Hunting light SUSY: combined impact of LHC searches

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J.S. Kim, KR, K. Sakurai, J. Tattersall arXiv:1406.0858 KR and K. Sakurai, JHEP 1309 (2013) 004



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"Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits guated are observed minus. In theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.



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Good overall agreement of SM measurements

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements Section And American





WW cross section at the LHC

- SM NLO prediction: $\sigma = 46 \pm 2 \text{ pb} @ 7 \text{ TeV}$ $\sigma = 57.3^{+2.4}_{-1.6} \text{ pb} @ 8 \text{ TeV}$
- ATLAS and CMS reported an excess in SM *WW* cross section measurements



• 7 TeV, full data set:

$$\sigma = 51.9 \pm 2.0 \text{ (stat)} \pm 3.9 \text{ (syst)} \pm 2.0 \text{ (lumi) pb ATL-2012-242}$$

 $\sigma = 52.4 \pm 2.0 \text{ (stat)} \pm 4.5 \text{ (syst)} \pm 1.2 \text{ (lumi) pb CMS-12-005}$
• 8 TeV, $\mathcal{L} = 3.54 \text{ fb}^{-1}$:
 $\sigma = 69.9 \pm 2.8 \text{ (stat)} \pm 5.6 \text{ (syst)} \pm 3.1 \text{ (lumi) pb arXiv:1301.4698}$

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New from ICHEP

- full 8 TeV data set from ATLAS gives: $\sigma = 71.4 \pm 1.2 \text{ (stat)}_{-4.4}^{+5.0} \text{ (syst)}_{-2.1}^{+2.2} \text{ (lumi) pb ATL-2014-033}$
- theory prediction: $\sigma = 58.7^{+3.0}_{-2.7} \text{ pb}$
- with different contribution calculated at: $q\bar{q} \rightarrow WW$ NLO MCFM; $gg \rightarrow WW$ LO MCFM; $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow WW$ NNLO+NNLL
- statistical error negligible
- consistent excess in all lepton channels
- the main systematic uncertainty originating from jet veto efficiency



Slight excess in 3-lepton electroweakinos?

- constraints on chargino/neutralino parameter space are also becoming serious
- typically tri-lepton channel most constraining

 $pp \to \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to \ell'^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \ell^+ \ell^- \tilde{\chi}_1^0$

- still some parameter space allowed around $m_{\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}_{+}} \sim 200 \; {\rm GeV}$
- the final word at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ but will be significantly improved at 14 TeV
- the bounds can be relaxed if e.g. $\frac{\mathsf{BR}(\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to h^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_1^0)}{\mathsf{significant}}$



Outline



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WW cross section measurements

Iooking for

 $pp \to W^+W^- \to \ell^+ \nu \ell'^- \nu$

- final state: two opposite-sign leptons and missing energy
- basic selection:
 - \Rightarrow jet veto to suppress $t\bar{t}$
 - \Rightarrow lepton $p_T \gtrsim 20 \text{ GeV}$
 - ⇒ projected $E_T^{\text{miss}} \gtrsim 40 \text{ GeV}$ (depends on channel) to suppress Drell-Yan
 - \Rightarrow Z veto for same flavor states
- main backgrounds:
 - \Rightarrow top
 - ⇒ Drell-Yan
 - ⇒ W+jets
 - \Rightarrow diboson



Supersymmetric zoo



- \Rightarrow light stops (\tilde{t}_1) and higgsinos (\tilde{H}) favoured by naturalness
- \Rightarrow left and right-handed stops, \tilde{t}_L , \tilde{t}_R , mix to form \tilde{t}_1 , \tilde{t}_2
- $\Rightarrow\,$ zino, bino and neutral higgsinos mix to form four neutralinos, $ilde{\chi}_i^0$
- $\Rightarrow~$ wino and higgsinos mix to form charginos, $ilde{\chi}_{j}^{\pm}$

Di-lepton signal from $\tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1^*$



- large QCD cross section $\mathcal{O}(20 \text{ pb})$ for $m_{\tilde{t}_1} \sim 200 \text{ GeV}$
- for small mass difference, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$, *b*-jets are soft, $p_T^b \lesssim 20 \text{ GeV}$
- jet veto would not have effect
- observed final state similar to WW: $\ell^+\ell'^- + E_T^{\text{miss}}$

KR, Sakurai arXiv:1303.5696

Kim, KR, Sakurai, Tattersall arXiv:1406.0858

 another possibility with stops and sbottoms, see:

Curtin, Meade, Tien arXiv:1406.0848

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LHC vs stops



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Simulation

simplified model assumes a decay chain

 $\tilde{t}_1 \to \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \ b \to \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \ W^{(*)} \ b \to \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \ \ell \ \nu \ b$

