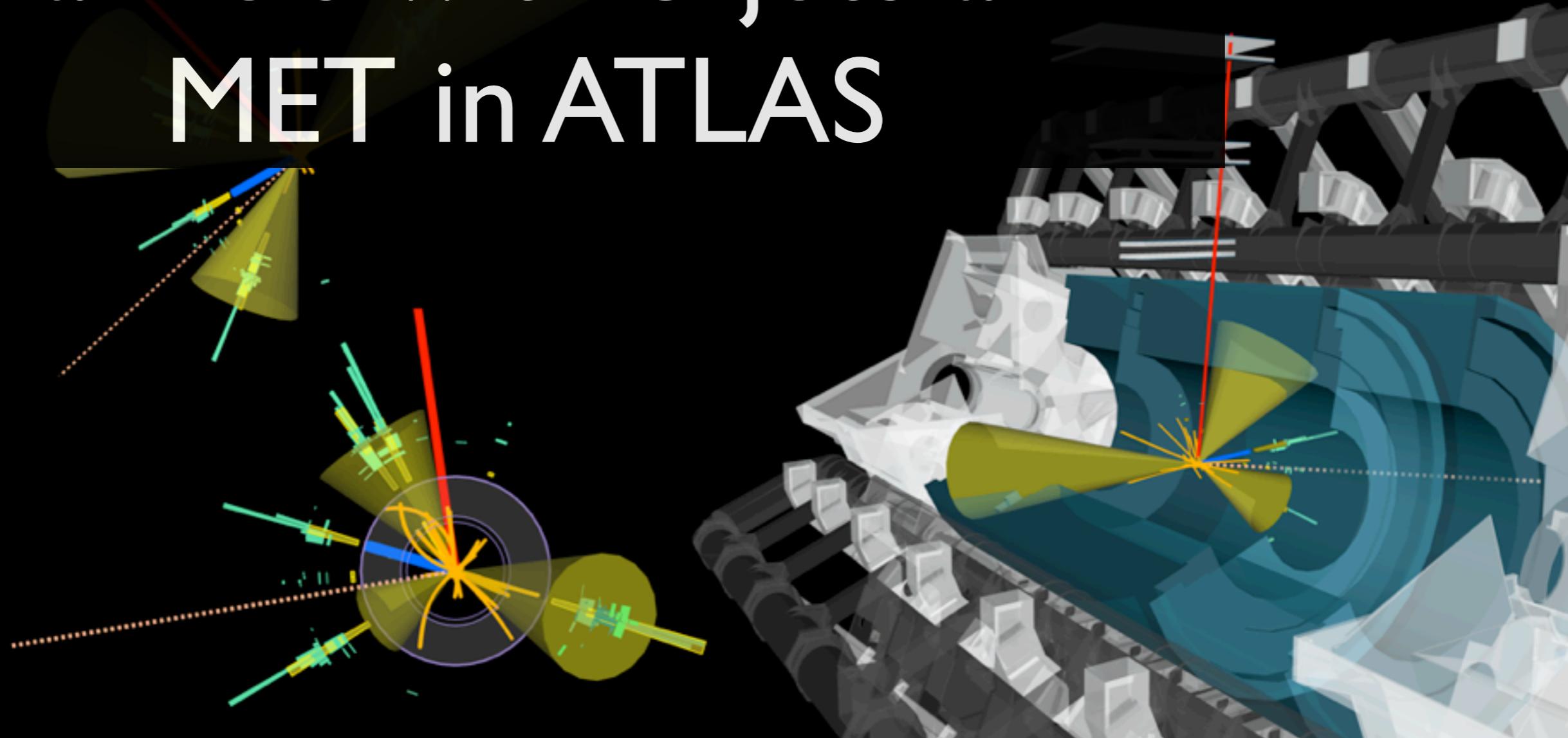


# Searches for gluino, stop and sbottom production in channels with b-jets and MET in ATLAS



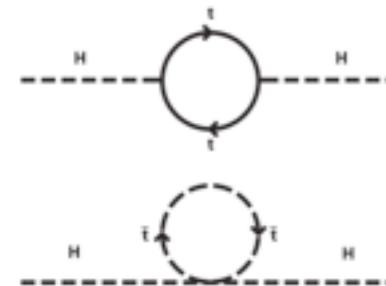
Maria Fiascaris (University of Chicago)

SUSY 2014 - 21/07/2014

# Supersymmetry and 3rd generation

Supersymmetry adds a new fundamental symmetry relating fermions and bosons → more than doubles the particle spectrum w.r.t. the Standard Model

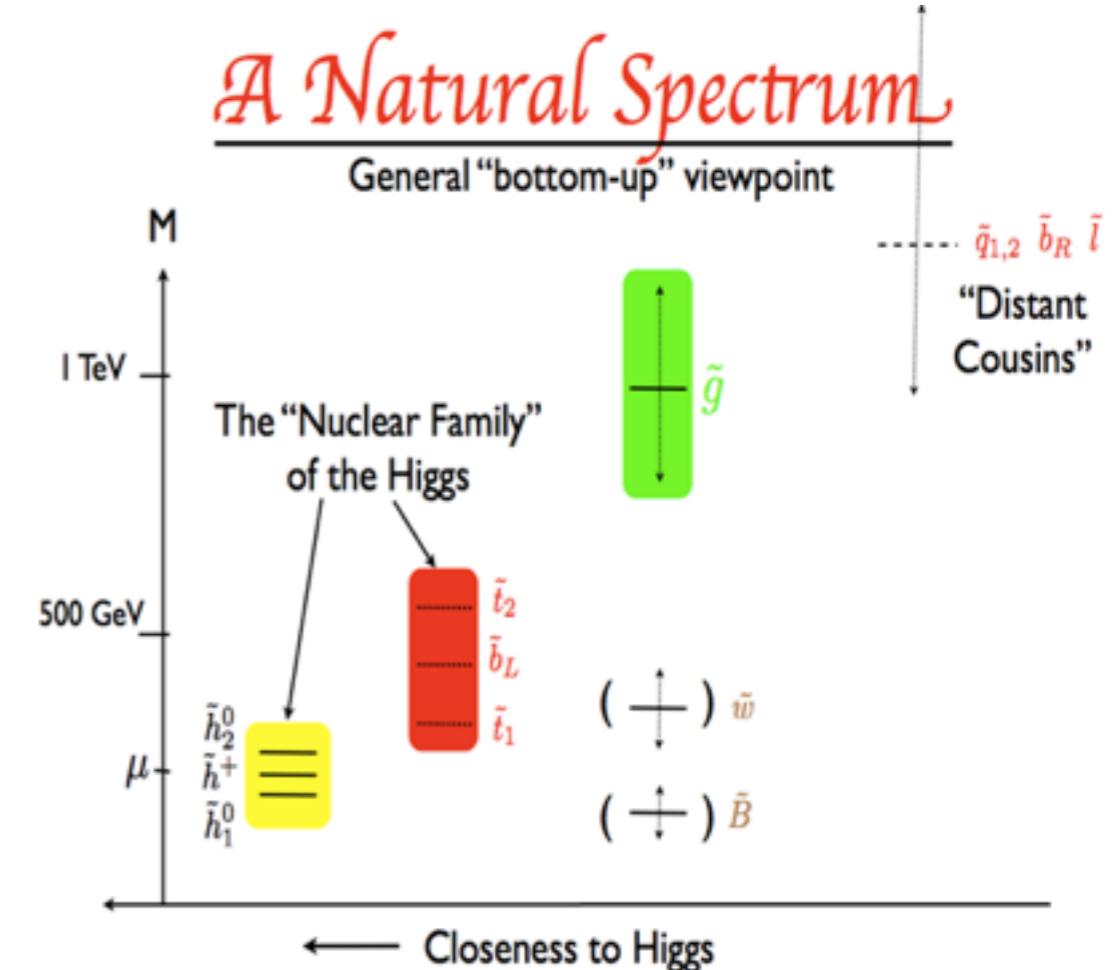
## SUSY and the Gauge hierarchy problem



fermions and boson loops contribute with different signs to the Higgs radiative corrections

For **natural SUSY** (low level of fine-tuning):

- ▶ light higgsinos
- ▶ light stop and sbottoms ( $< 1 \text{ TeV}$ )
- ▶ light gluinos ( $< 1\text{-}2 \text{ TeV}$ )



→ Strong physics case for **third generation squarks**

# Supersymmetry and 3rd generation

Top and bottom squarks (assuming RPC) can be produced at the LHC via:

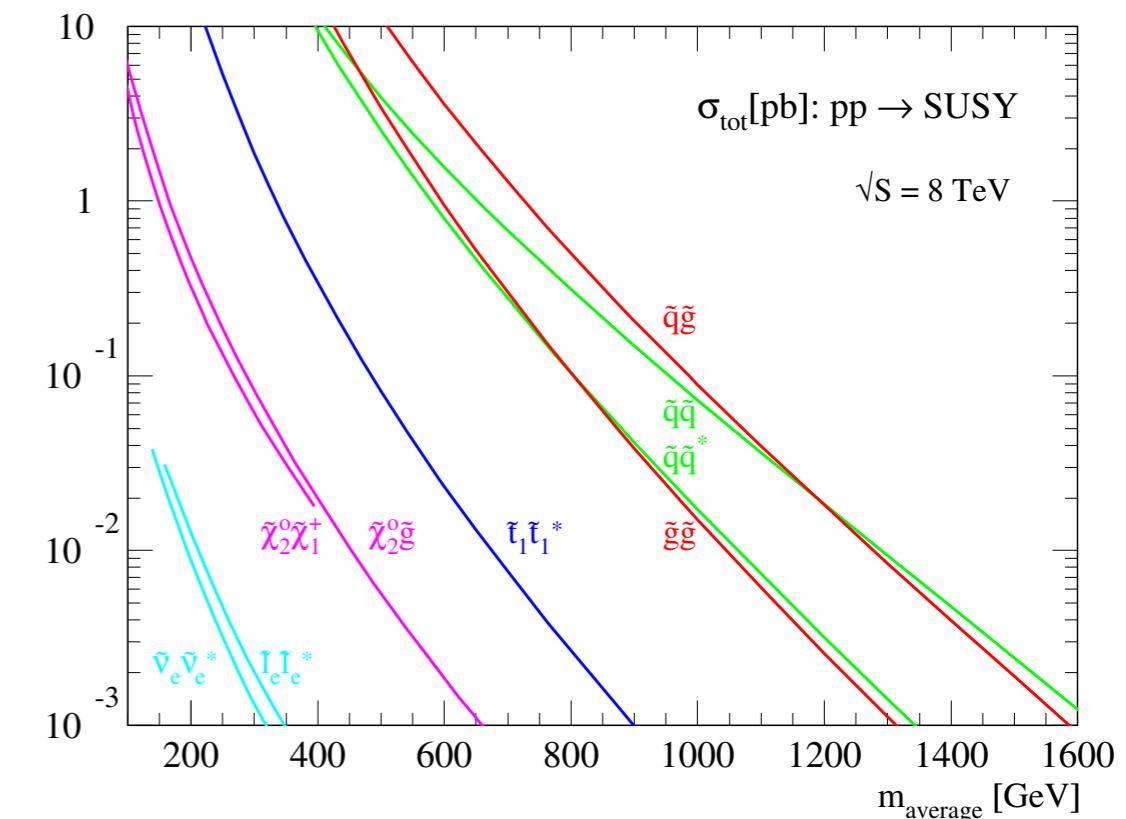
- **gluino-mediated production**

( $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$  followed by  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 b$  or  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t$ )

- **directly in pairs**

In ATLAS several searches to cover different production and decay modes and regions of the phase space.

Interpretation in the context of simplified models, assuming typically 100% BR for given decay mode.



## Direct sbottom and/or gluino-mediated production:

- 0L: *JHEP10(2013)189*
- 0L +  $\geq 7$ - 10 jets : *JHEP10(2013)130*
- • 0/1L + 3 b-jets: *arXiv 1407.0600*
- • 2SS/3L: *JHEP 06 (2014) 035*

## Direct stop searches:

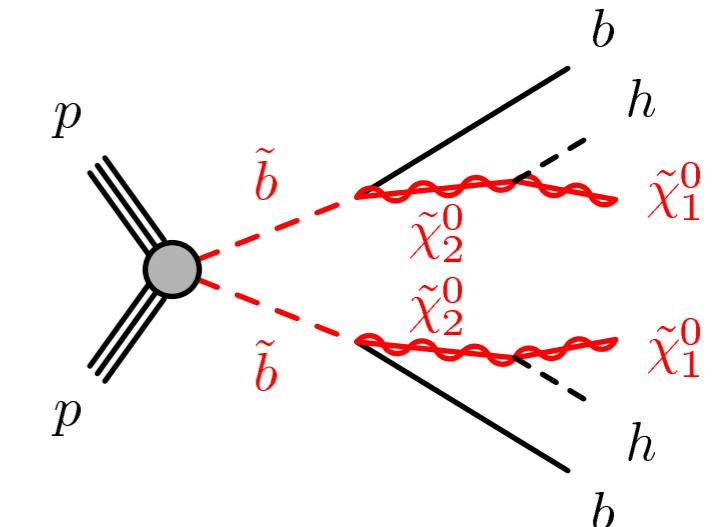
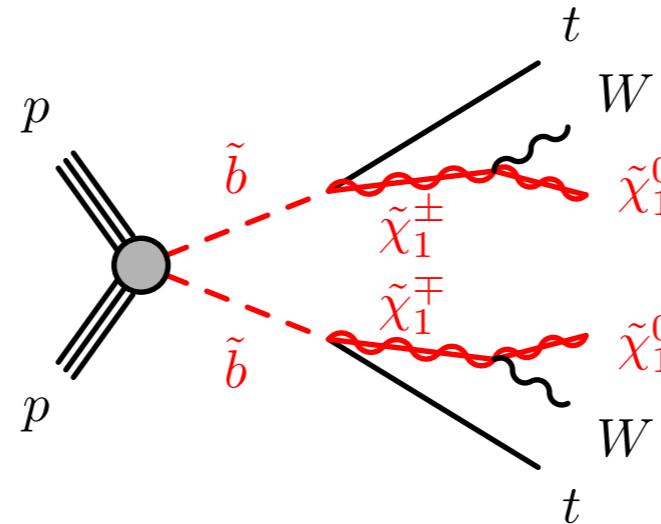
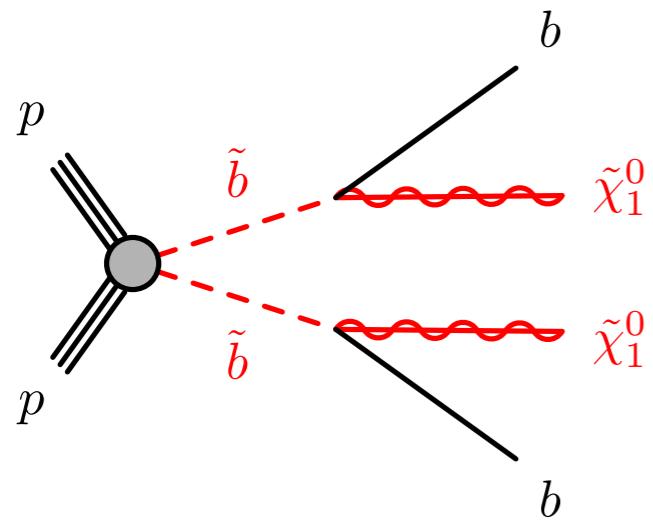
- • 0L: *arXiv:1406.1122*
- • 1L: *arXiv 1407.0583*
- 2L: *JHEP 06 (2014) 124*
- Z search: *Eur. Phys. J. C (2014) 74:2883*
- stau search: *ATLAS-CONF-2014-014*
- • c search: *arXiv 1407.0608*

