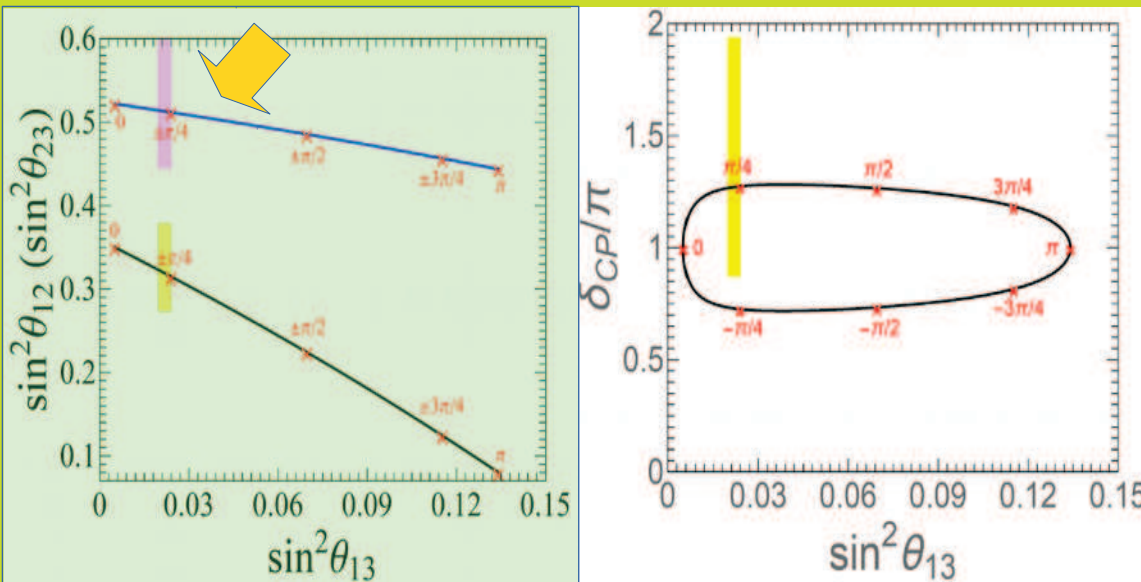
from 1904.05632

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 - \frac{1}{2}\lambda^2 & -\lambda e^{i\phi} & A\lambda^3 e^{i\phi} \\ \lambda e^{-i\phi} & 1 - \frac{1}{2}\lambda^2 & -A\lambda^2 \\ 0 & A\lambda^2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \frac{5\lambda^2}{2} & 2\lambda & -\lambda \\ -2\lambda + 3\lambda^2 & 1 - \frac{13\lambda^2}{2} & 3\lambda \\ \lambda + 6\lambda^2 & -3\lambda + 2\lambda^2 & 1 - 5\lambda^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

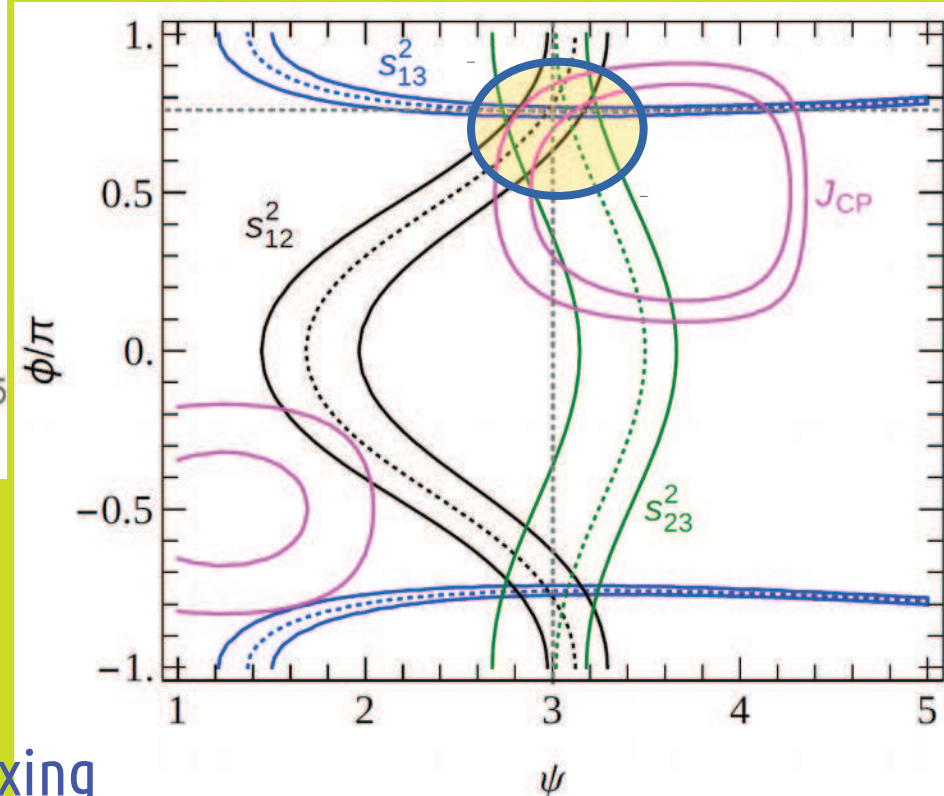
Largest Q similar to smallest L -mixing  
Cabibbo angle as universal seed for flavor mixing

$$\sin \theta_{12}^{\text{CKM}} = \lambda \text{ and } \sin \theta_{23}^{\text{CKM}} = A\lambda^2, \text{ where } \lambda = 0.22453 \pm 0.00044, A = 0.836 \pm 0.015$$

Phys.Rev. D86 (2012) 051301  
Phys.Rev.D87 (2013) 053013  
Phys.Lett. B748 (2015) 1-4  
Phys.Lett. B792 (2019) 461-464



from 1904.05632



predicting solar, atm & CP from reactor angle  
also 2-parameter generalizations of Bi-Large mixing

# robustness

J.V. *Phys.Lett. B*199 (1987) 432-436  
 Miranda & J.V. *Nucl.Phys. B*908 (2016) 436  
 Escribuela et al, *Phys.Rev. D*92 (2015) 053009

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ \alpha_{21} & \alpha_{22} & 0 \\ \alpha_{31} & \alpha_{32} & \alpha_{33} \end{pmatrix} U$$

## unitarity test as seesaw scale probe

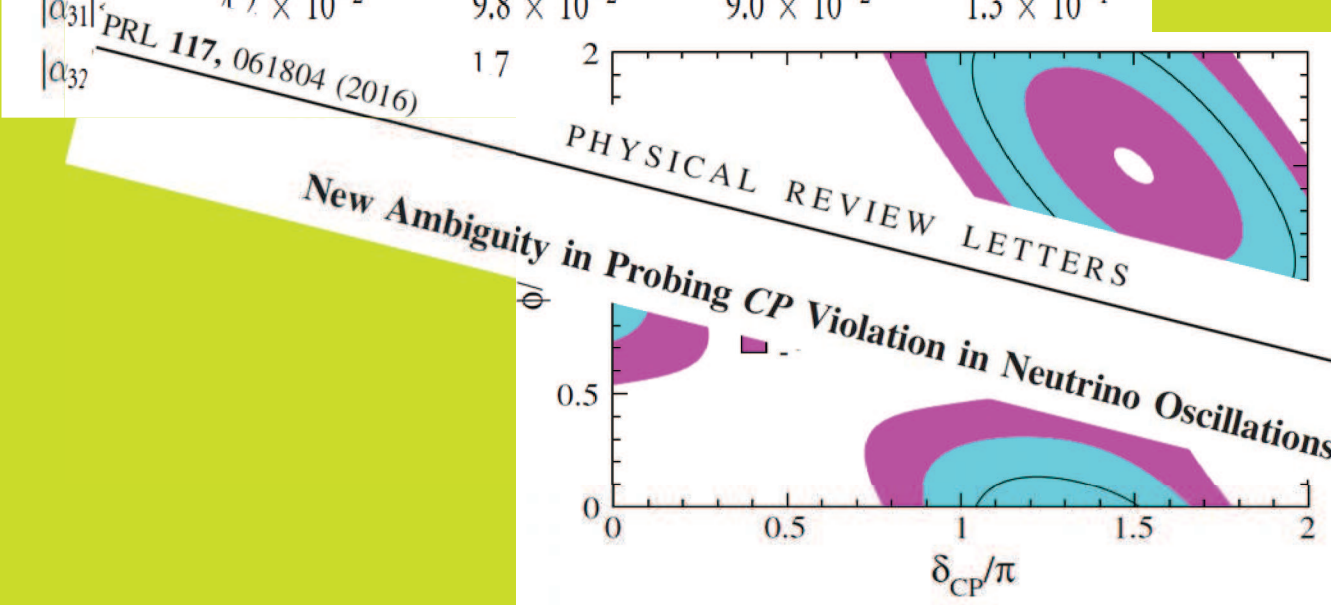
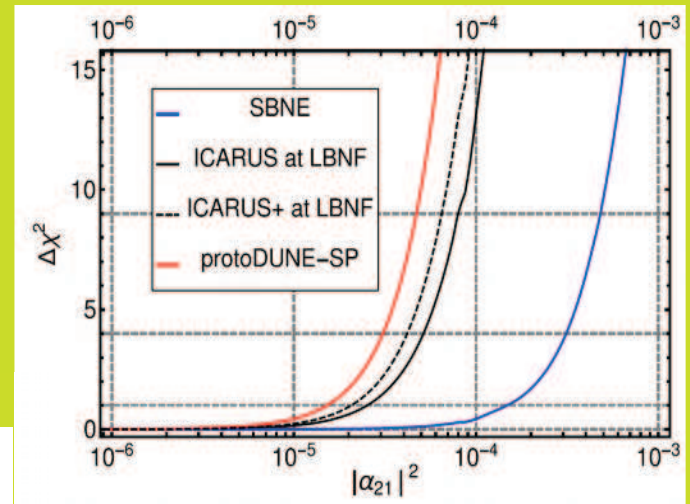
*Phys.Rev. D*95 (2017) 033005  
*New J. Phys.* 19 (2017) 093005