- fix $m_{\tilde{t}_1} m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 7 \; {
 m GeV}$ or $15 \; {
 m GeV}$ to ensure "invisible" b
- at this point everything is fixed by $m_{\tilde{t}_1}$ and $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$
- simulation using Herwig++ 2.7.0 and CheckMATE/ATOM see a talk by Jong Soo Kim after tea break
- includes production of $pp \to \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1^*, pp \to \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^0, pp \to \tilde{\chi}_1^{+} \tilde{\chi}_1^{-}$
- experimental studies covered: SM measurements (WW, WZ), Higgs, SUSY-EW searches (di-lepton, tri-lepton), stop searches (1-2 leptons), squark and gluino searches (1-2 leptons)
- at each point of the $(m_{\tilde{t}_1},m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$ grid, likelihood ratio statistic is calculated

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Searches included in the scan

Description	\sqrt{s}	Luminosity Number		Refs.	
	[TeV]	$[fb^{-1}]$	of SR		
Atlas W^+W^-	7	4.6	1	[arXiv:1210.2979]	
CMS W^+W^-	7	4.9	1	[arXiv:1306.1126]	
CMS W^+W^-	8	3.5	1	[arXiv:1301.4698]	
Atlas Higgs	8	20.7	2	[ATLAS-CONF-2013-031]	
Atlas Electroweak (2ℓ)	8	20.3	13	[arXiv:1403.5294]	
Atlas \tilde{q} and \tilde{g} (1-2 ℓ)	8	20.1	19	[ATLAS-CONF-2013-062]	
Atlas \tilde{q} and \tilde{g} razor (2 ℓ)	8	20.3	6	[ATLAS-CONF-2013-089]	
Atlas Electroweak (3ℓ)	8	20.3	20	[arXiv:1402.7029]	
Atlas \tilde{t} (1 ℓ)	8	20.7	8	[ATLAS-CONF-2013-037]	
Atlas \tilde{t} (2 ℓ)	8	20.3	12	[arXiv:1403.4853]	
CMS $W^{\pm}Z^0$	8	19.6	4	[CMS-PAS-12-006]	
Atlas $W^{\pm}Z^0$	8	13.0	4	[ATLAS-CONF-2013-021]	
Atlas $\tilde{t} \to b \nu_{\tau} \tilde{\tau}_1$	8	20.3	1	[ATLAS-CONF-2014-014]	

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Pinning down the stops

Scan results



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Best fit compared to SM

Study	SR	Obs	Exp	SM s.d.	Best fit exp	Best fit s.d
Atlas W^+W^- (7 TeV) [arXiv:1210.2979]	Combined	1325	1219 ± 87	1.1 - σ	95	0.1 - σ
CMS W^+W^- (7 TeV) [arXiv:1306.1126]	Combined	1134	1076 ± 62	$0.8-\sigma$	77	0.3 - σ
CMS W^+W^- (8 TeV) [arXiv:1301.4698]	Combined	1111	986 ± 60	$1.8-\sigma$	65	0.9 - σ
Atlas Higgs [ATLAS-CONF-2013-031]	$WW \ CR$ Higgs SR	$3297 \\ 3615$	$3110 \pm 186 \\ 3288 \pm 220$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.9\text{-}\sigma\\ 1.4\text{-}\sigma\end{array}$	293 376	$\begin{array}{c} 0.5\text{-}\sigma\\ 0.2\text{-}\sigma\end{array}$
ATLAS \tilde{q} and \tilde{g} (1-2 ℓ) [ATLAS-CONF-2013-062]	Di-muon	7	1.7 ± 1	$2.5-\sigma$	0.8	2.1- <i>σ</i>
ATLAS Electroweak (3 ℓ) [arXiv:1402.7029]	$SR0\tau a01$ $SR0\tau a06$ $SR0\tau a10$	36 13 24	23 ± 4 6.6 ± 1.9 16.4 ± 2.4	$\begin{array}{c} 2.1\text{-}\sigma\\ 1.9\text{-}\sigma\\ 1.6\text{-}\sigma\end{array}$	$4.1 \\ 2.2 \\ 0.4$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.4\text{-}\sigma\\ 1.3\text{-}\sigma\\ 1.5\text{-}\sigma\end{array}$

- $\Rightarrow\,$ overall reduction of 12.3 in log-likelihood compared to SM at minimum
- \Rightarrow best fit point:

$$\begin{split} m_{\tilde{t}_1} &= 212^{+35}_{-35} \; {\rm GeV} \\ m_{\tilde{\chi}^0_1} &= 150^{+30}_{-20} \; {\rm GeV} \end{split}$$

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4 Summary

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SUSY or SM?