→ **Most recent results presented in this talk**

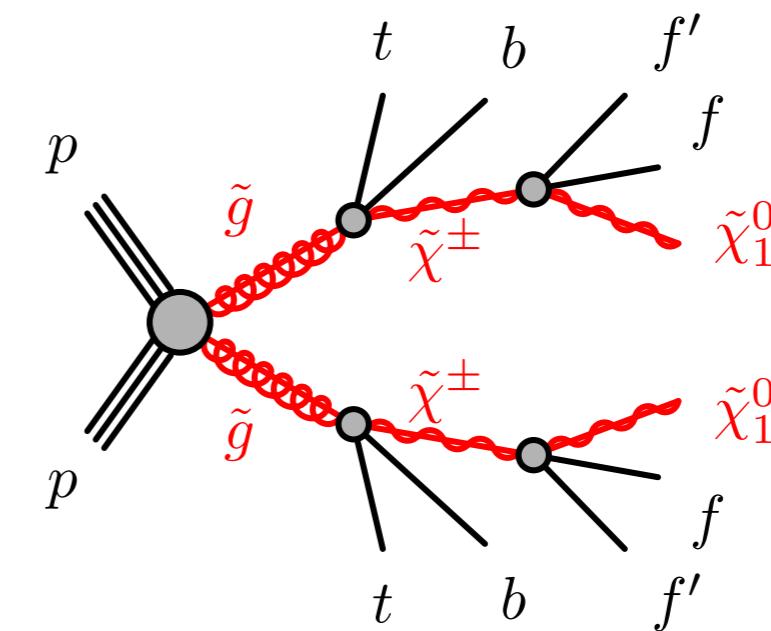
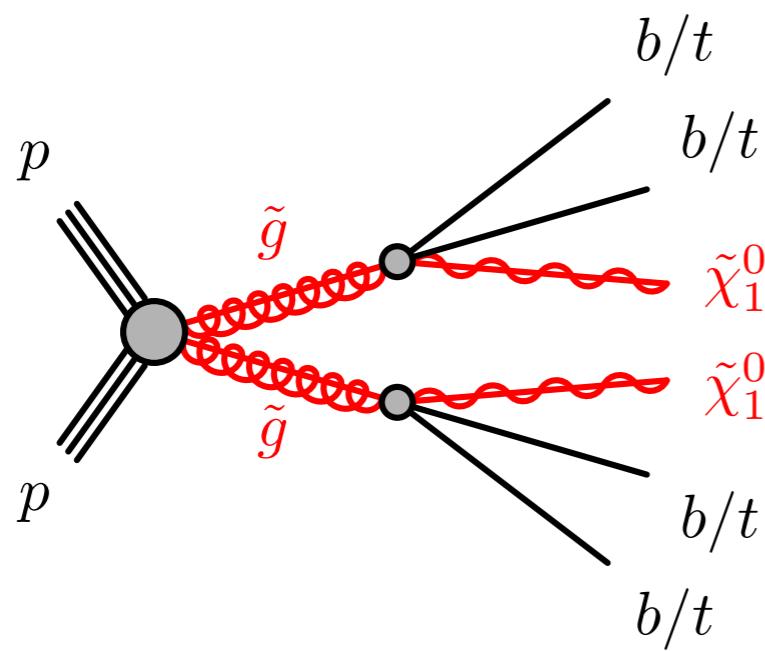
# **Direct sbottom and gluino-mediated stop/sbottom**

# Target models

## Direct sbottom



## Gluino-mediated stop / sbottom



# 0/I lepton + 3 b-jets

NEW

arXiv 1407.0600

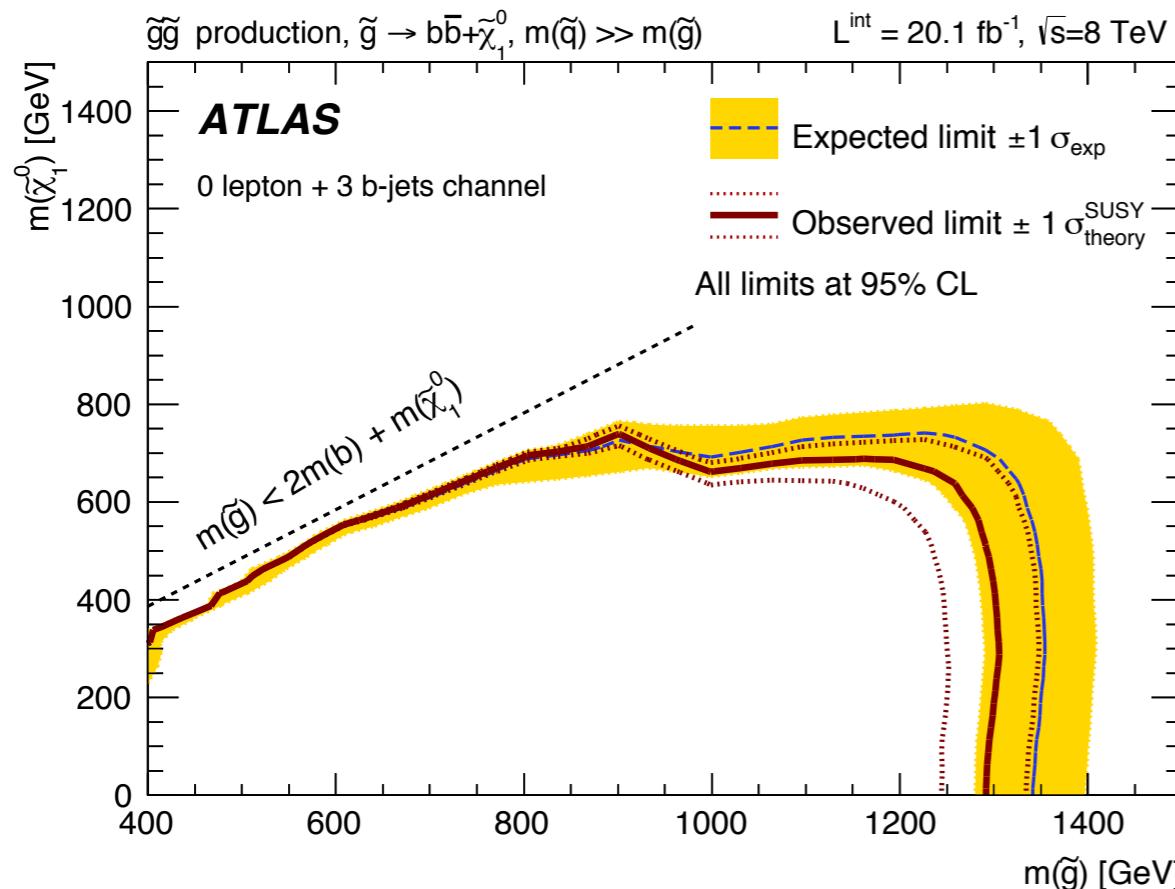
## 0/I lepton, $\geq 3$ b-jets, 4-7 jets, MET

3 sets of SRs:

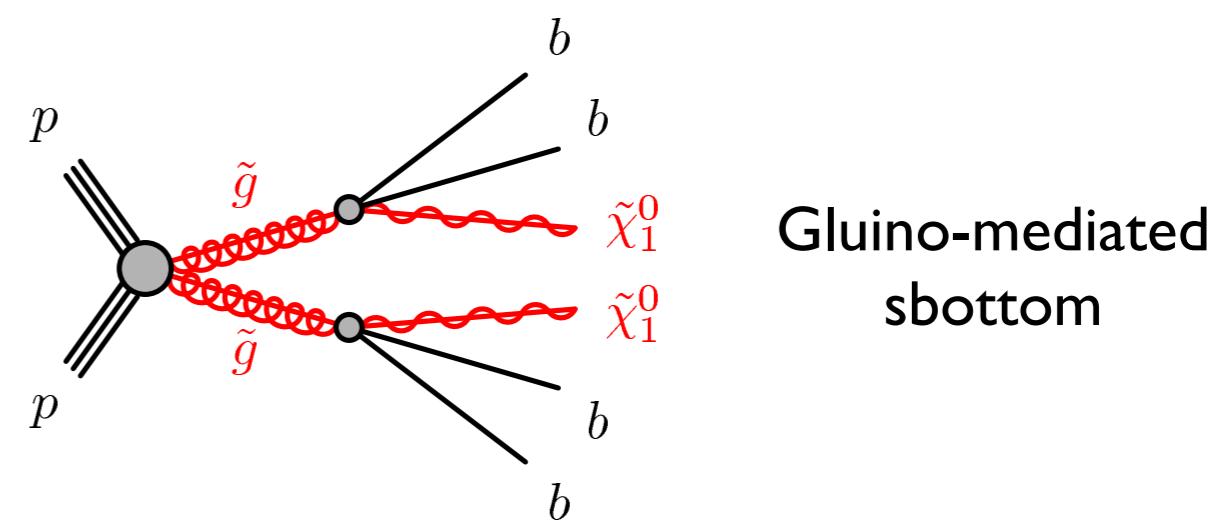
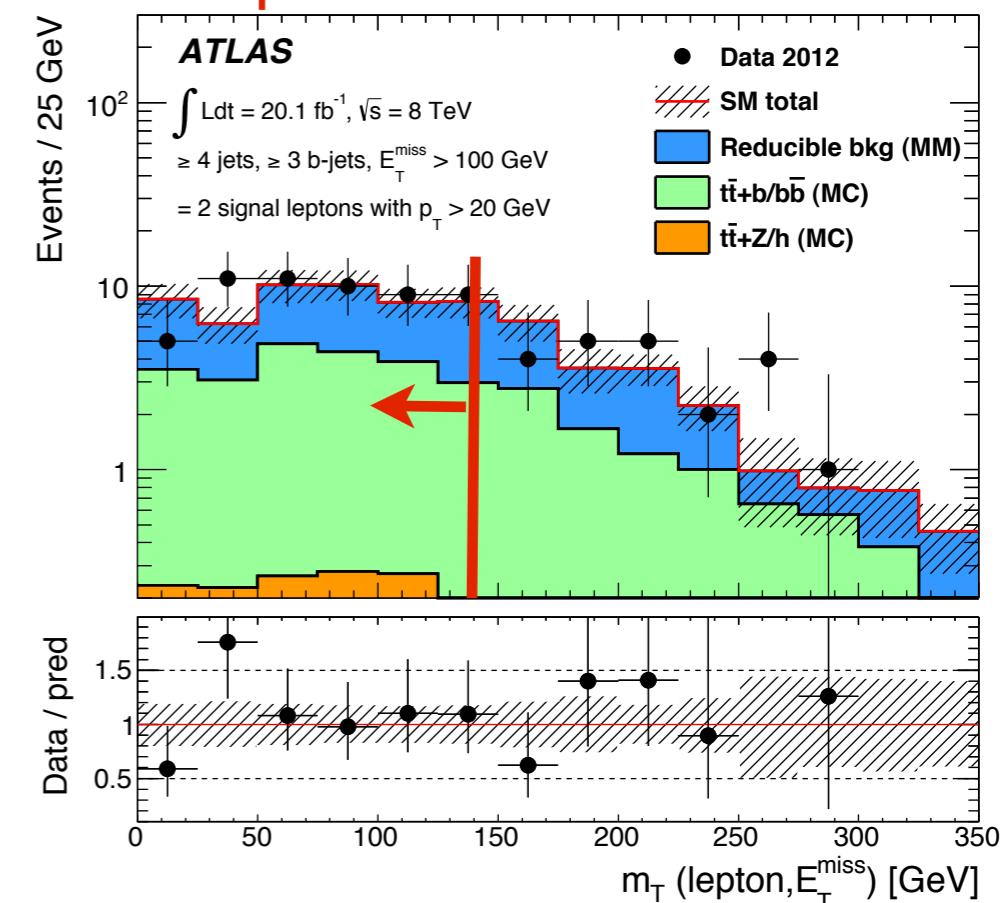
- 0L +  $\geq 4$  jets: sbottom models
- 0L +  $\geq 7$  jets, 1L +  $\geq 6$  jets: models with tops

Backgrounds:

- fake b-jets (mainly ttbar)  $\rightarrow$  Matrix Method
- processes with 3 real b-jets: ttbar + b/bbar (using 2 lep. CR), ttbar + Z/h( $\rightarrow$  bbar) (from MC)