	One parameter (1 d.o.f.)		All parameters (6 d.o.f.)	
	90% C.L.	$3\sigma$	90% C.L.	$3\sigma$
<u>Neutrinos only</u>				
$\alpha_{11} >$	0.98	0.95	0.96	0.93
$\alpha_{22} >$	0.99	0.96	0.97	0.95
$\alpha_{33} >$	0.93	0.76	0.79	0.61
$ \alpha_{21}  <$	$1.0 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.6 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.4 \times 10^{-2}$	$3.6 \times 10^{-2}$
$ \alpha_{31}  <$	$1.7 \times 10^{-2}$	$9.8 \times 10^{-2}$	$9.0 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.3 \times 10^{-1}$



## window to BSM physics

PRD97 (2018) 095026



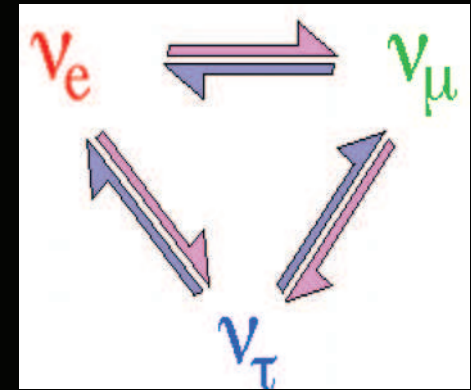
nsi

Coloma, Huber et al, Miranda et al, de Gouvea et al, Goswami et al, Kopp et al, Antusch et al, Fernandez, Lopez Pavon, et al ...

CP ambiguity Miranda et al, *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 117 (2016) 061804



# NEW physics at last!!!



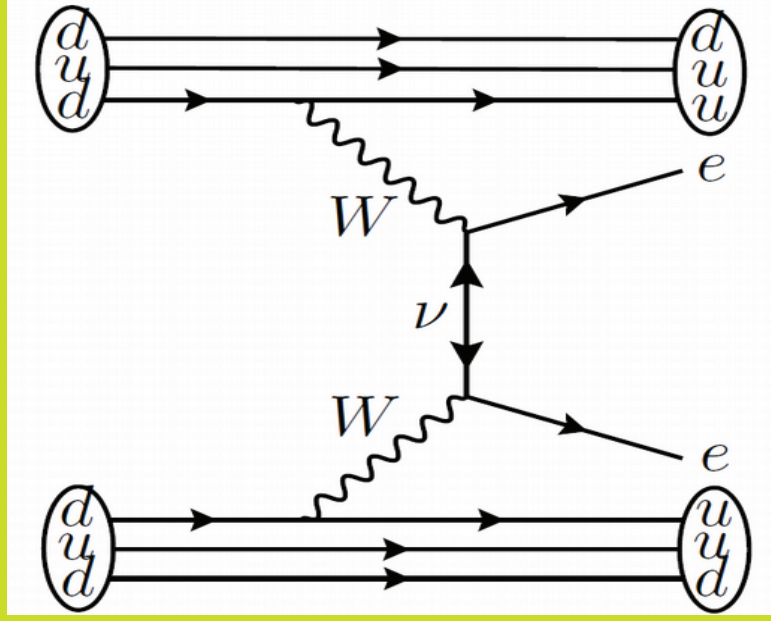
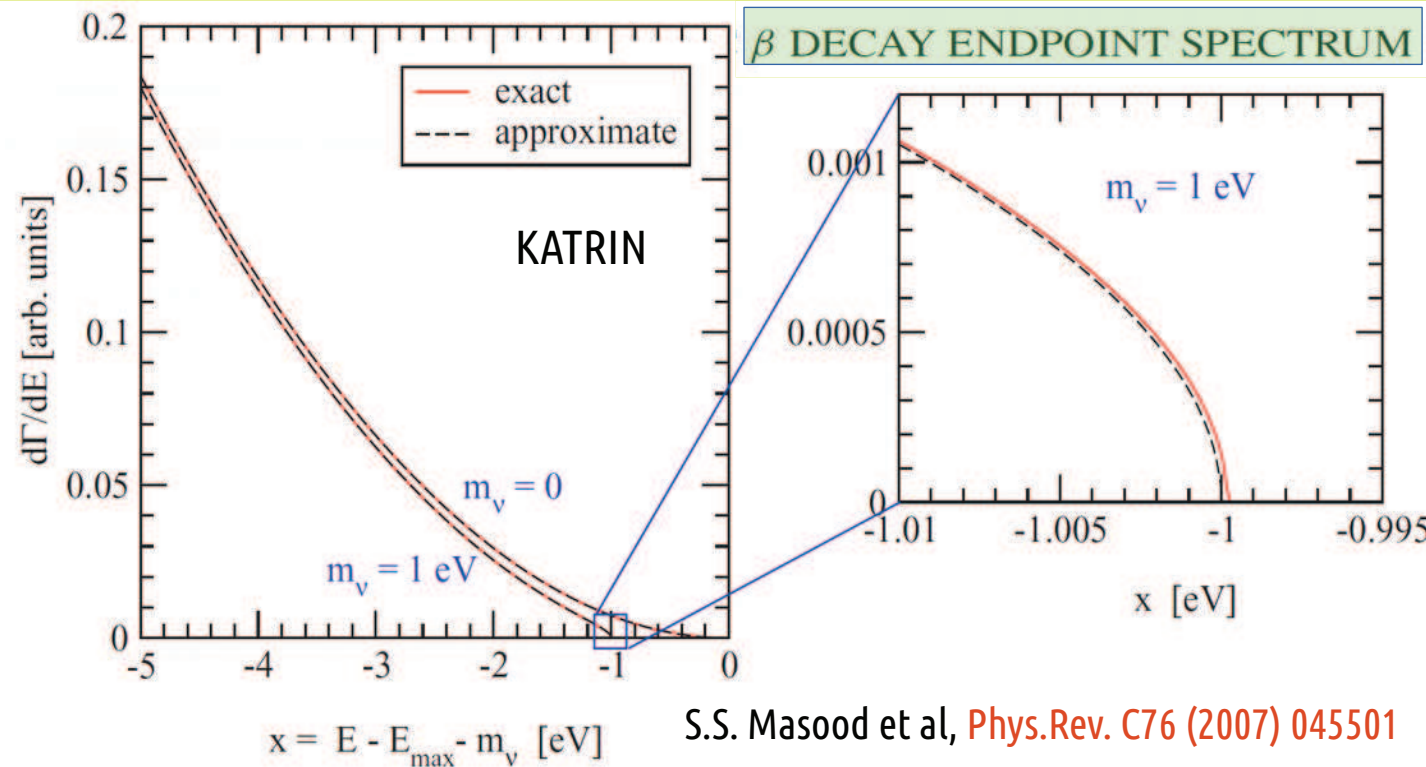
Oscillations bring neutrinos to the center of particle physics

addressing the dynamical origin of small neutrino mass touches the the heart of the EW theory

besides neutrino mass there are other issues in particle physics & cosmology for which neutrinos may provide key input

the portals : flavor, EW breaking, unification, DM ...