Probing production polar angle

• observable using • pseudorapidities of the final state leptons

$$\cos\theta_{\ell\ell}^* = \tanh\left(\frac{\Delta\eta_{\ell\ell}}{2}\right) \quad \Delta\eta_{\ell\ell} = \eta_{\ell_1} - \eta_{\ell}$$

Moortgat-Pick, KR, Tattersall, arXiv:1102.0293

• for stop and WW production,



$$pp \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \, \tilde{t}_1^* \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \, \ell^+ \, \nu \, b \, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \, \ell'^- \, \bar{\nu} \, \bar{b}$$
$$pp \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \, \nu \, \ell'^- \, \bar{\nu}$$

• $\cos \theta_{\ell\ell}^*$ is sensitive to the angular distributions of the initial state *W*'s and \tilde{t}_1 's

Asymmetry of $\cos heta_{\ell\ell}^*$

• define an asymmetry using $\cos \theta^*_{\ell \ell}$

 $\mathcal{A} = \frac{N(|\cos\theta^*_{\ell\ell}| > 0.5) - N(|\cos\theta^*_{\ell\ell}| < 0.5)}{N_{\text{tot}}}$

- forward vs central region
- stops asymmetry: $A_{\tilde{t}_1} = -0.52$, SM only: $A_{SM} = 0.12$, stops and SM: $A_{SM+\tilde{t}_1} = -0.04$
- after 5 fb⁻¹ a 5- σ discrimination achievable at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV
- at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ a 3- σ difference with full data sample
- less prone to systematic errors than cross section alone





Missing higer orders?

- jet veto efficiency crucial for understanding WW measurement
- other di-boson cross sections do not suffer from this problem
- including NNLL transverse momentum resummation could decrease discrepancy by 3-7% but cannot account for the whole excess Meade, Ramani, Zeng arXiv:1407.4481
- employing soft collinear effective theory reduces scale variation and renders theory prediction compatible with experiment

Jaiswal, Okui arXiv:1407.4537



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Summary

- \Rightarrow ATLAS and CMS observed consistent excesses in WW production
 - certainly not a statistical fluctuation
 - systematics cannot be ruled out yet, missing NNLL?
- \Rightarrow another hint from tri-lepton search and Higgs measurements
- \Rightarrow can be attributed to new physics, e.g. supersymmetric stops
- \Rightarrow light stops markedly improve agreement with data
- \Rightarrow different searches point to the same region in parameter space
- \Rightarrow distinction from the SM possible using angular distributions
- \Rightarrow outlook:
 - study of other simplified models, decay chains, etc.
 - including additional constraints: dark matter, low energy, EWPT

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BACKUP

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SUSY, 22.07.2014 1 / 6

LHC vs light stops

- LHC started constraining light stops
- for us the channel with intermediate chargino is interesting
- m_{T2} used to suppress $t\bar{t}$ background
- this limits sensitivity of the search in region with (almost) off-shell *W*
- more constraints on 3-body, 4-body, FV stop decays also from non-stop searches e.g. Yu ea, arXiv:1211.2997; Krizka ea, arXiv:1212.4856





Rapidity and pseudorapidity

Rapidity

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{E + p_L}{E - p_L}\right) = \log \left(\frac{E + p_L}{\sqrt{m^2 + p_T^2}}\right)$$

- Rapidity is additive under Lorentz boosts along the beam direction
- The difference in rapidity of two particles is invariant under boosts along the beam axis
- For massless particles we have

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1 + \cos \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} \right) = -\log \tan \frac{\theta}{2}$$

Define pseudorapidity as

$$\eta = -\log \tan \frac{\theta}{2}$$

Modified distributions



Modified distributions



Other constraints

- heavy Higgs boson requires rather light stops
 - \Rightarrow can be overcome if the stops are split:
 - $\Rightarrow m_{\tilde{t}_R} = 195 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{t}_L} = 2000 \text{ GeV}, A_t = 2000 \text{ GeV}$
 - $\Rightarrow m_h = 125.6 \text{ GeV}, \text{ bonus: } R_{\gamma\gamma} = 1.05 \cdot R_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{SM}}$
- gaugino parameters for correct chargino and LSP

 $\Rightarrow M_1 = 105 \text{ GeV}, M_2 = 190 \text{ GeV}, \mu = 2500 \text{ GeV}$ and $\tan \beta = 15$

Ight stuff having the following masses:

 $\Rightarrow m_{\tilde{t}_1} = 203.7 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 104.9 \text{ GeV} \text{ and } m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 189.5 \text{ GeV}$

- low energy observables evaluated as
 - \Rightarrow BR $(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma) = 3.7 \times 10^{-4}$ and BR $(B_s \rightarrow \mu \mu) = 3.45 \times 10^{-9}$
 - \Rightarrow needs $m_{\tilde{b}_R} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$
- basic consistency can be ensured
- dark matter relic density could be regulated by light right-handed sleptons

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