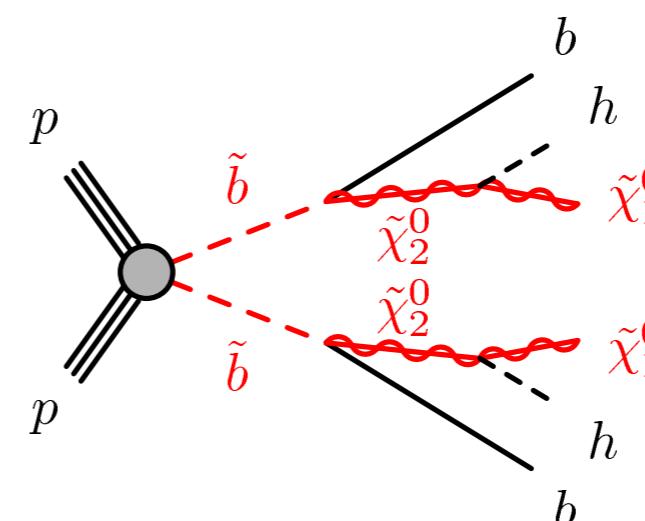
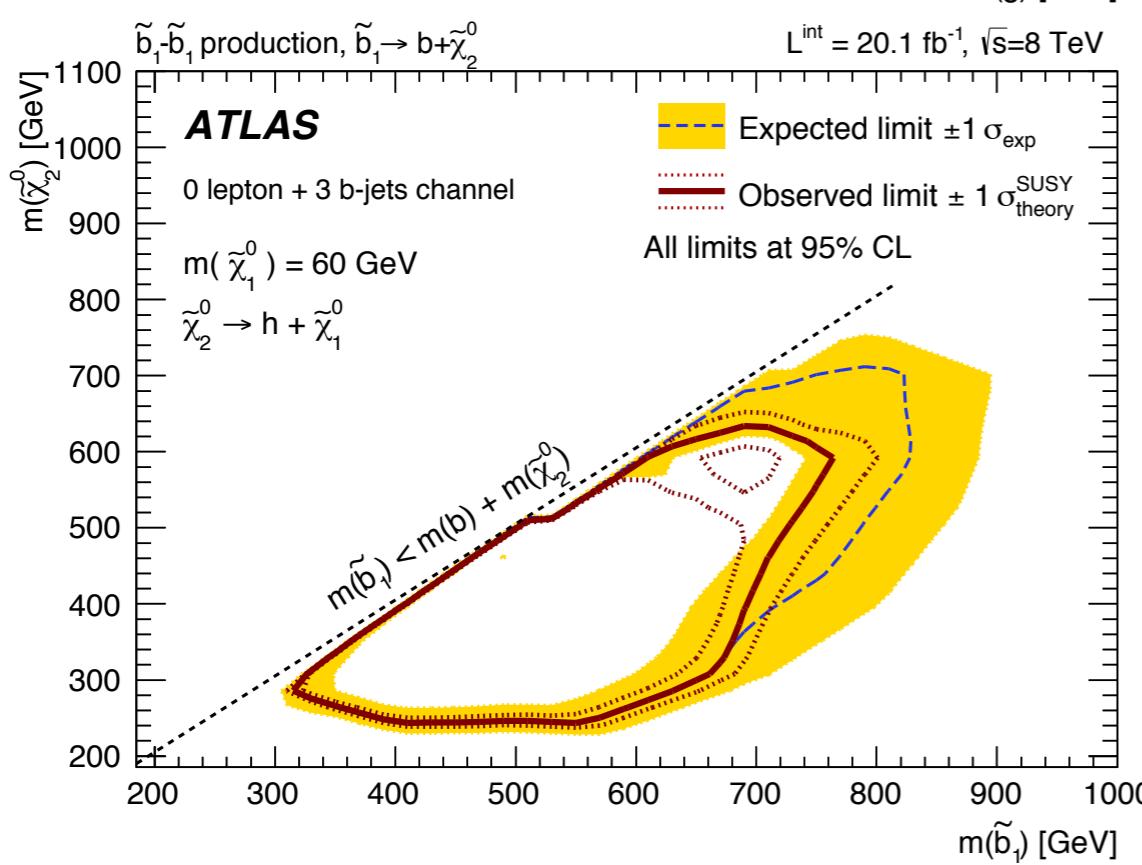
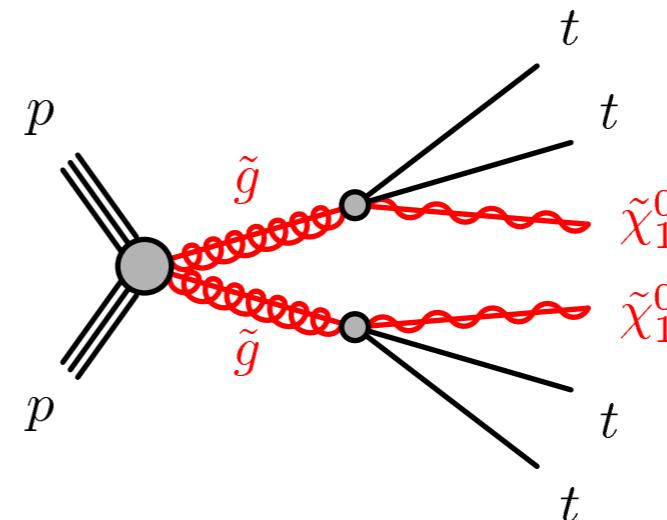
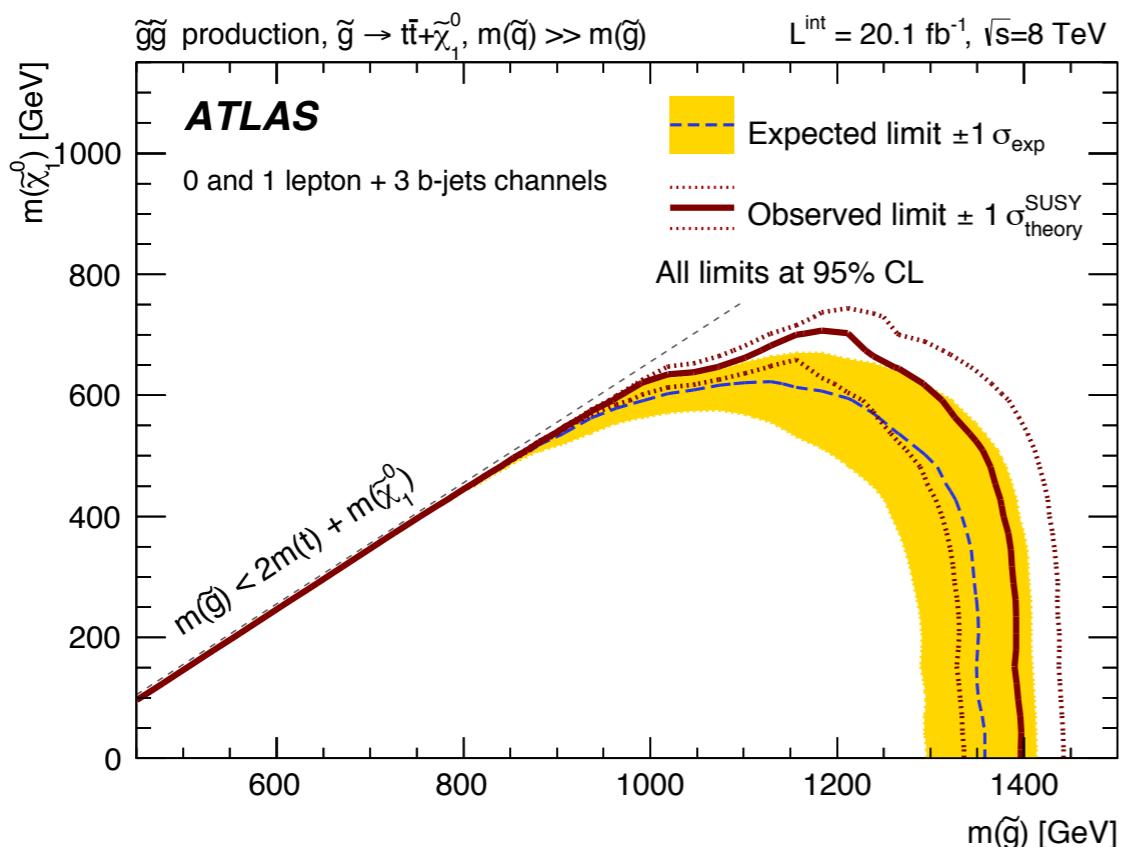


## 2 lepton CR



# 0/1 lepton + 3 b-jets

NEW



# 2SS / 3L + jets

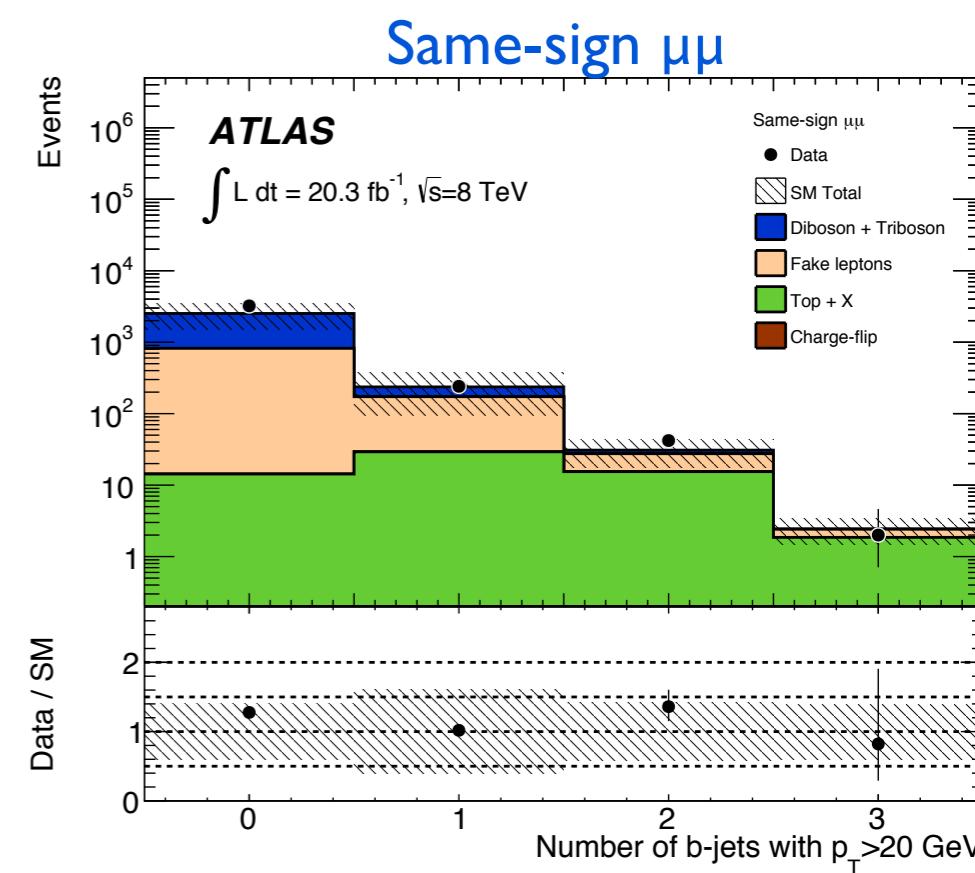
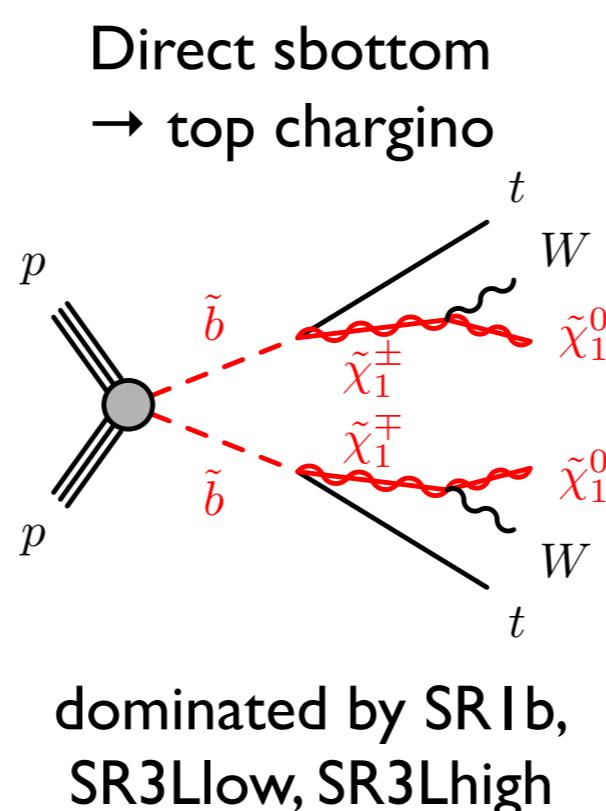
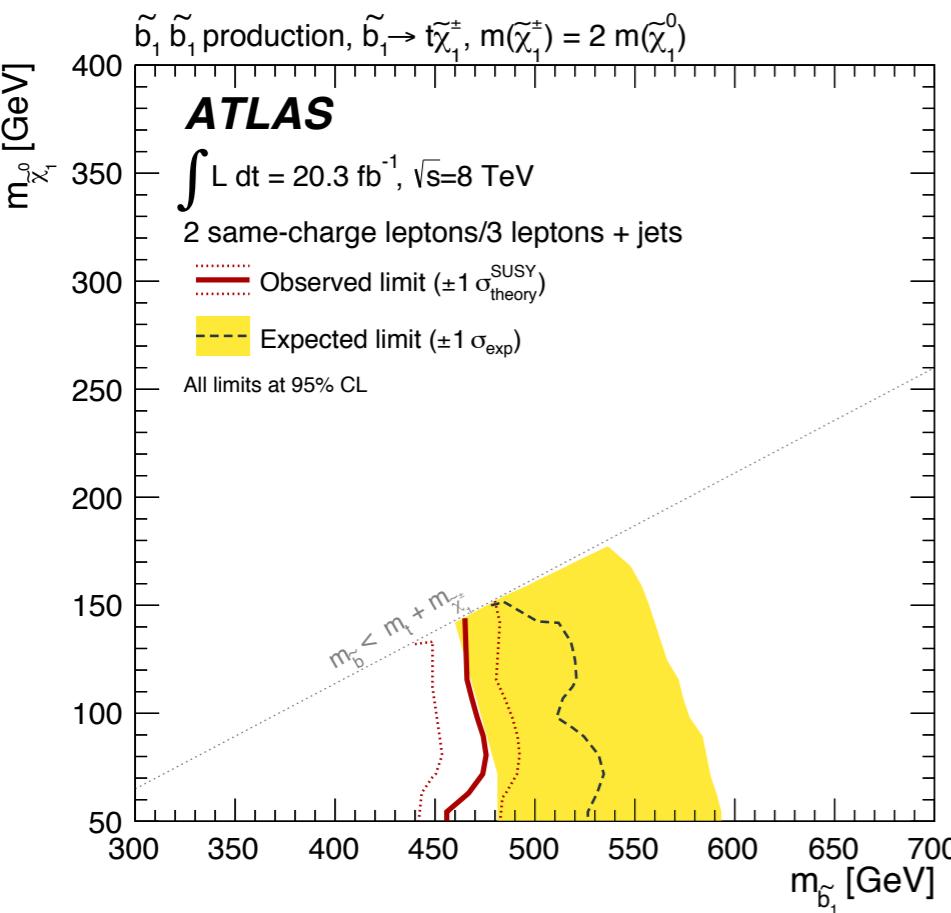
**2 same-sign or 3 leptons, jets, MET**

arXiv 1404.2500, JHEP 06 (2014) 035

Variable	SR3b	SR1b	SR0b	SR3L <sub>low</sub>	SR3L <sub>high</sub>
<b>Leptons</b>	SS or 3L	SS	SS	3L	3L
<b>N<sub>b-jets</sub></b>	$\geq 3$	$\geq 1$	0	-	-
<b>N<sub>jets</sub></b>	$\geq 5$	$\geq 3$	$\geq 3$	$\geq 4$	$\geq 4$
<b>E<sub>T</sub><sup>miss</sup></b>	-	$> 150$	$> 150$	50 - 150	$> 150$
<b>m<sub>Eff</sub></b>	$> 350$	$> 700$	$> 400$	$> 400$	$> 400$

Backgrounds:

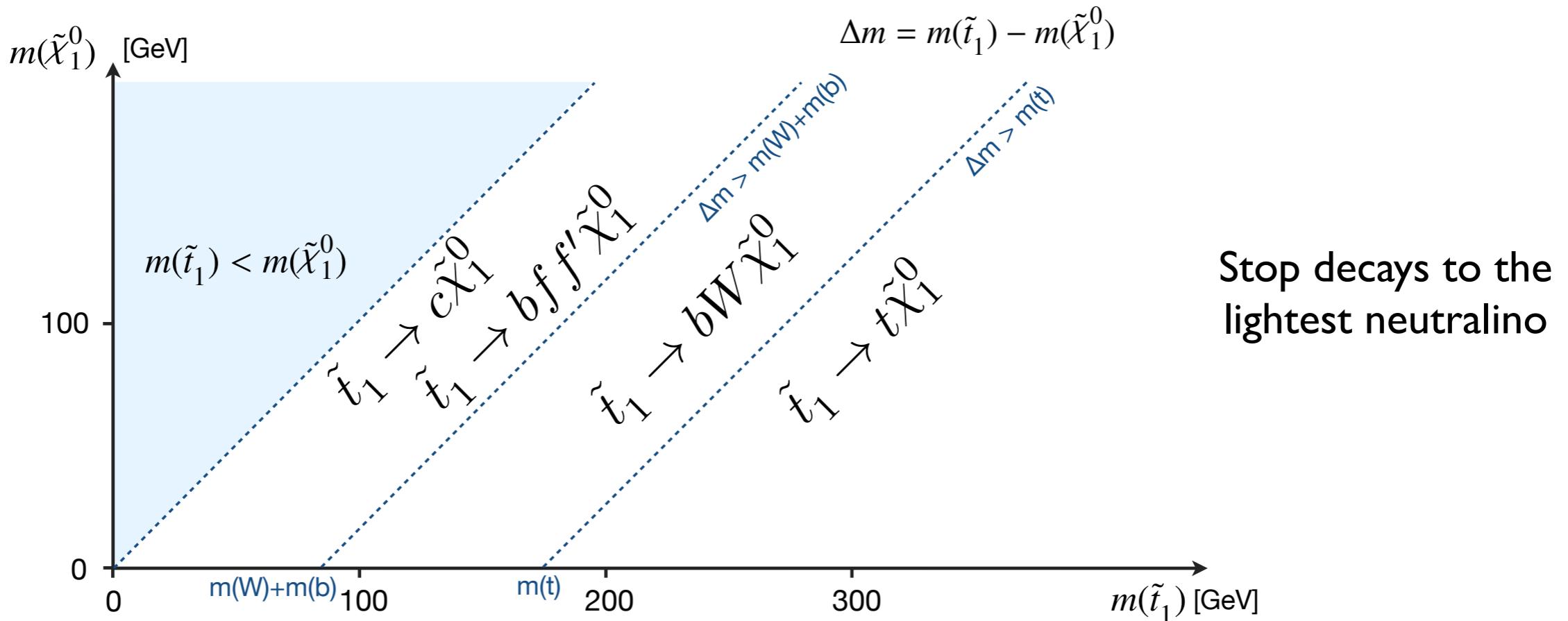
- fake leptons → Matrix Method
- charge mis-identification: data-driven (likelihood method)
- processes with prompt leptons (dibosons, ttbar + V): from MC, cross-checked in validation regions



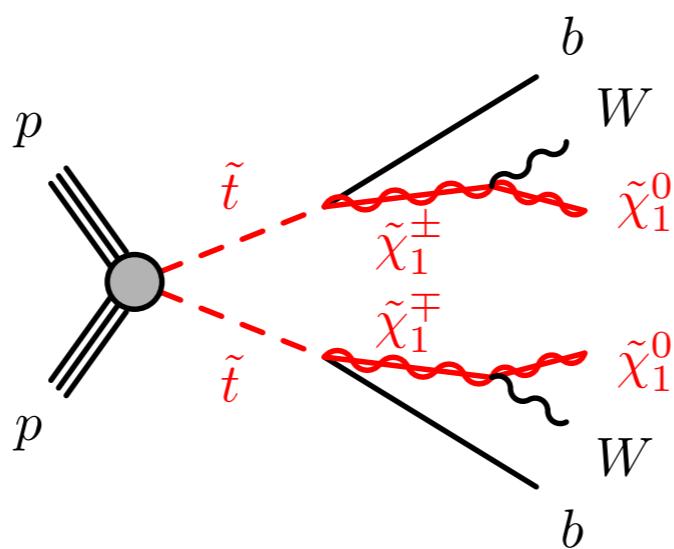
# Direct stop

# Stop decay modes

The stop can decay to a variety of final states, depending also on the mass hierarchy of the lightest stop, chargino and neutralino



Stop decays to the  
lightest neutralino



Stop decays via the lightest  
chargino also possible.

# All hadronic final states

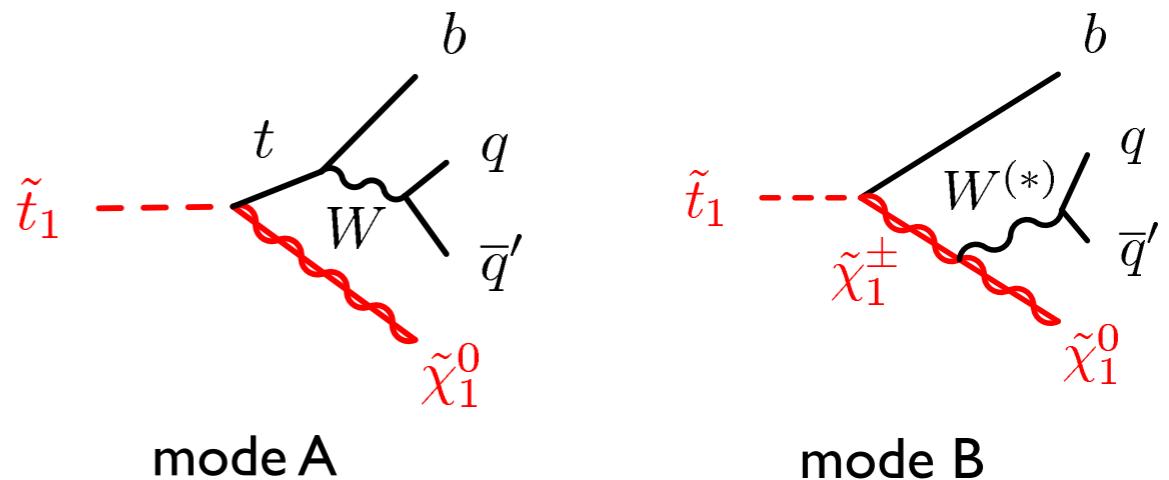
Target 2 possible stop decay modes (100% BR for each decay mode and a mix of the two)

## 0 leptons, $\geq 2$ b-jets, MET

Three sets of signal regions:

- SRA, “fully resolved”: 6 distinct jets from stop-stop decay (in A, B)
- SRB, “partially resolved”: 4 or 5 jets due to boosted top in A (high stop mass)
- SRC: 5 jets, one below threshold due to small mass splitting  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  in B

[arXiv:1406.1122](https://arxiv.org/abs/1406.1122)



## Discriminating variables

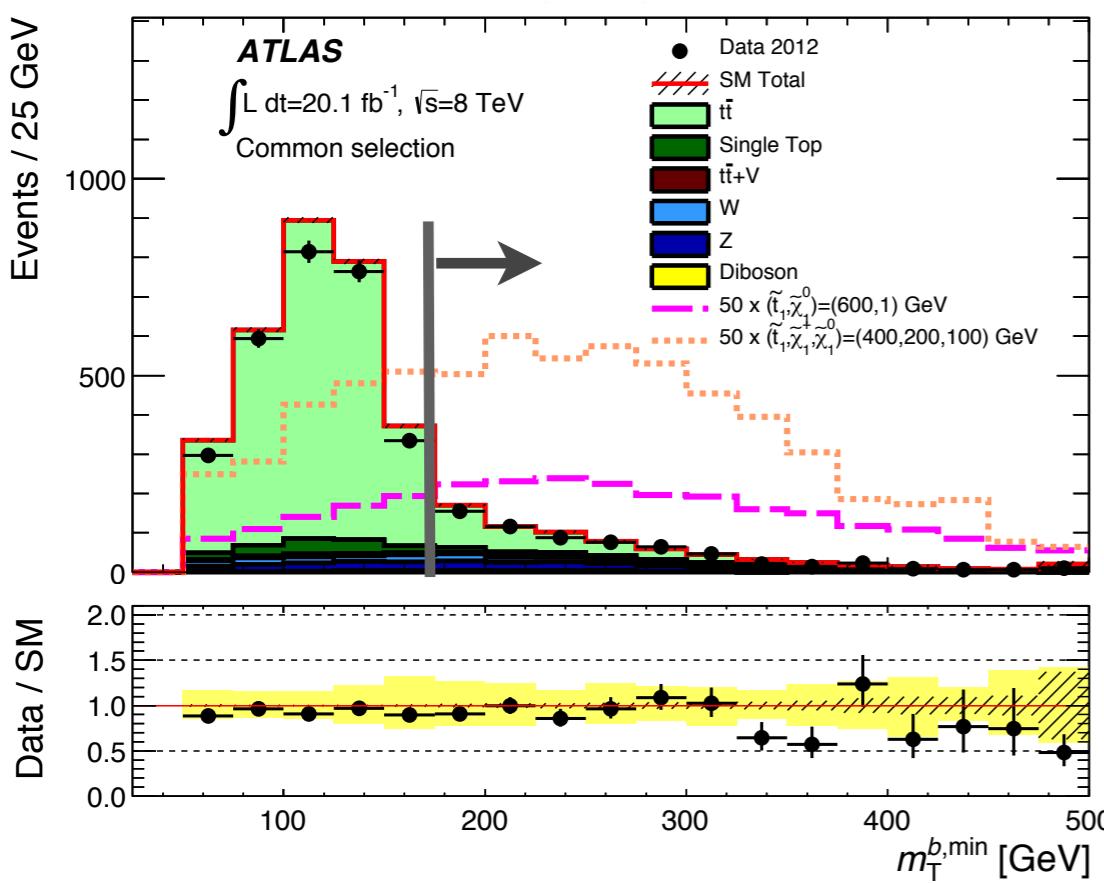
- $\min \Delta\varphi$  (MET, jet): reject events with fake MET
- $m_T$  from MET and b-jet closest in  $\varphi$  to MET vector: reject ttbar

## Main Backgrounds:

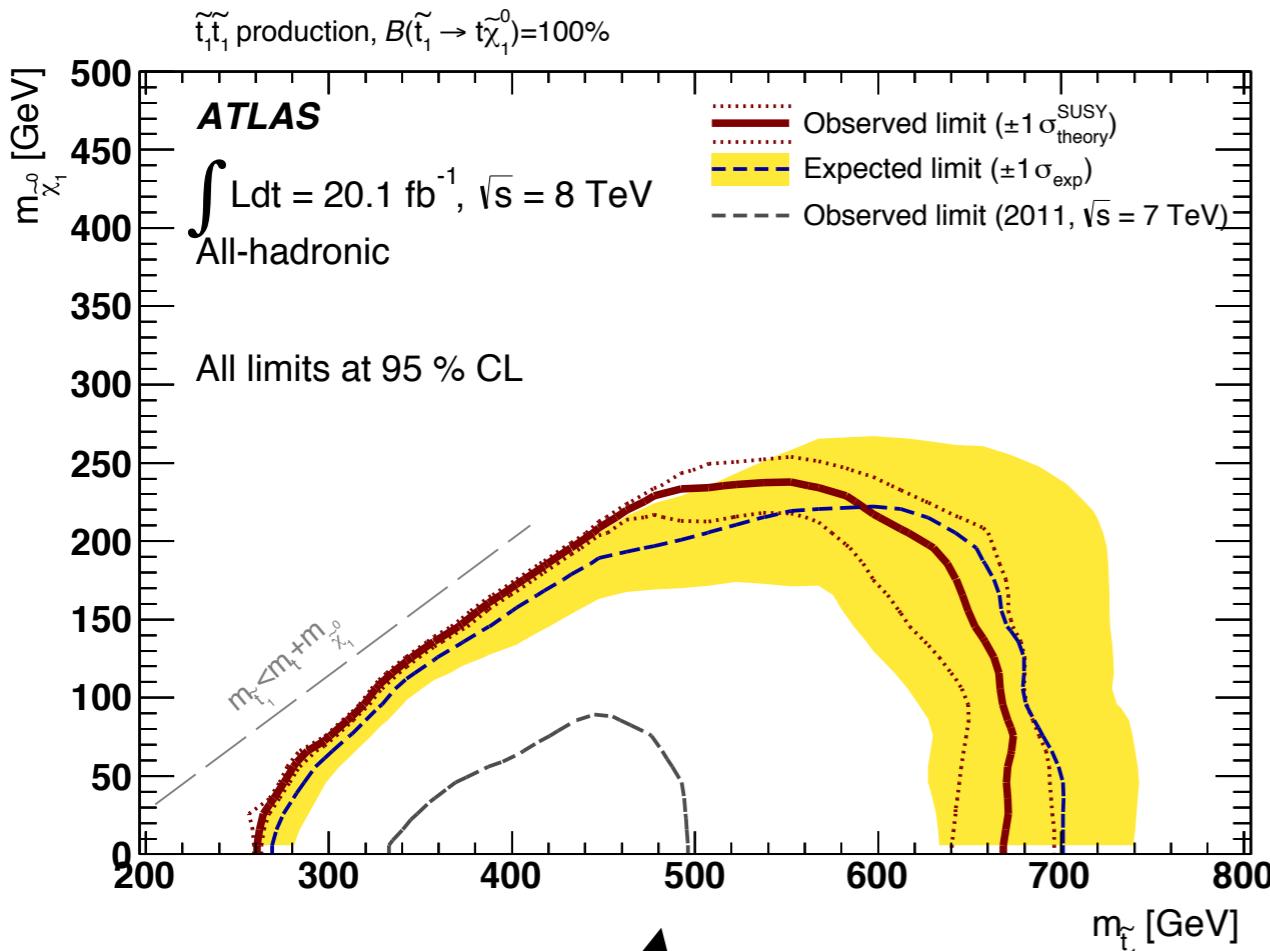
- Multi-jets: jet smearing method
- Semileptonic ttbar and  $Z(vv) + HF$  jets: from CRs