# nuclear physics as probe of neutrino mass scale





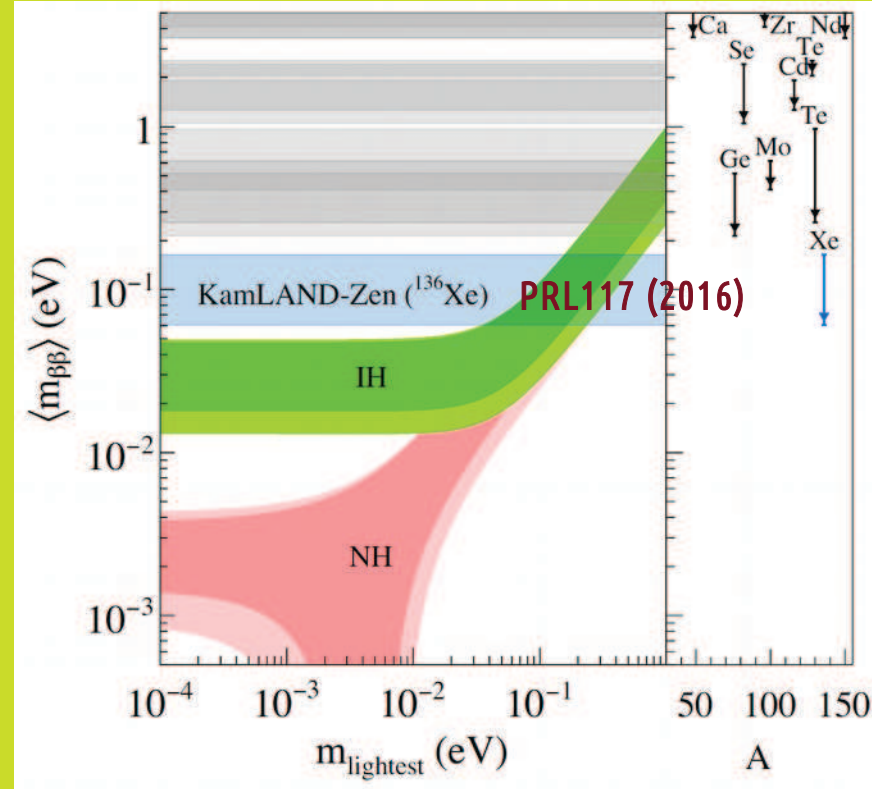
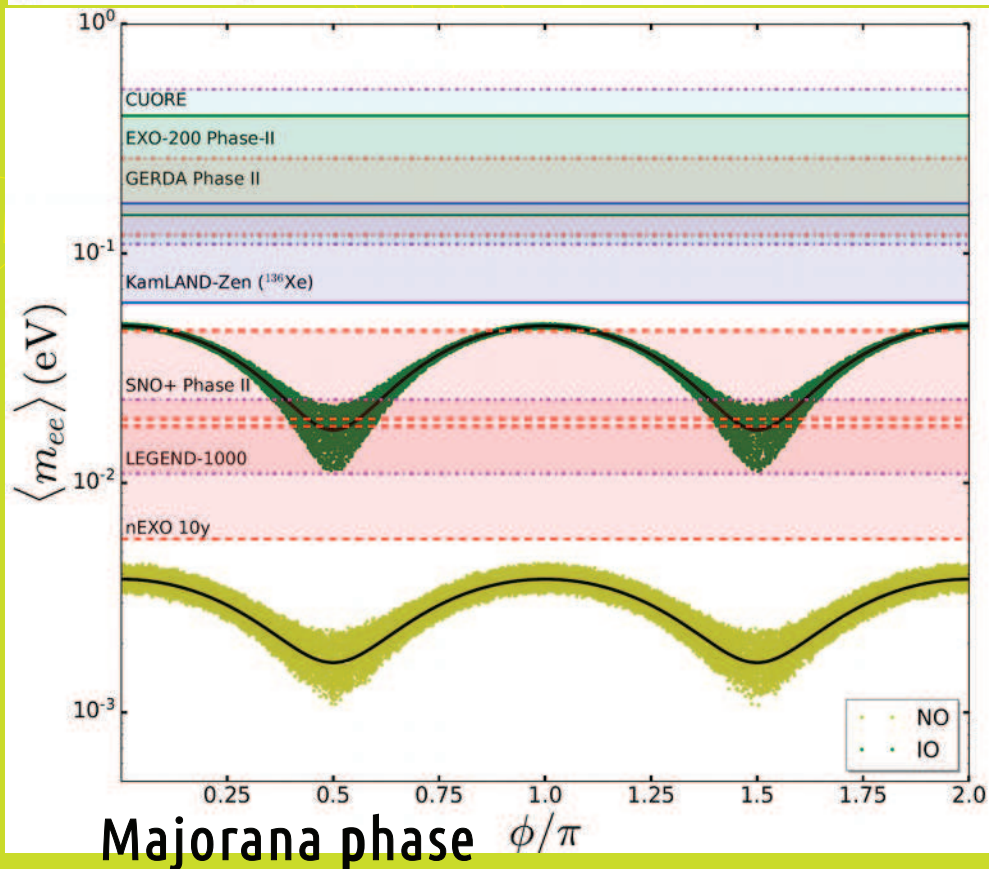
# neutrinoless double beta decay

## symmetric parametrization of lepton mixing matrix

Schechter & JV PRD22 (1980) 2227

Rodejohann, JV Phys.Rev. D84 (2011) 073011

$$\left| \sum_j U_{ej}^2 m_j \right| = \left| c_{12}^2 c_{13}^2 m_1 + s_{12}^2 c_{13}^2 m_2 e^{2i\phi_{12}} + s_{13}^2 m_3 e^{2i\phi_{13}} \right|$$



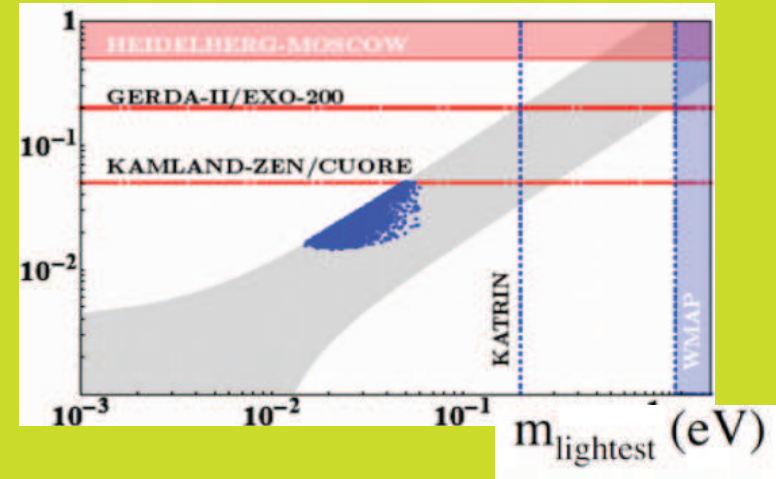
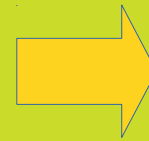
nEXO, CUORE, LEGEND (nGERDA/Majorana) ...