I lepton CR,  
treat lepton as jet

2 lepton CR,  
add lepton  $p_T$  to MET



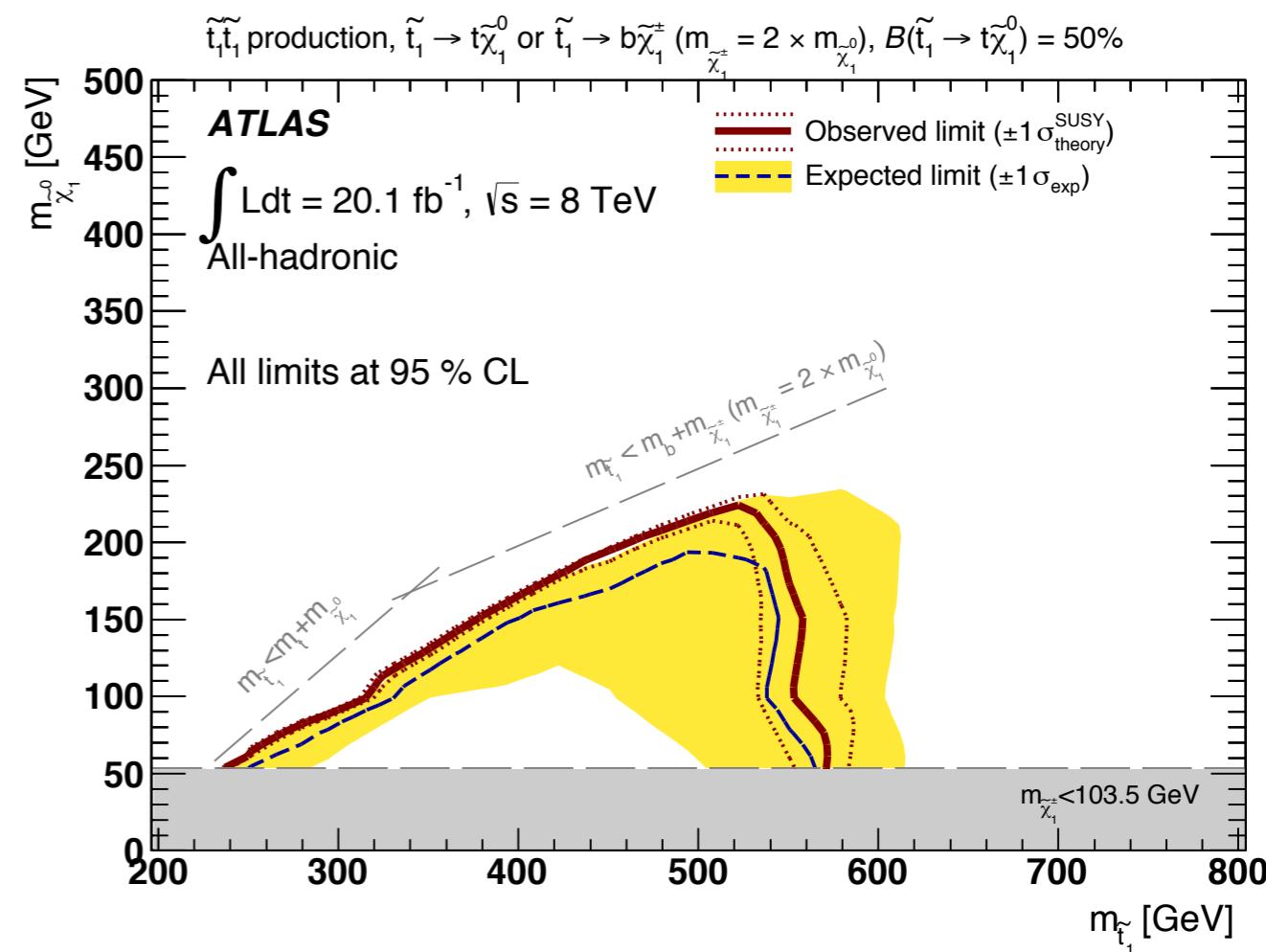
# All hadronic final states: limits



Combination of SRA and SRC regions most sensitive for small  $\Delta m$  (stop-neutralino)

Combination of SRA and SRB regions most sensitive for large  $\Delta m$  (stop-neutralino)

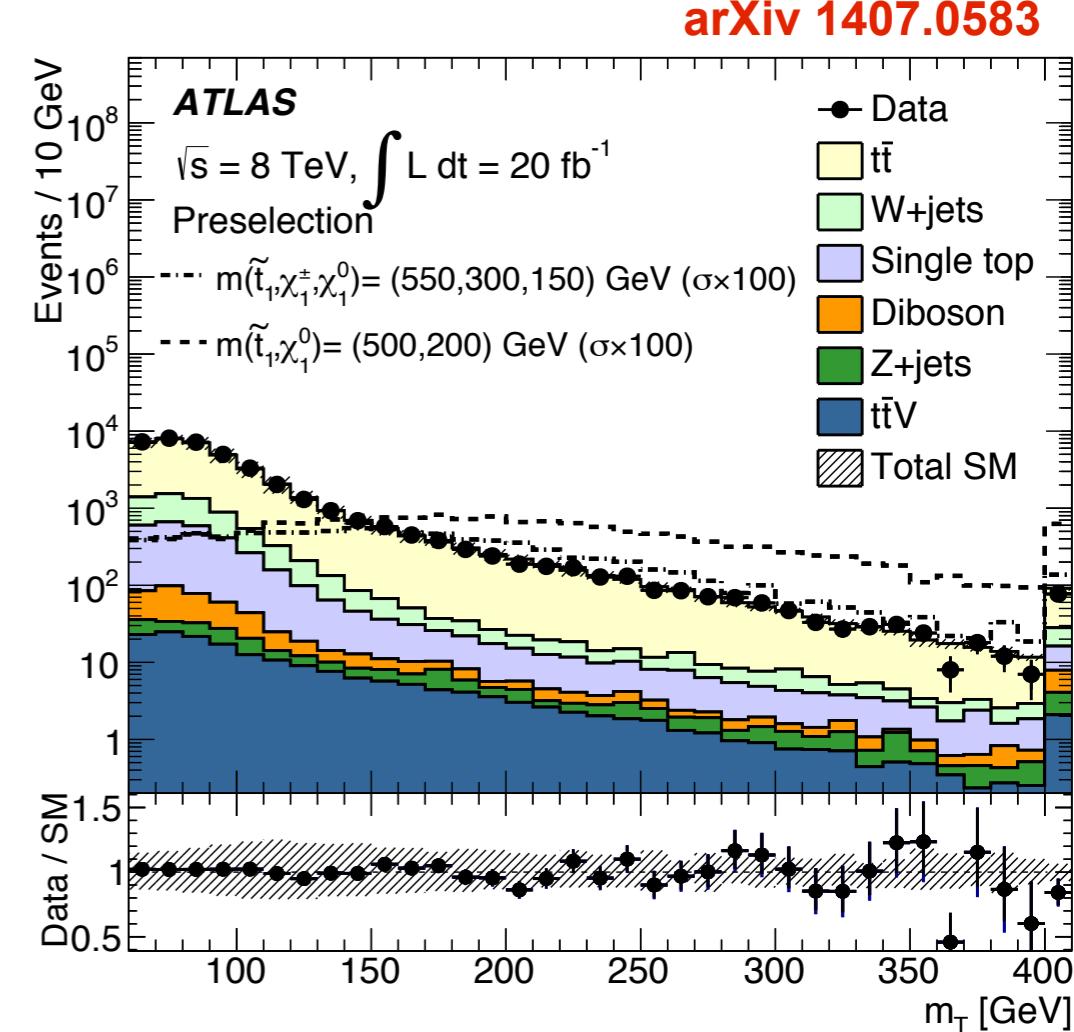
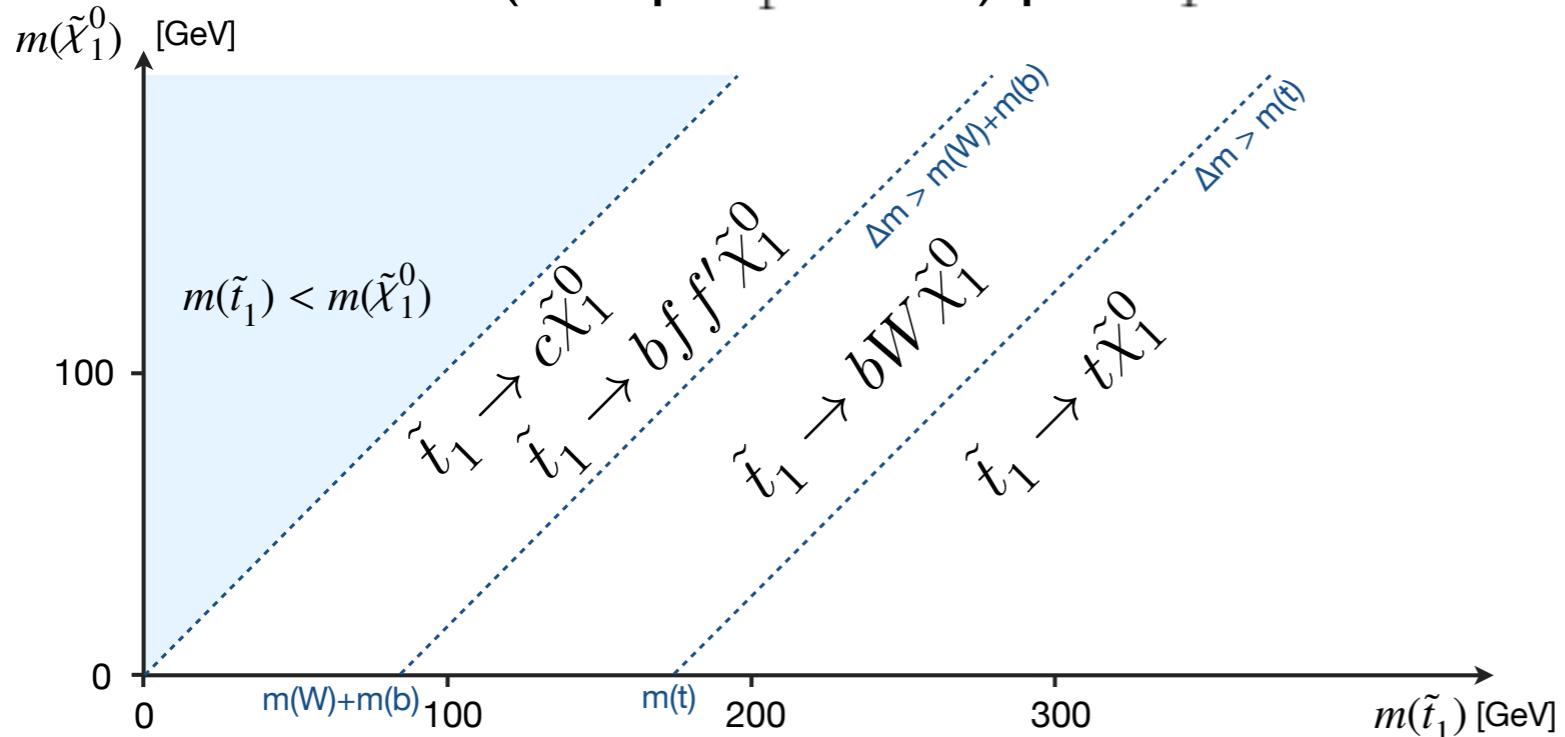
Exclusion limits as for a mix of the two stop decay modes



# I lepton + jets + MET

NEW

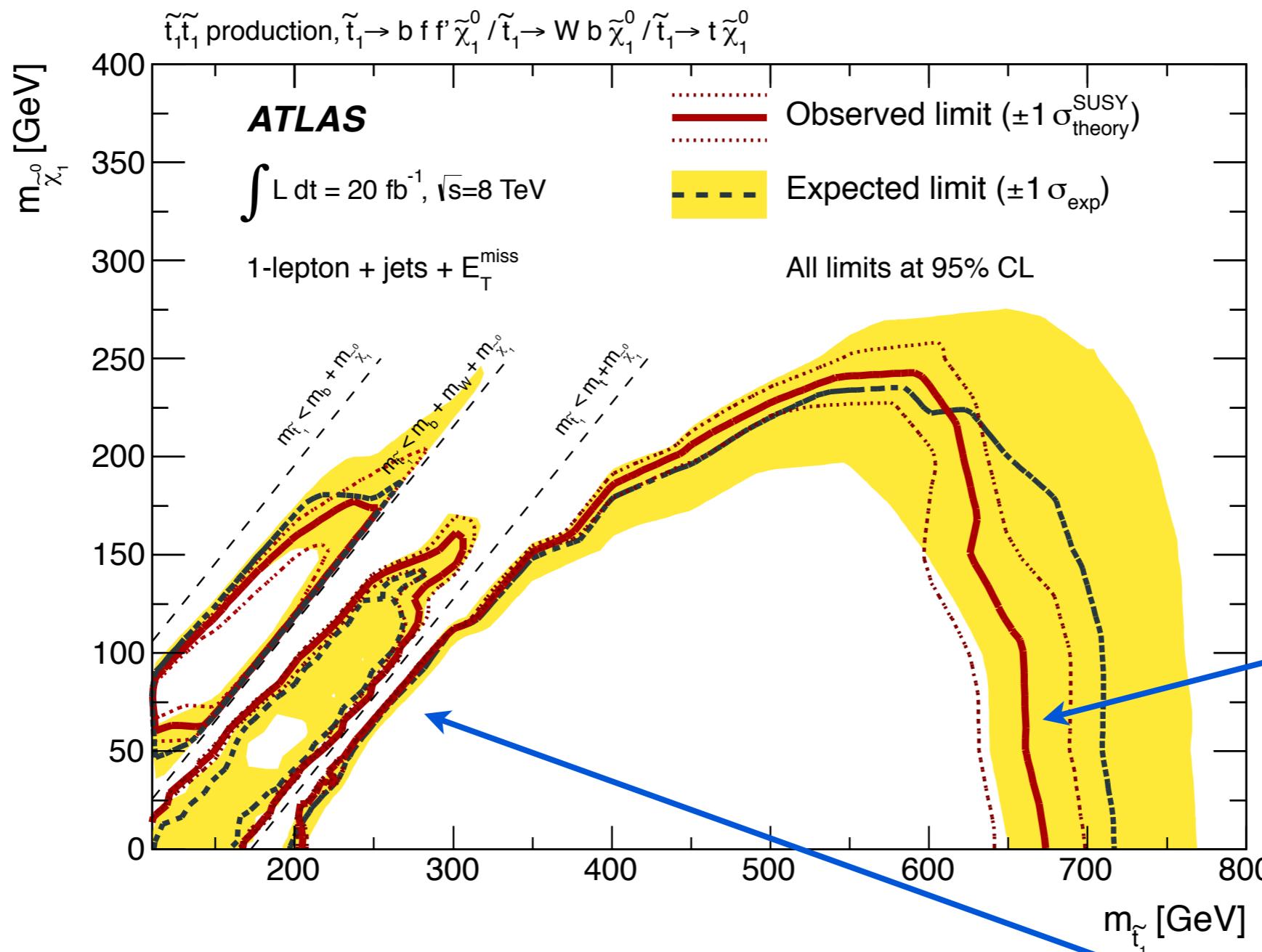
This search targets all decay modes to LSP (except  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ) plus  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$



- Preselection: **I lepton,  $\geq 2\text{-}4$  jets, MET**
- 15 SRs for different decay modes and parts of the mass plane
- Main background di-leptonic ttbar, discriminating variables:  $m_T$  and  $m_{T2}$  variables, topness, hadronic top mass, etc.
- W+jets and ttbar background normalized in CRs (selected using  $m_T$  )
- Hypothesis testing using cut-and-count or shape-fit