# if one neutrino is massless

From Phys.Lett. B790 (2019) 303-307

# neutrinoless double beta decay

## flavor sensitivity



## lower bounds even for normal ordering

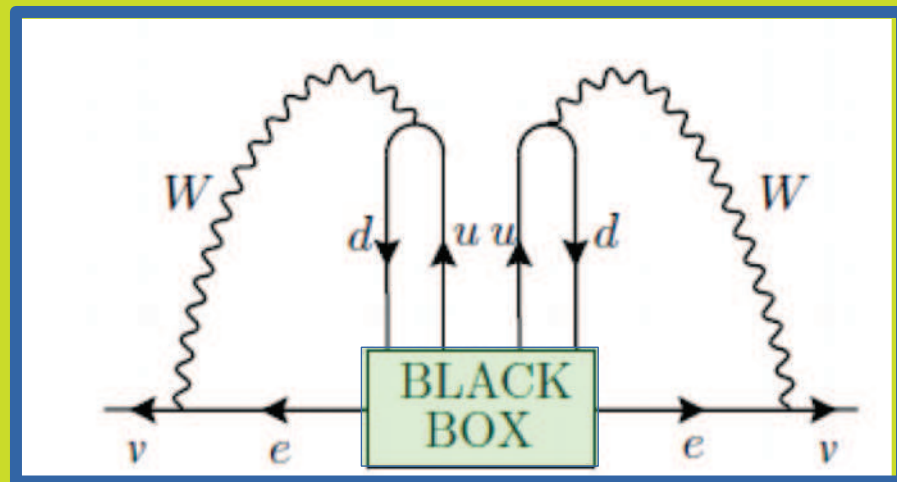
Dorame et al  
NPB861 (2012) 259-270

Dorame et al  
PhysRevD.86.056001

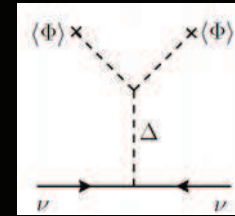
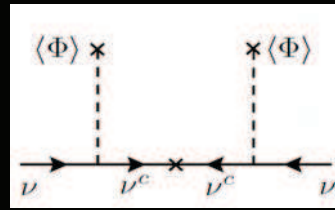
King et al  
Phys. Lett. B 724 (2013) 68

## Significance

Schechter, Valle 82  
Lindner et al JHEP 1106 (2011) 091



# Origin of neutrino mass

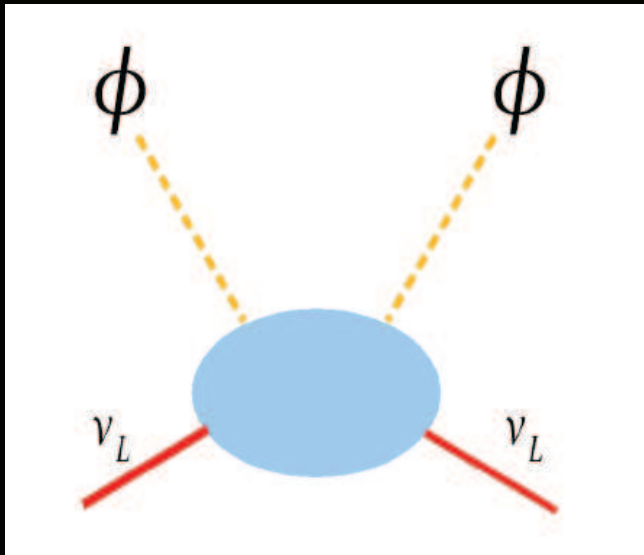


## TYPE I

Minkowski 77  
 Gellman Ramond Slansky 80  
 Glashow, Yanagida 79  
 Mohapatra Senjanovic 80  
 Lazarides Shafi Weterrich 81  
 Schechter-Valle 80 & 82

## TYPE II

Schechter-Valle 80 & 82



# Seesaw

$$v_3 v_1 \sim v_2^2$$

coefficient  
 mechanism  
 scale  
 flavor structure

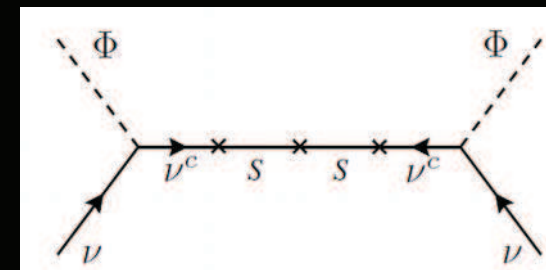
any number of singlet R's w.r.t. L's

(3,2) SEESAW

(3,1) SCOTO-SEESAW...

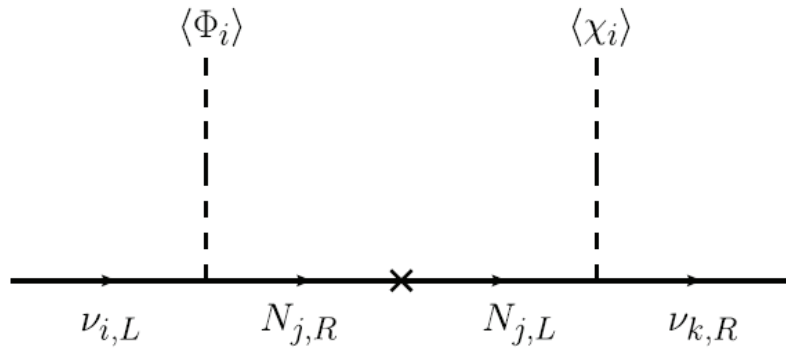
(3,6) LOW-SCALE SEESAW

Mohapatra-Valle 86  
 Akhmedov et al PRD53 (1996) 2752  
 Malinsky et al PRL95(2005)161801  
 Bazzocchi et al, PRD81 (2010) 051701