# I lepton + jets + MET

NEW



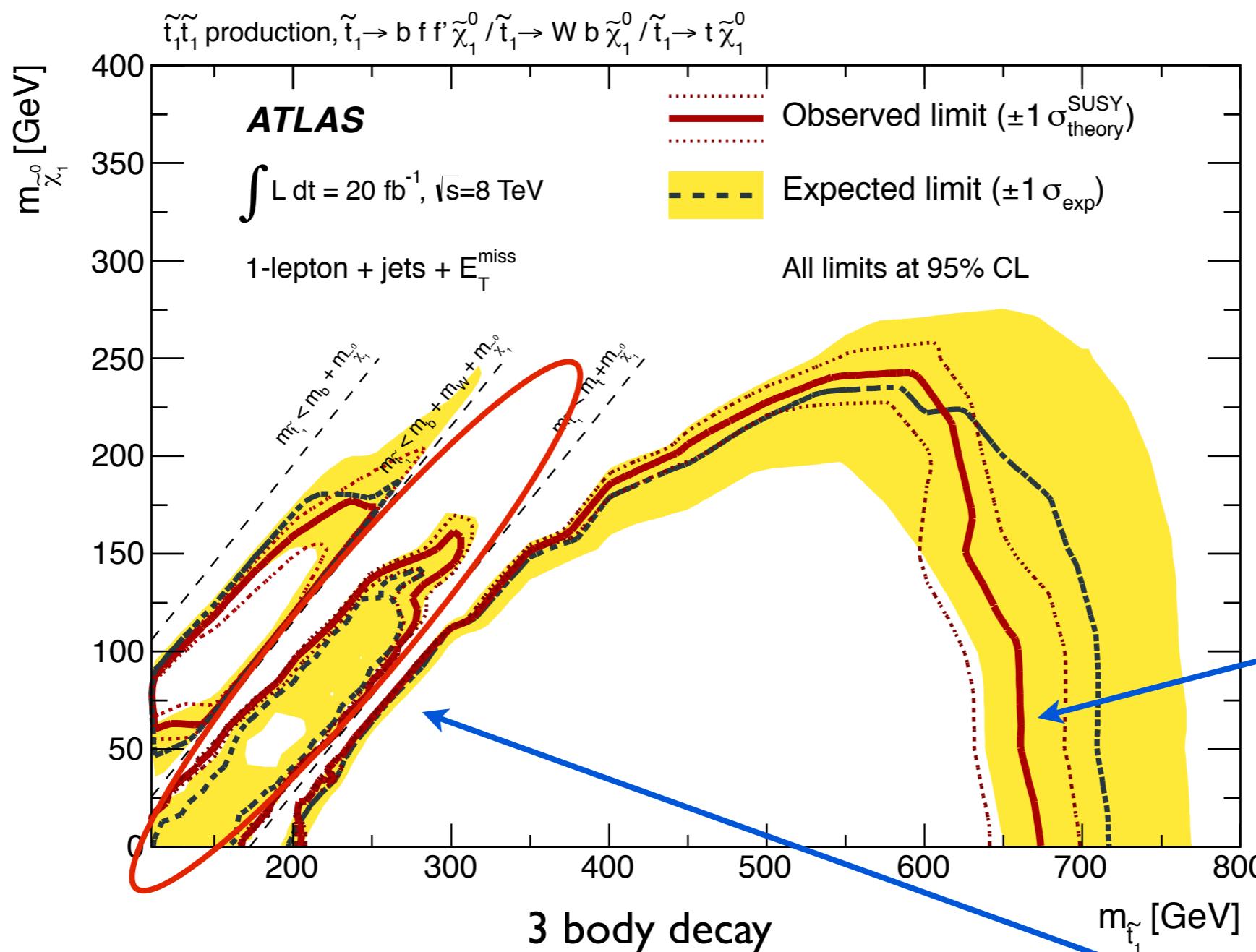
$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$   
**I lepton ( $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ )**  
 $\geq 4 \text{ jets}, \geq 1 \text{ b-jet}$   
**large MET**

Take advantage of  
**boosted topology**  
of heavy stop decay:  
large R-jets

Shape fit to improve  
sensitivity on the diagonal  
in MET and  $m_T$

# I lepton + jets + MET

NEW



$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$

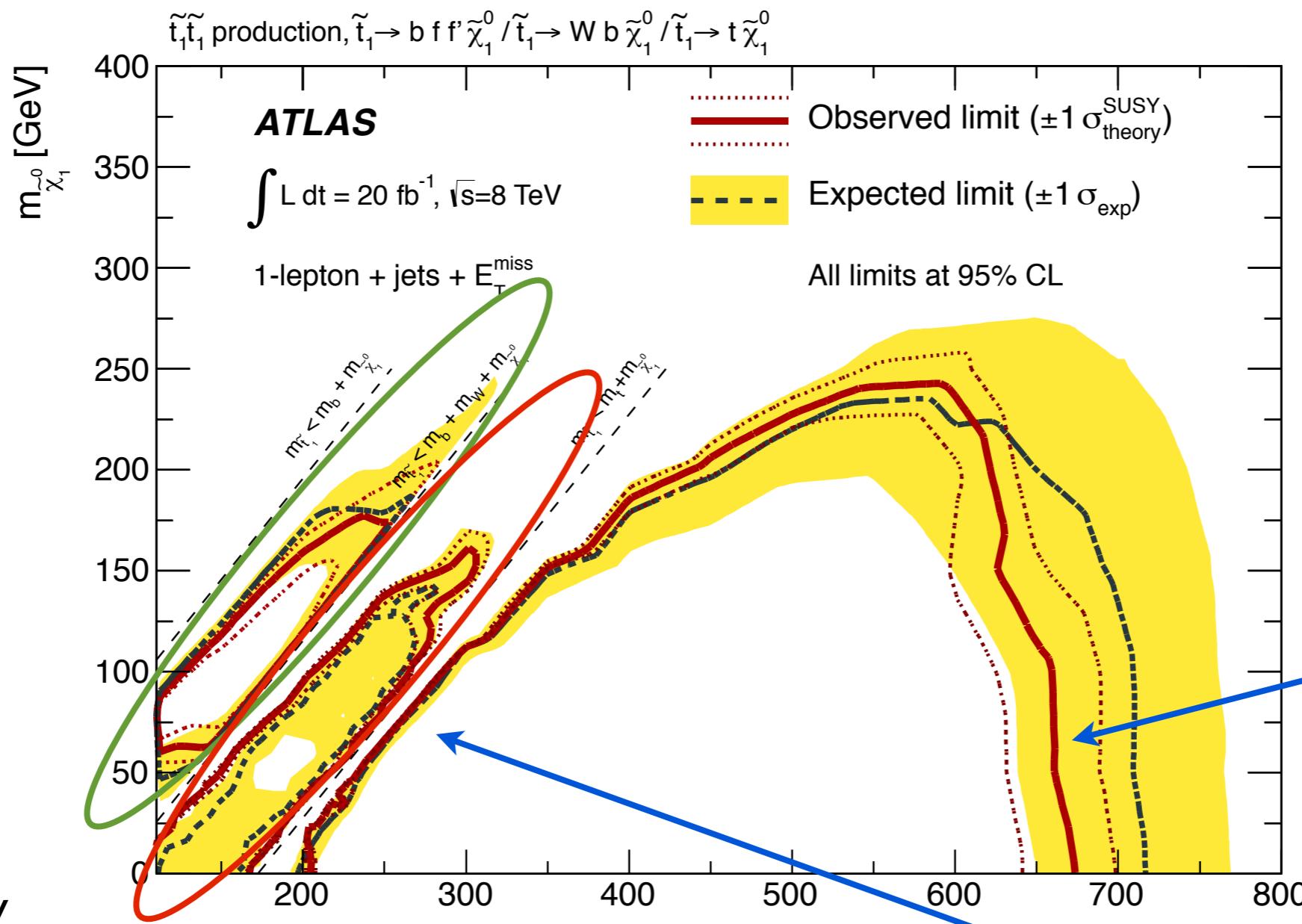
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Take advantage of  
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I lepton ( $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ )  
 $\geq 4 \text{ jets}, \geq 1 \text{ b-jet, MET}$   
 softer thresholds  
 2D shape fit in  $m_T$  and  $m_{T2}$

# I lepton + jets + MET

NEW



$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$

I lepton ( $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ )  
 $\geq 4 \text{ jets, } \geq 1 \text{ b-jet}$   
 large MET

Take advantage of  
**boosted topology**  
 of heavy stop decay:  
 large R-jets

4 body decay

uses ISR jet recoiling against stop decay products  
 I soft lepton ( $p_T > 6/7 \text{ GeV}$ )  
 hard leading jet anti b-tagged  
 $\geq 1 \text{ b-jet, MET}$

3 body decay

I lepton ( $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ )  
 $\geq 4 \text{ jets, } \geq 1 \text{ b-jet, MET}$   
 softer thresholds  
 2D shape fit in  $m_T$  and  $m_{T2}$

$m_{\tilde{t}_1} [\text{GeV}]$

Shape fit to improve sensitivity on the diagonal in MET and  $m_T$

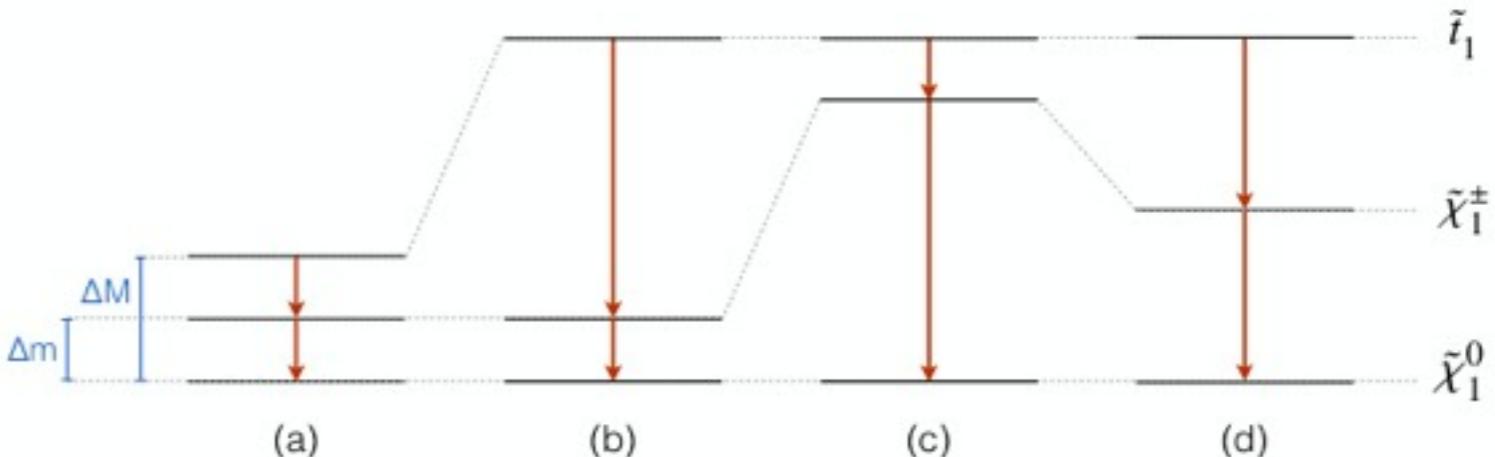
# I lepton + jets + MET

NEW

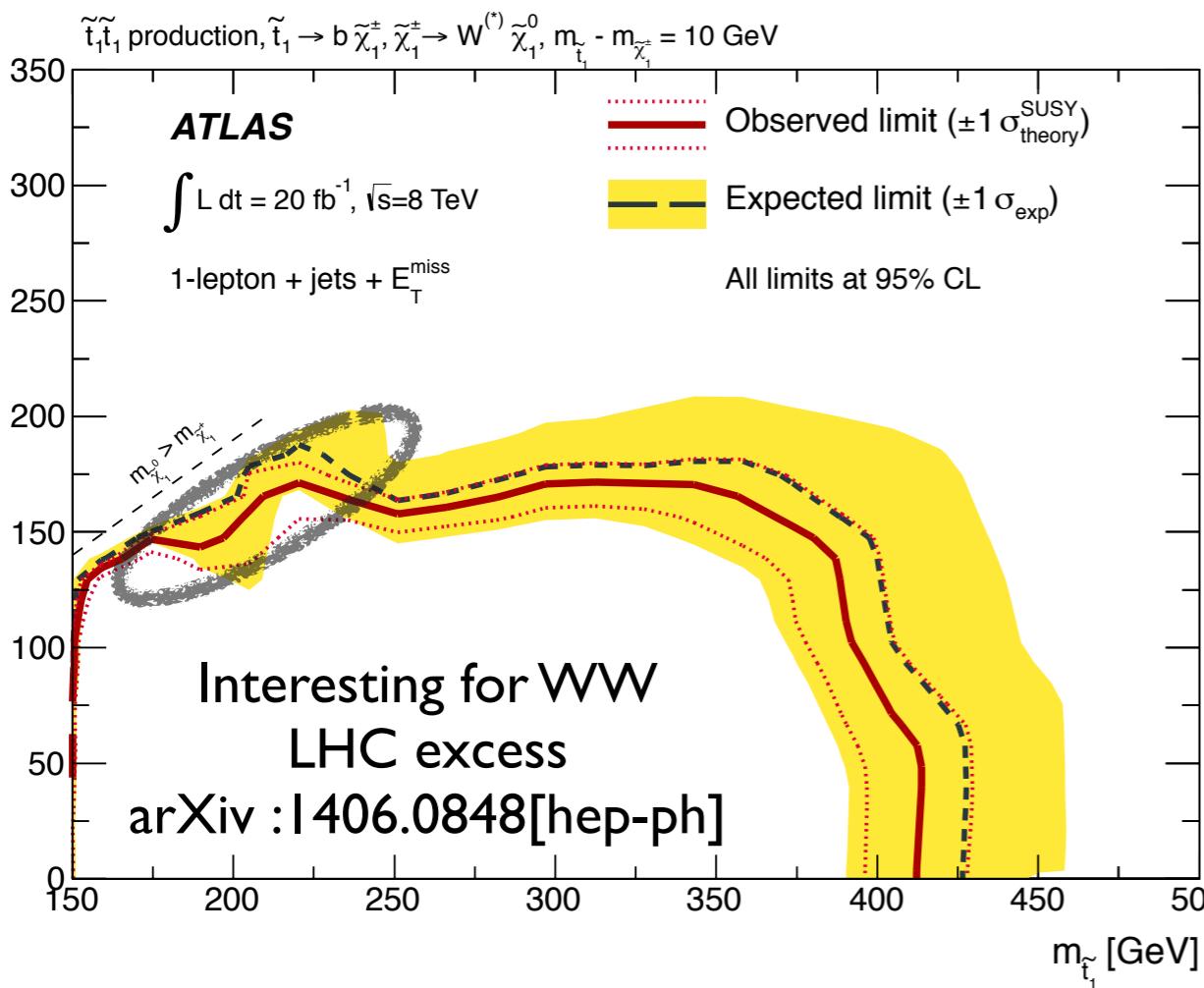
$$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$$