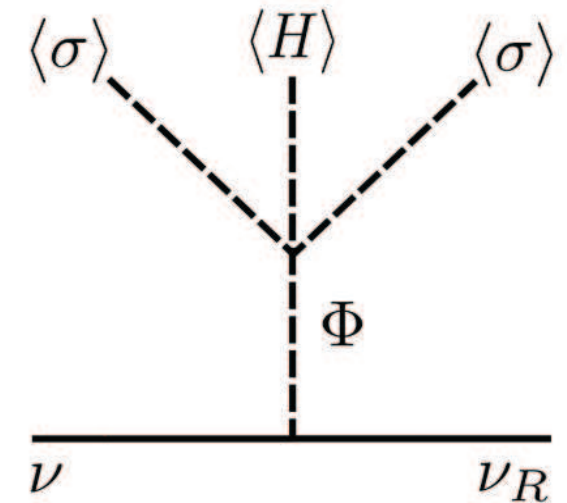
# Seesawing a la Dirac



## type I

Phys.Lett. B761 (2016) 431-436

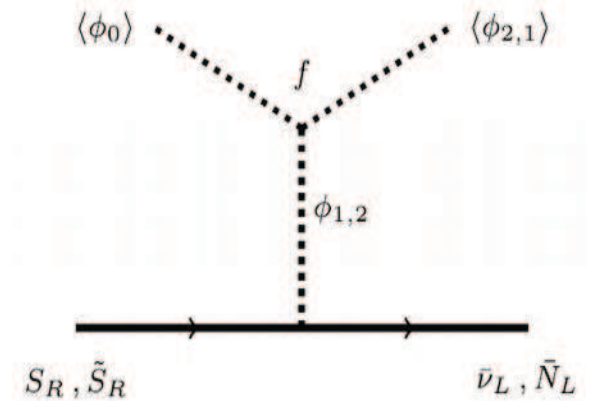
Phys.Lett. B767 (2017) 209-213



## type 2

Phys.Lett. B762 (2016) 162-165

Phys.Rev. D94 (2016) 033012



## Symmetry protects small neutrino mass

Phys.Rev. D98 (2018) 035009

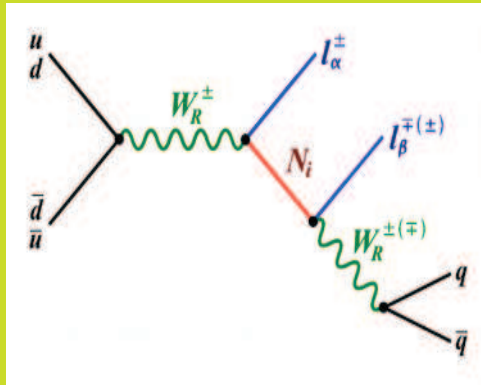
Phys.Lett. B781 (2018) 122-128

Addazi et al Phys.Lett. B759 (2016) 471-478

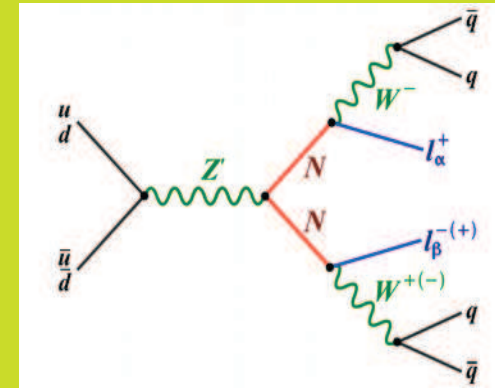
Phys.Lett. B755 (2016) 363-366



# mediator searches with new gauge portal

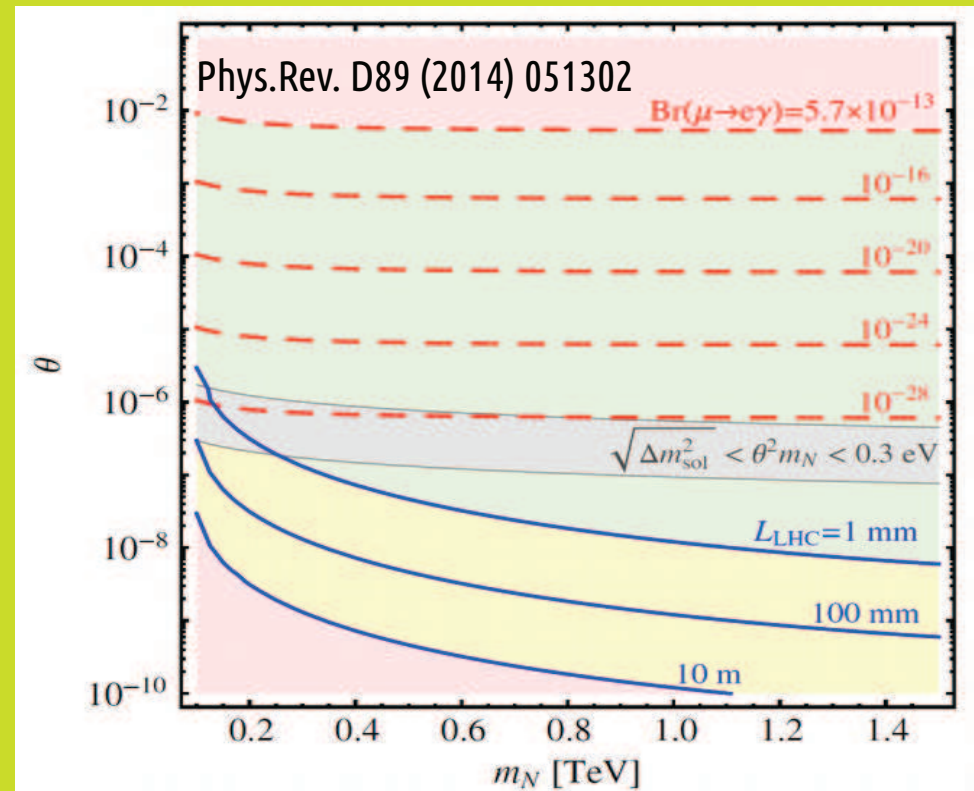


## extended EW theory



charged lepton flavor violation as a HE phenomenon?

Phys.Rev. D86 (2012) 055006 &  
Deppisch, Dev & Pilaftsis New J.Phys. 17 (2015) 075019



# Radiative neutrino mass in extended EW theory

331 motivation # families = # colours

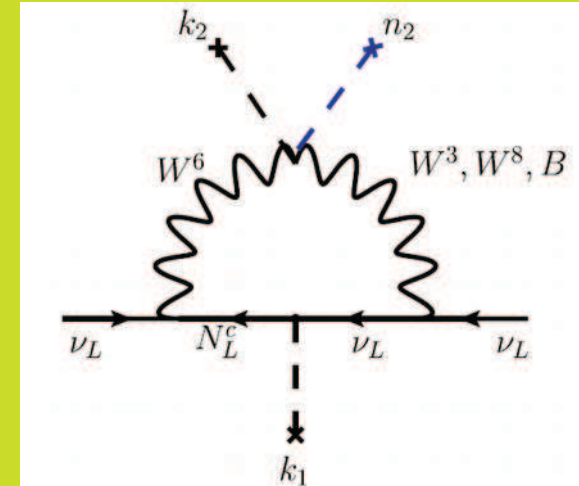
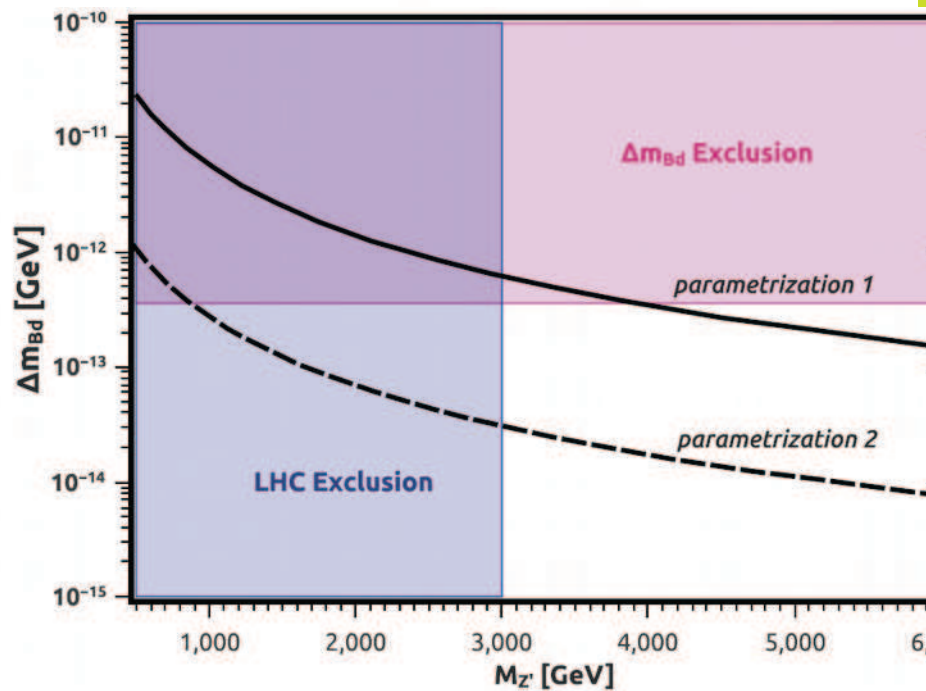
Singer, Valle, Schechter, Phys.Rev. D22 (1980) 738