Selection depends on mass splittings between stop, chargino and neutralino

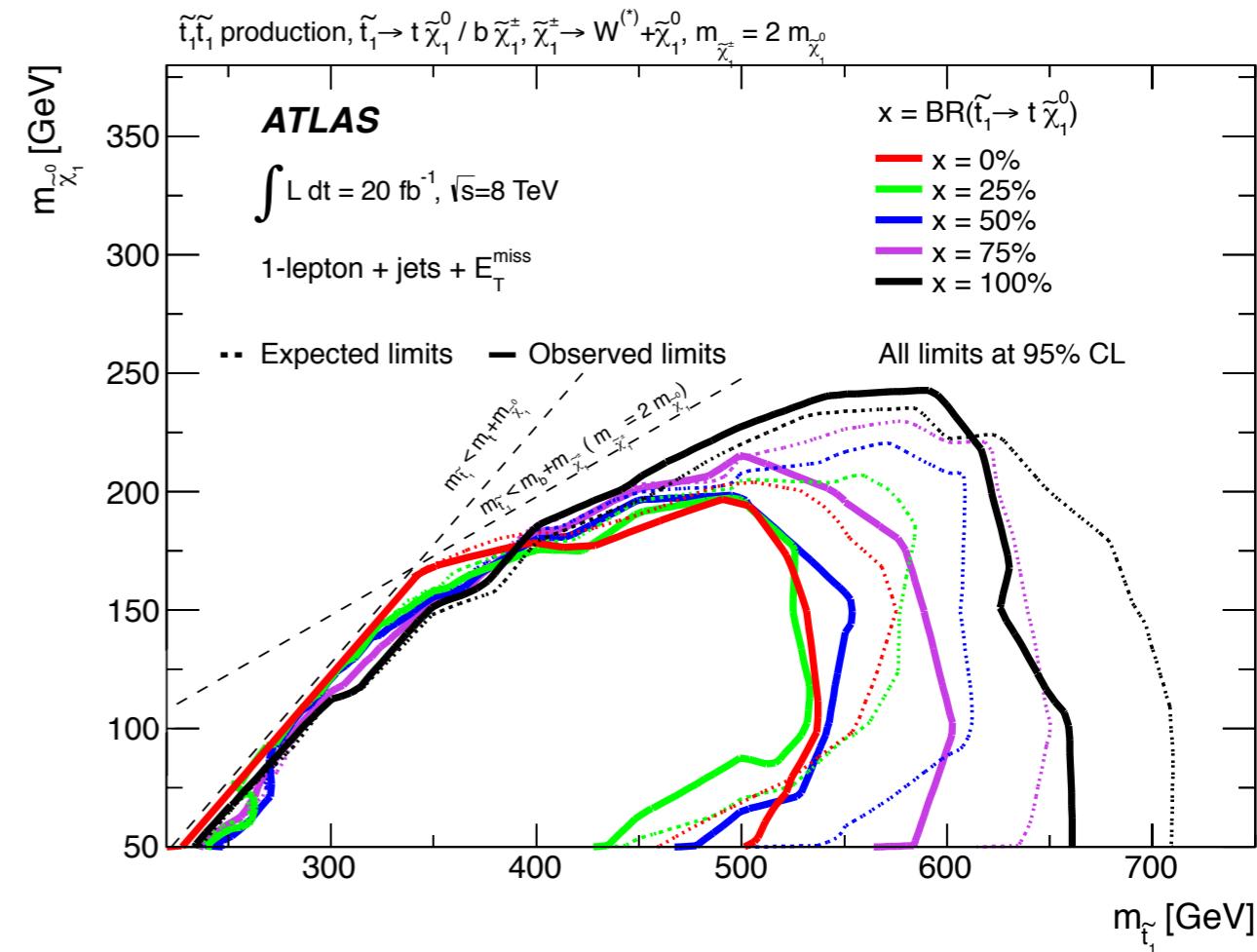
Dedicated selection to cover all scenarios:  
here showing two examples



Scenario a and c ( $\Delta M=10$  GeV)



Exclusion limits as for a mix of the two stop decay modes: contours as a function of  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  BR



# Stop charm search

arXiv 1407.0608

Two possible stop decay modes for  $\Delta m < m_W + m_b$

(where  $\Delta m \equiv m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ )

- $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- four-body decay

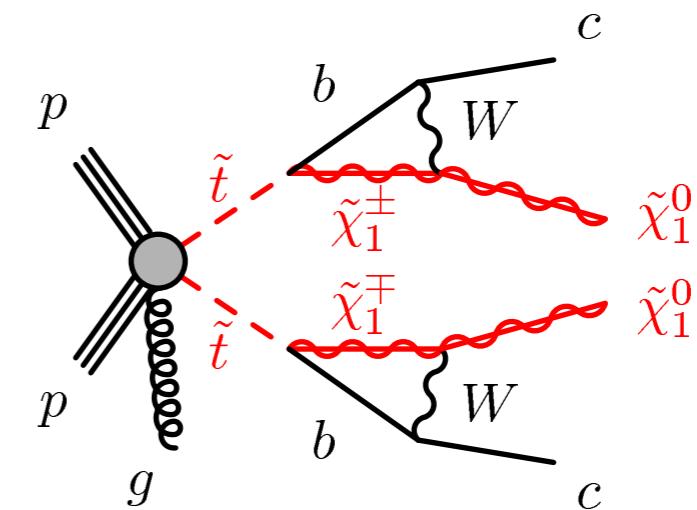
Signature:

- two charm jets with relatively low  $p_T$
  - small MET
- Require ISR to boost the stop system

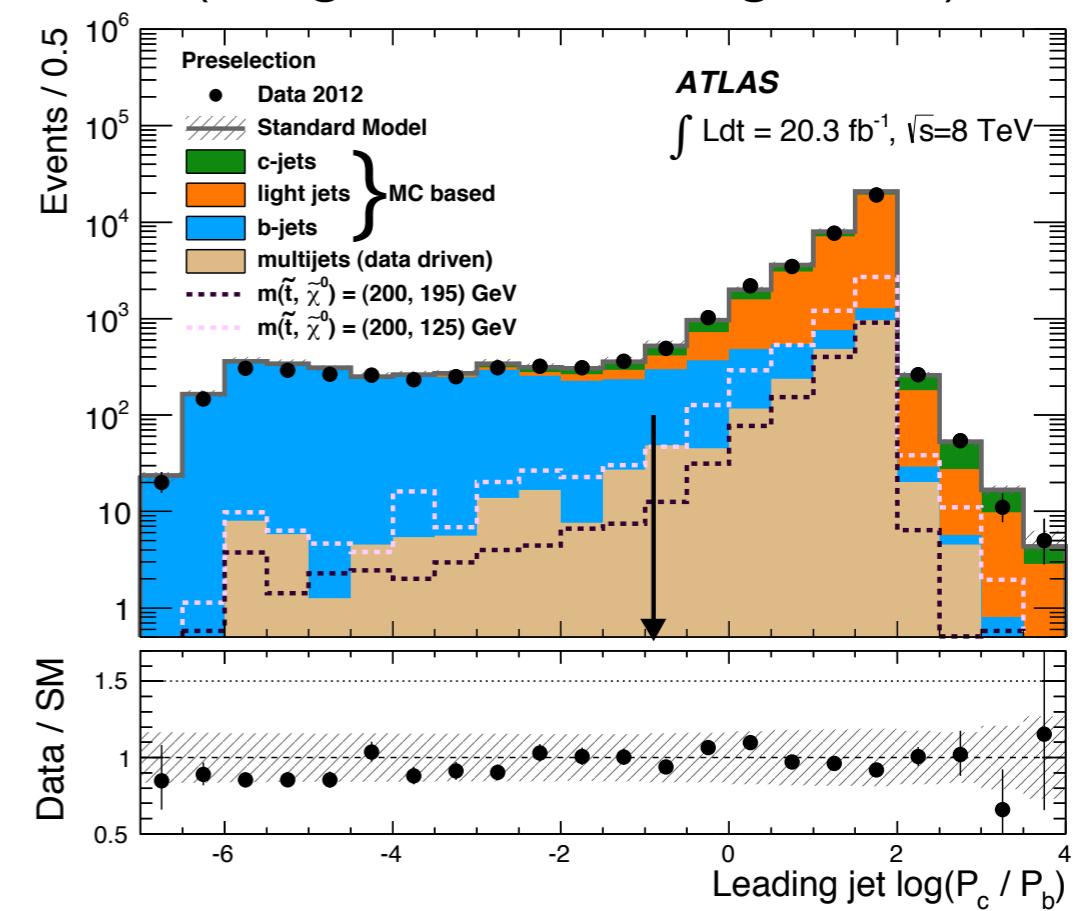
Two different approaches:

- small  $\Delta m$  ( $< 20$  GeV): c-jets with low  $p_T$ 
  - mono-jet like approach:  
 $\leq 3$  jets, high  $p_T$  leading jet, large MET
- large  $\Delta m$  ( $> 20$  GeV): c-jets reconstructed
  - charm tagging  
 $\geq 4$  jets,  $\geq 1$  c-tagged jet, high  $p_T$   
 untagged leading jet, large MET

Main backgrounds (W/Z+jets and ttbar)  
 normalized to data in CRs

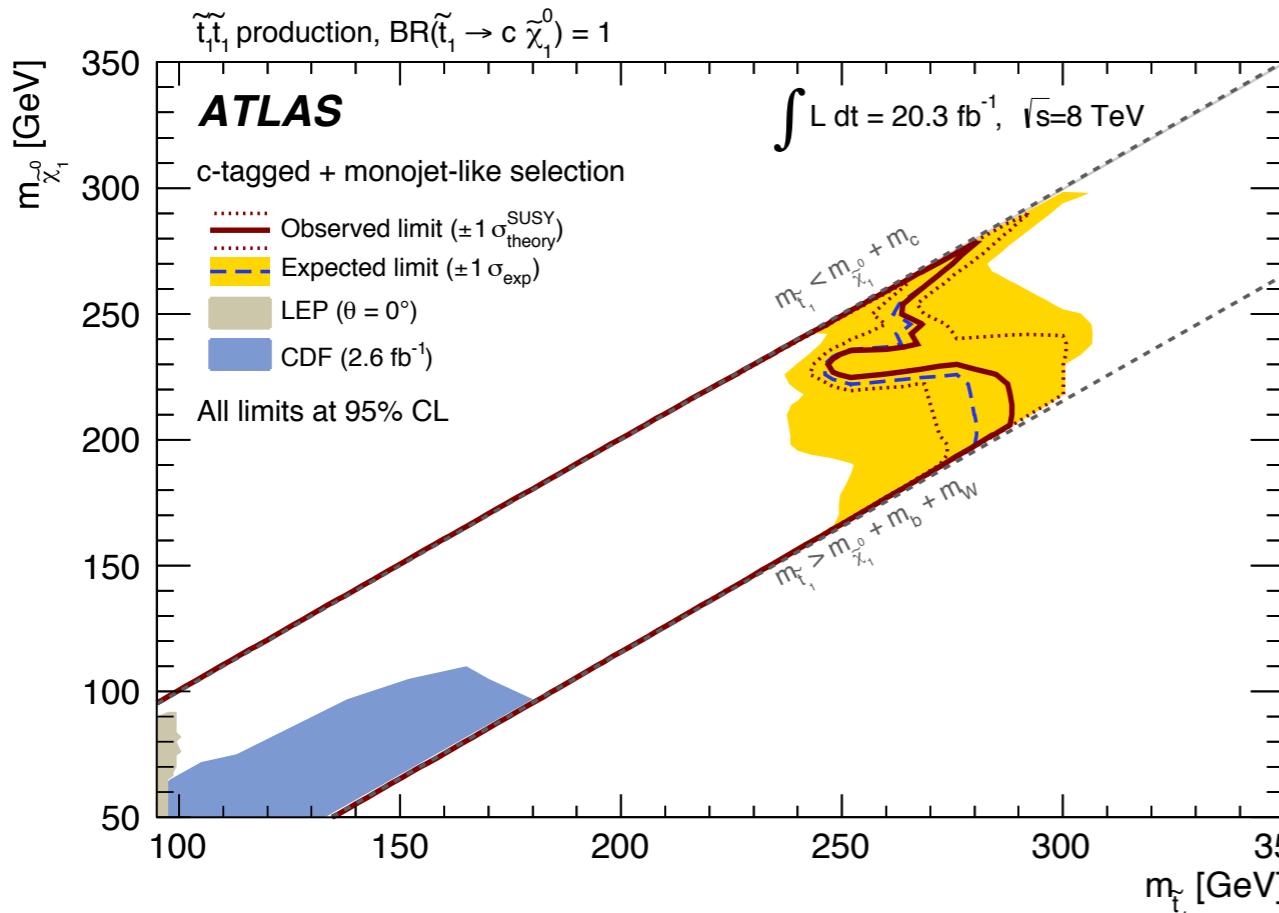


Discriminator against b-jets  
 (using multi-variate algorithm)