## LOW SCALE

## Calculable neutrino mass

Gauge nu-mass mediators

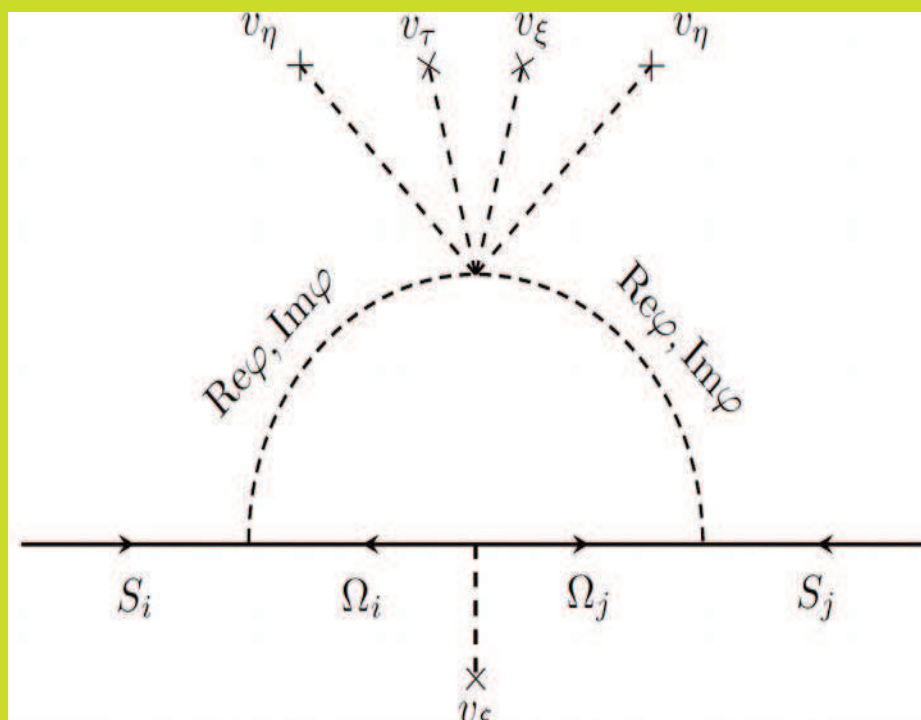
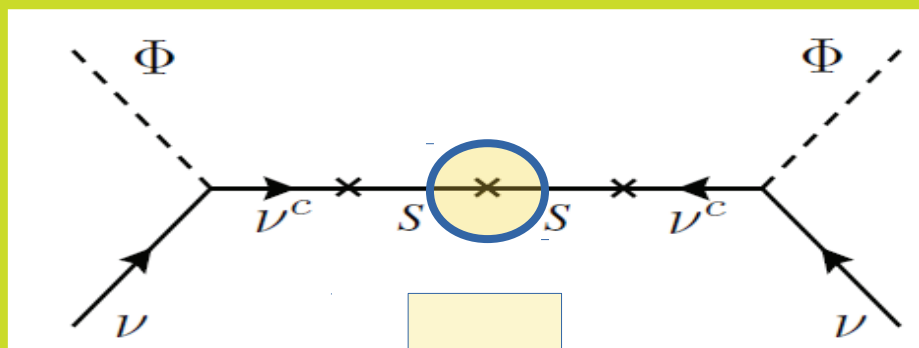
F.S. Queiroz et al. / Physics Letters B 763 (2016) 269–274



Boucenna, Morisi, JV Phys.Rev. D90 (2014) 013005



# Combining low scale seesaw with radiative corrections



radiative inverse/linear  
seesaw mechanism

See also  
[Phys.Rev. D81 \(2010\) 051701](#)

Cárcamo Hernández et al JHEP 1902 (2019) 065



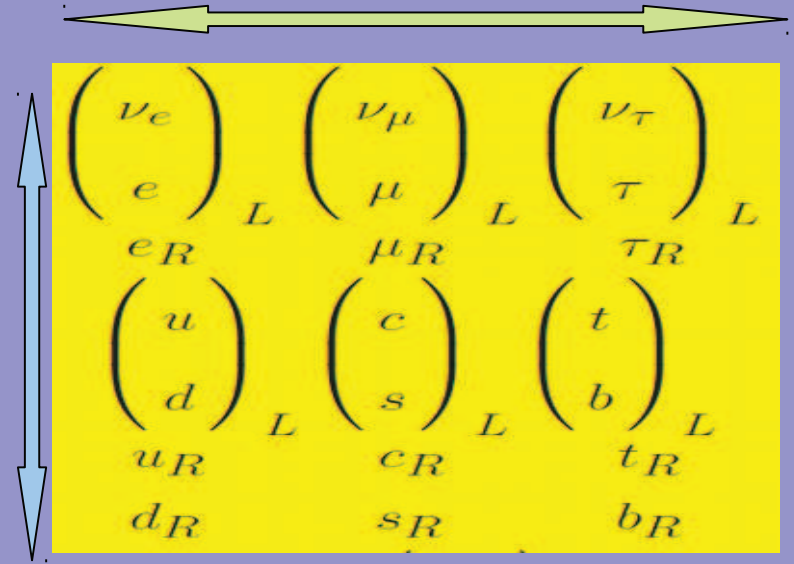
SM lacks an organizing principle to understand flavor

# Simplest flavor symmetry

A4

$$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.5$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{13} = 0$$

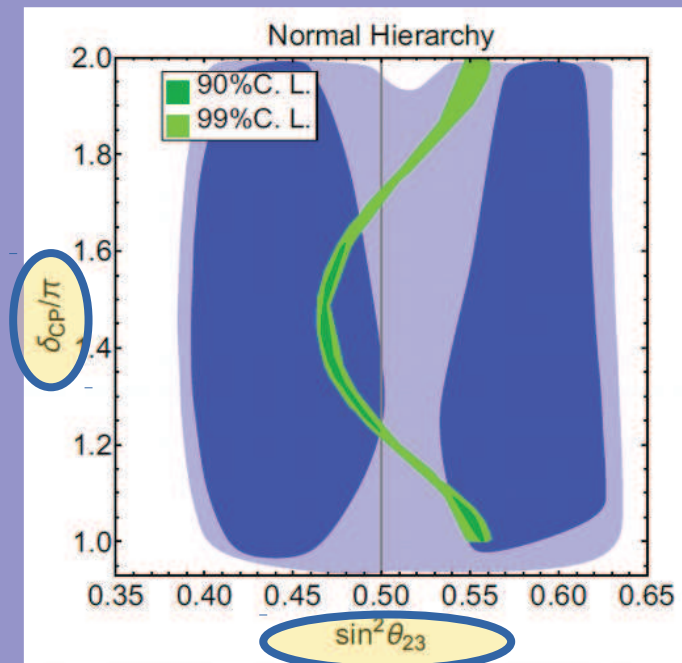


Babu-Ma-Valle PLB552 (2003) 207

Hirsch et al PRD69 (2004) 093006

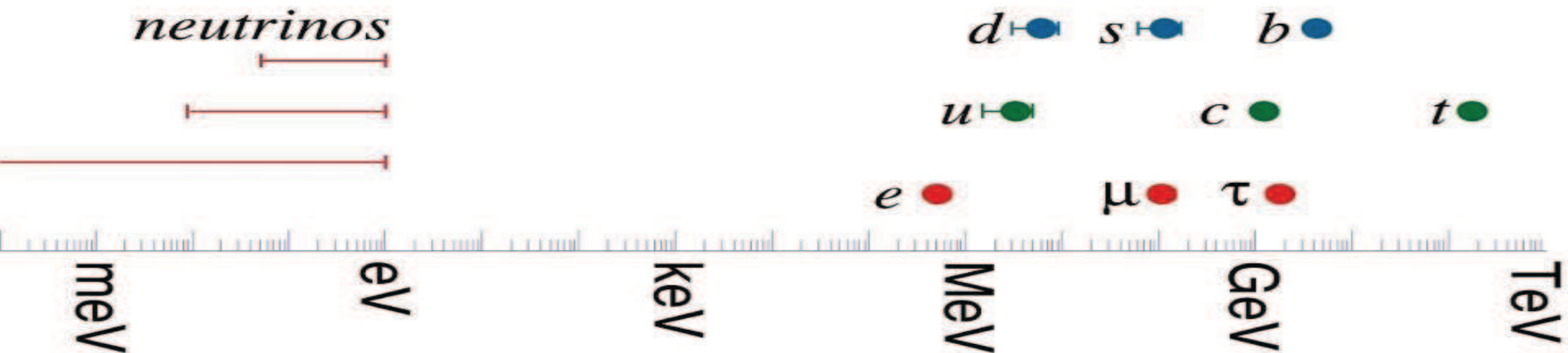
still good starting points ... predictive  
revamping ... [Morisi et al, Phys.Rev. D88 \(2013\) 016003](#)

Constrained global fit  
Phys.Lett. B774 (2017) 179-182



to be probed at LBL  
experiments, e.g. DUNE...





# from oscillations to charged fermion masses

Morisi et al	Phys.Rev. D84 (2011) 036003
King et al	Phys. Lett. B 724 (2013) 68
Morisi et al	Phys.Rev. D88 (2013) 036001
Bonilla et al	Phys.Lett. B742 (2015) 99

Golden Q-L  
unification

$$\frac{m_\tau}{\sqrt{m_e m_\mu}} \approx \frac{m_b}{\sqrt{m_d m_s}}$$

# flavor predictions from warped SM

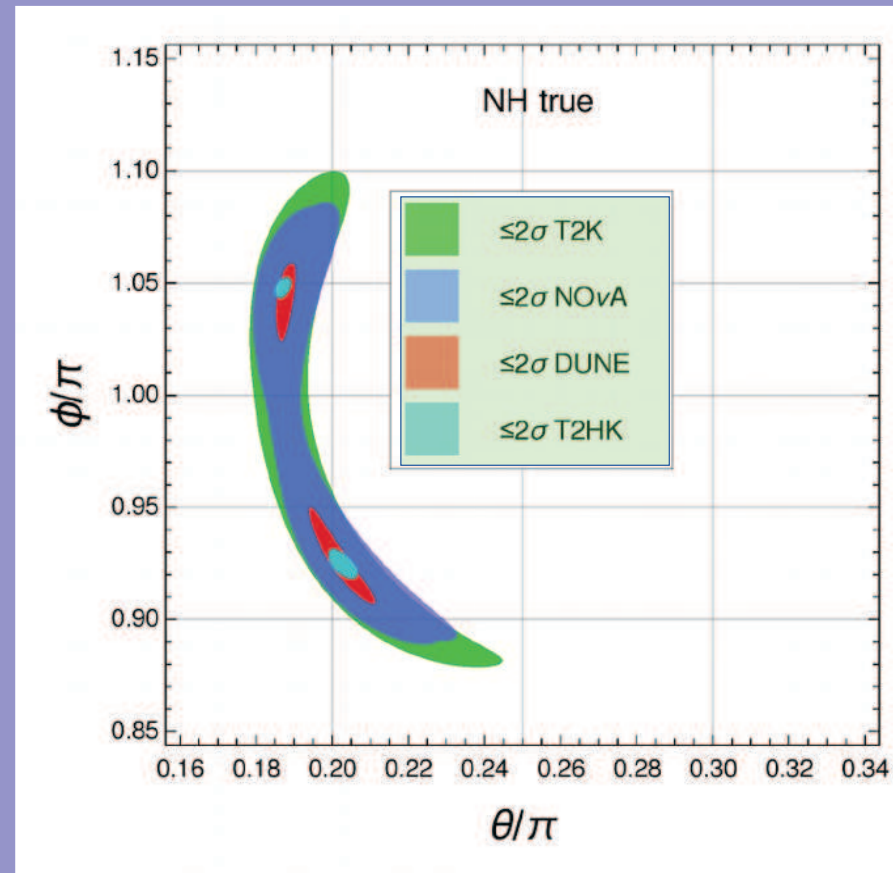
Chen et al  
JHEP01(2016)007

mass hierarchies from geometry

→ angles related by symmetry

$$\sin^2 \theta_{12} = \frac{1}{2 - \sin 2\theta_v \cos \phi_v}$$
$$\sin^2 \theta_{13} = \frac{1}{3} (1 + \sin 2\theta_v \cos \phi_v)$$
$$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = \frac{1 - \sin 2\theta_v \sin(\pi/6 - \phi_v)}{2 - \sin 2\theta_v \cos \phi_v}$$
$$J_{CP} = -\frac{1}{6\sqrt{3}} \cos 2\theta_v$$

# constrained global fitting



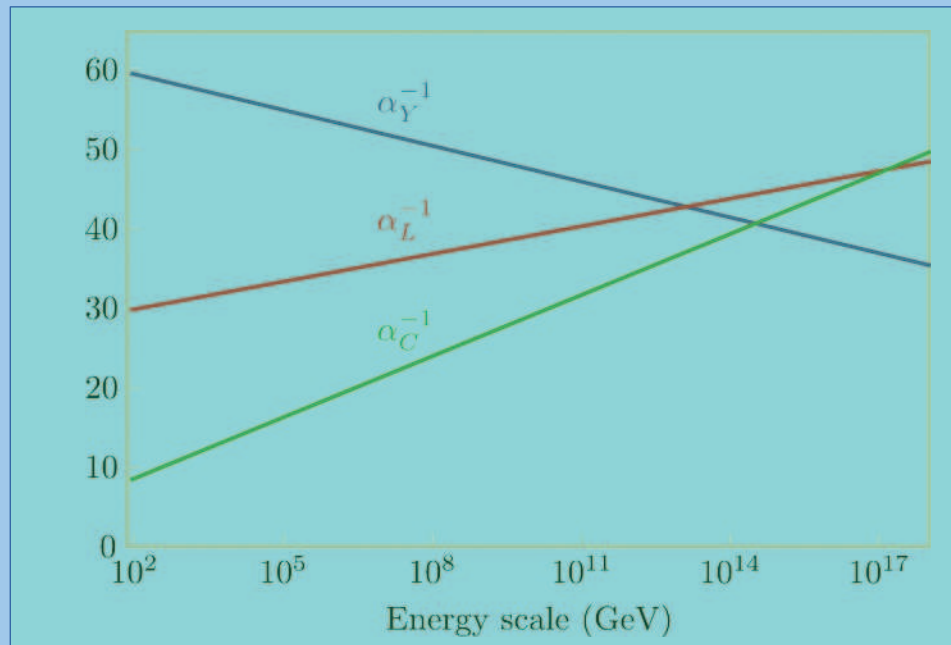
Predictions for LBL experiments

Phys. Rev. D95 (2017) 095030

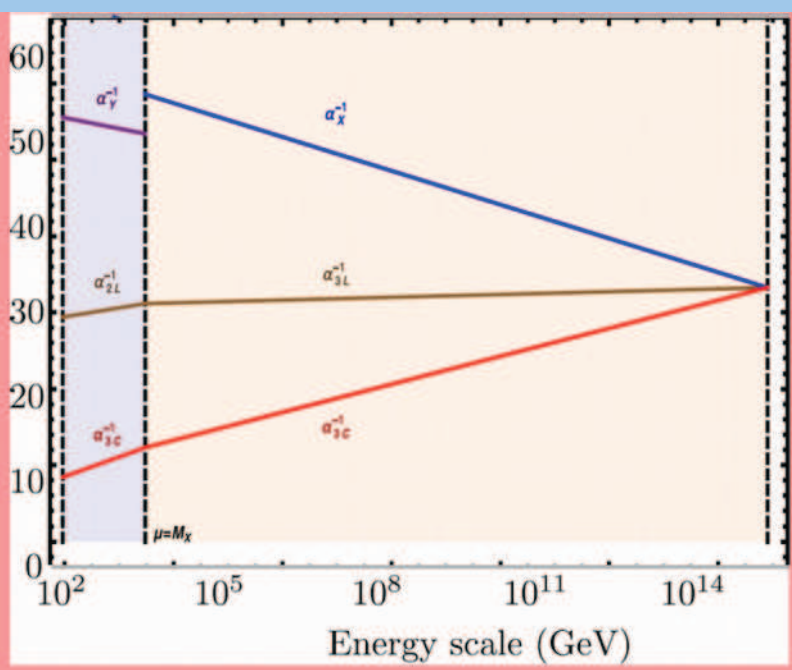
Phys.Lett. B771 (2017) 524

# Standard model

although unification is missed ...  
the trend is there ...



SUSY would make the gauge couplings unify at **GUT scale**,  
But ... so far no **p decay** nor **super-partners** ...



# neutrinos & unification

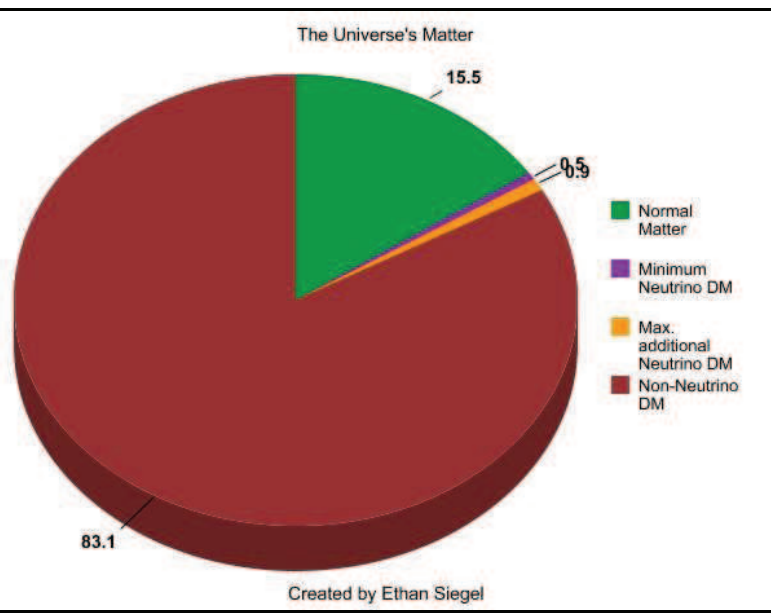
the physics responsible for neutrino masses  
may also induce gauge coupling unification

## E(6) F-theory GUT

Boucenna et al Phys. Rev. D 91, 031702 (2015)

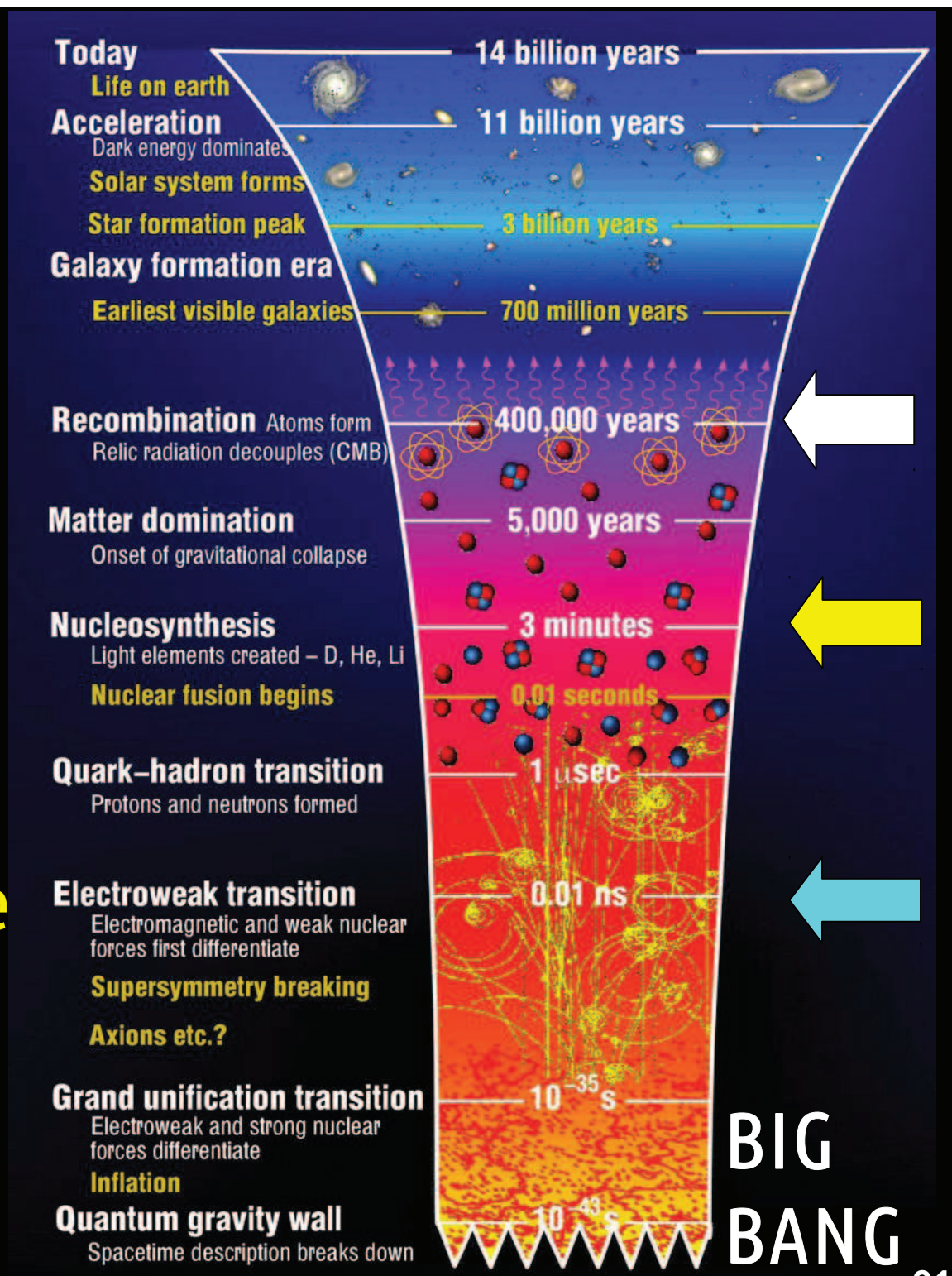
Deppisch et al Phys.Lett. B762 (2016) 432





need for dark matter

nu's at most 1% but can be key to understanding DM

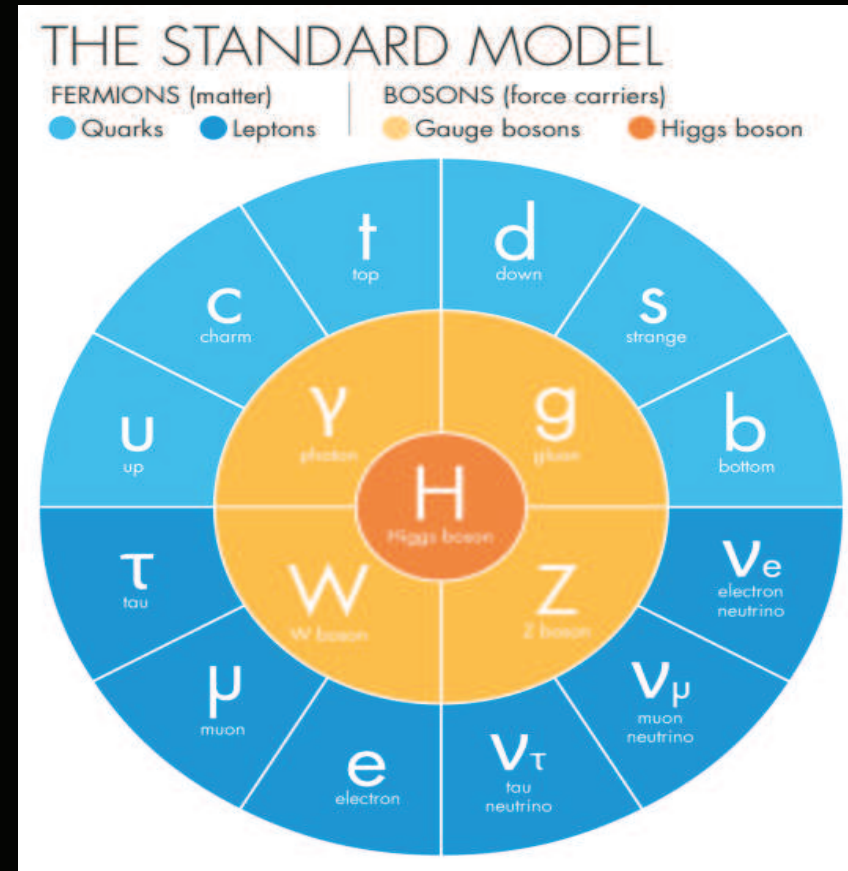
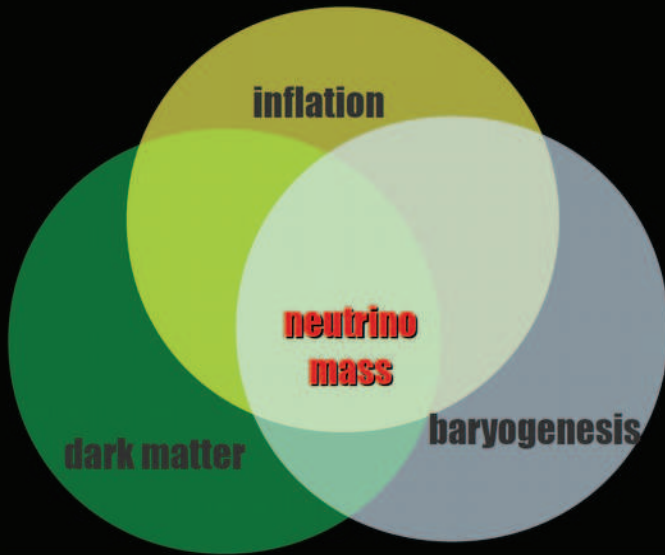


take

home

- bright future for oscillation physics +  $\text{nsi/non-unitarity}$
- searching mediators via LFV @ HE colliders
- neutrinos may shed light on flavor & unification
- comprehensive unification: forces & families
- neutrinos and EWSB

neutrino mass generation may be key to DM and other cosmological puzzles



THE END