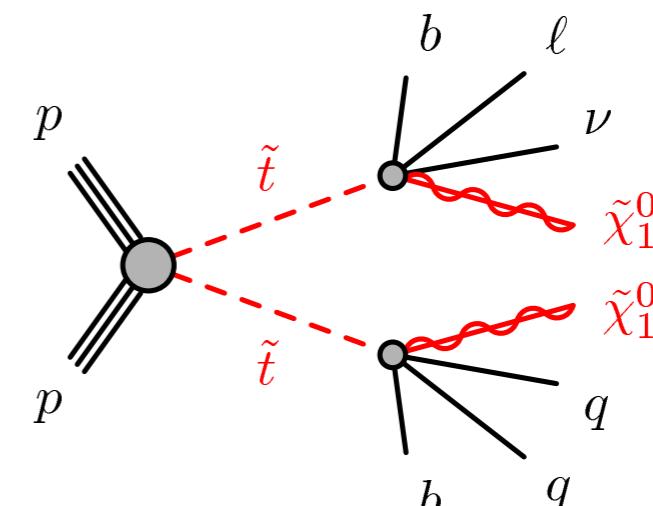


# Stop charm search: limits

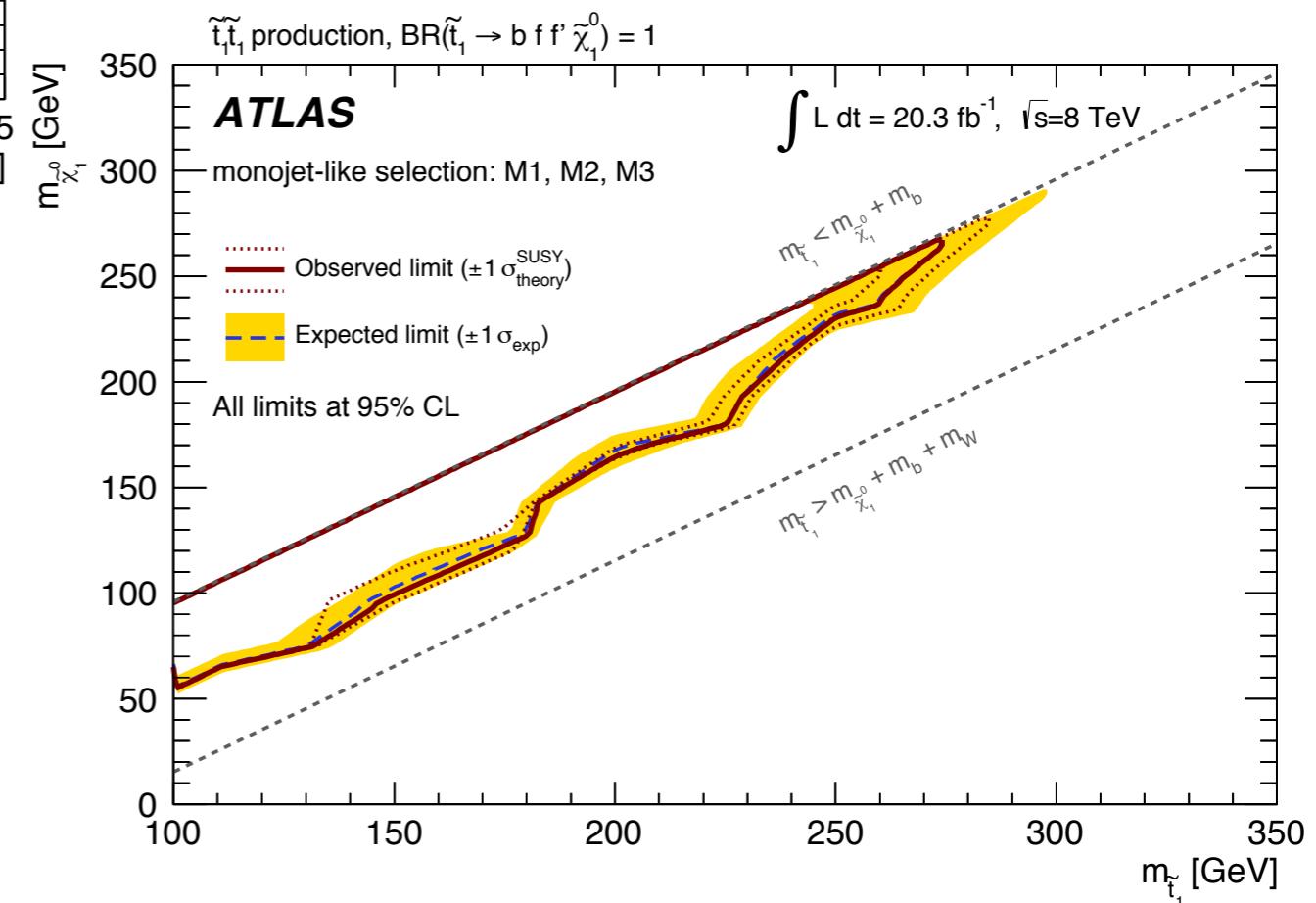
NEW



Mono-jet like search drives the sensitivity  
at very low  $\Delta m$  (along the diagonal)  
c-tagged selection everywhere else



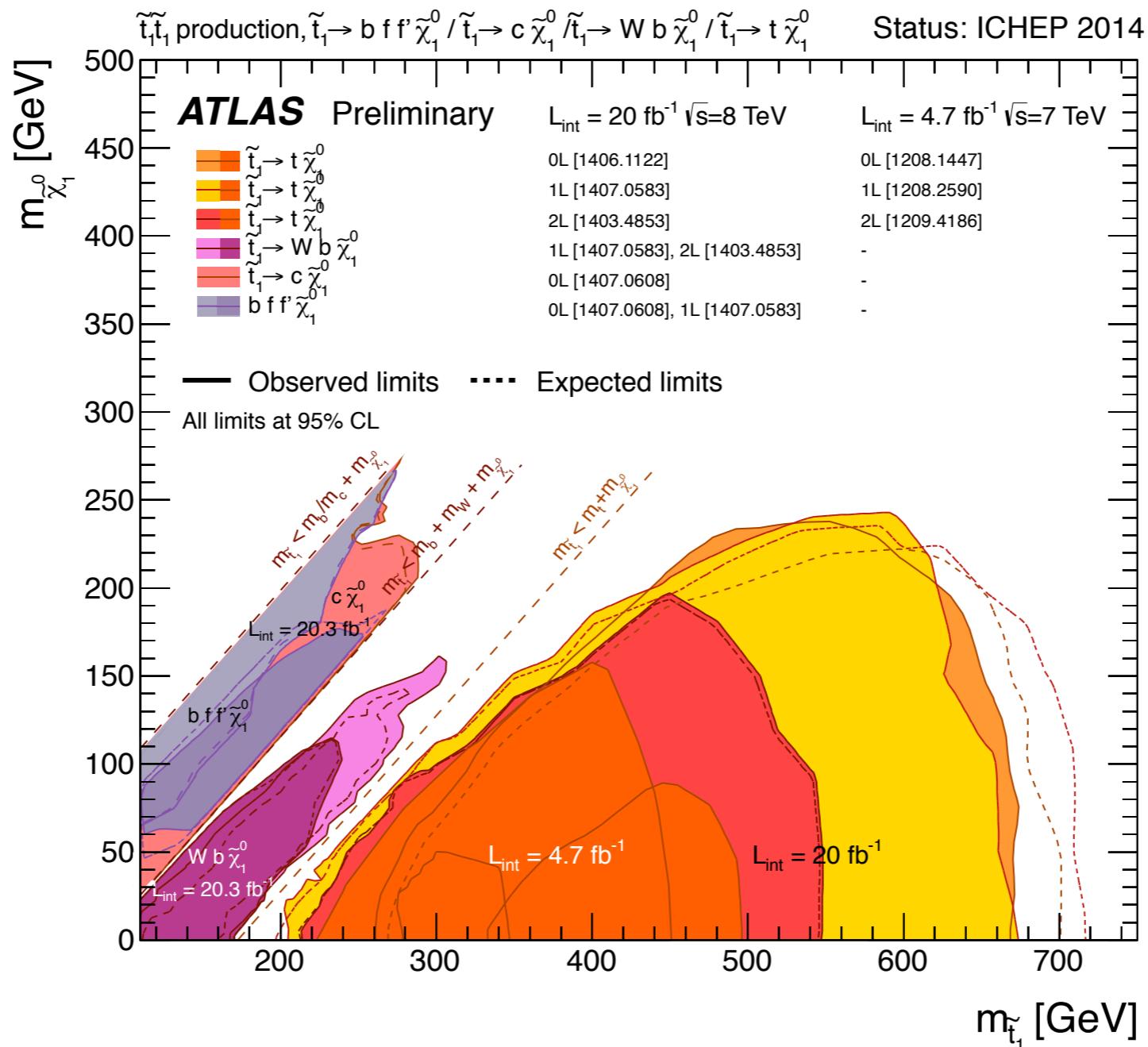
Interpretation also provided for stop  
four-body decay



# Summary

ATLAS has a strong search program for third generation squarks.  
No excess found in RunI, stringent exclusion limits were set.

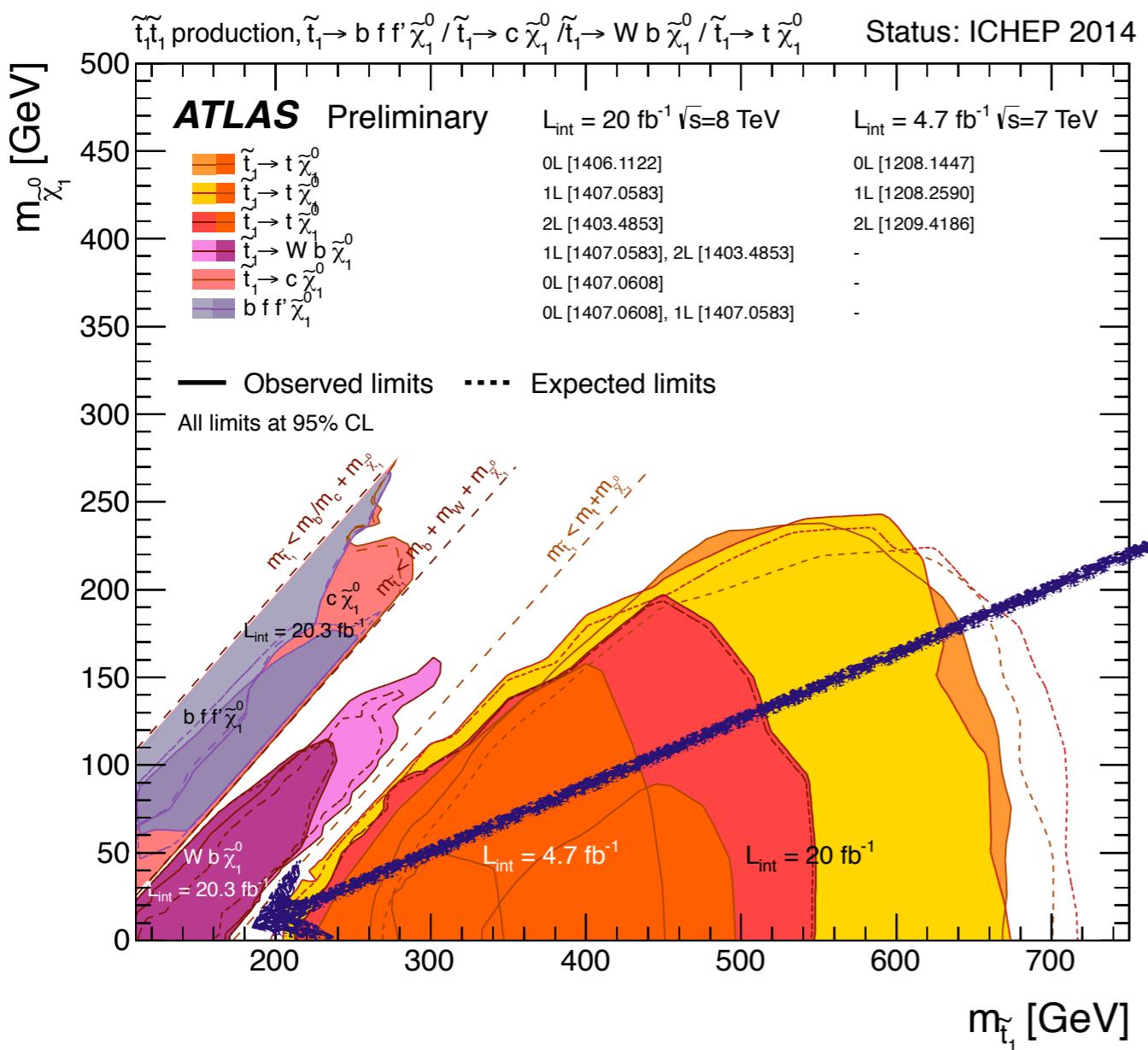
Looking forward to Run2 with increased centre of mass energy and luminosity!



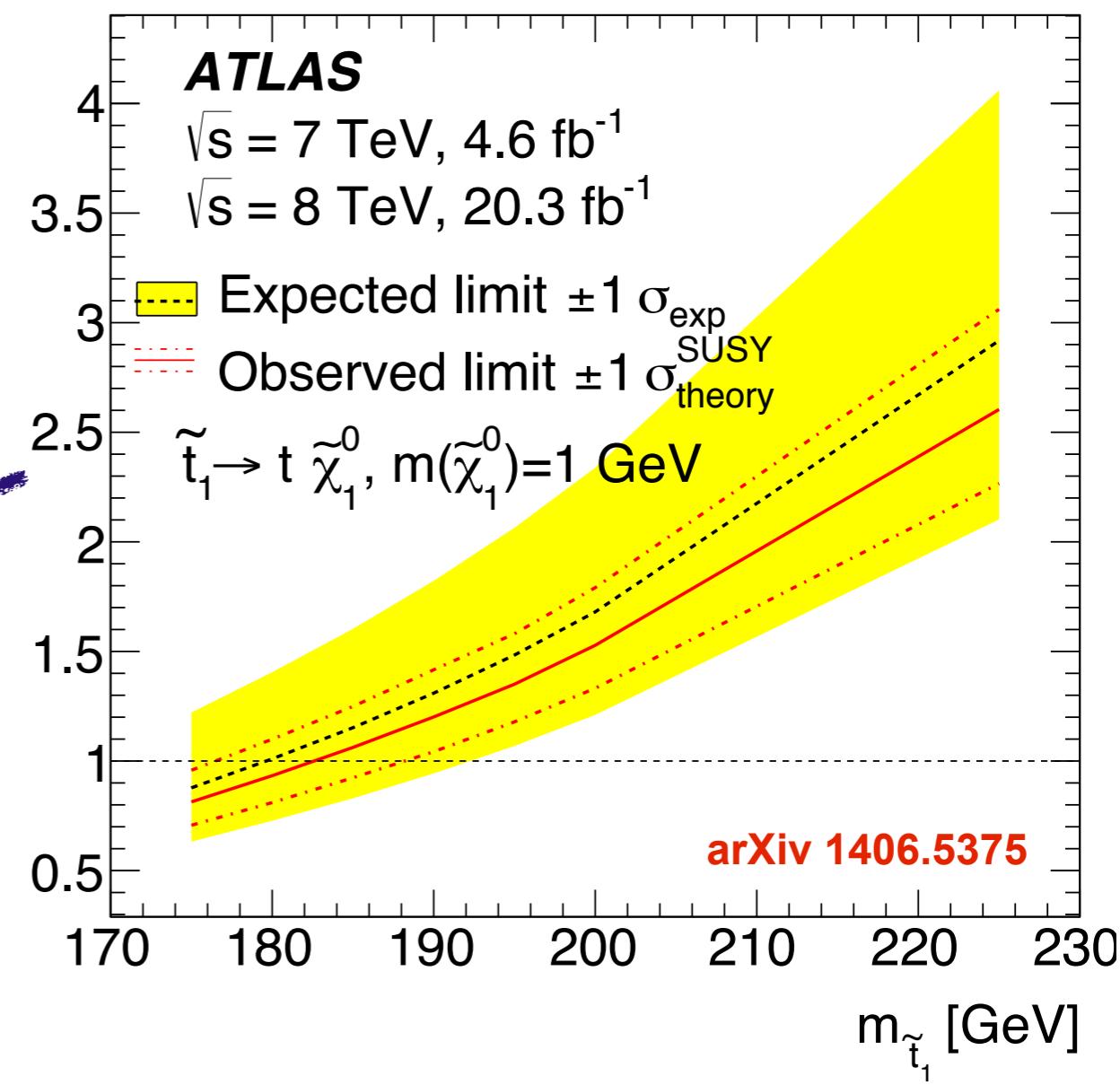
# Summary

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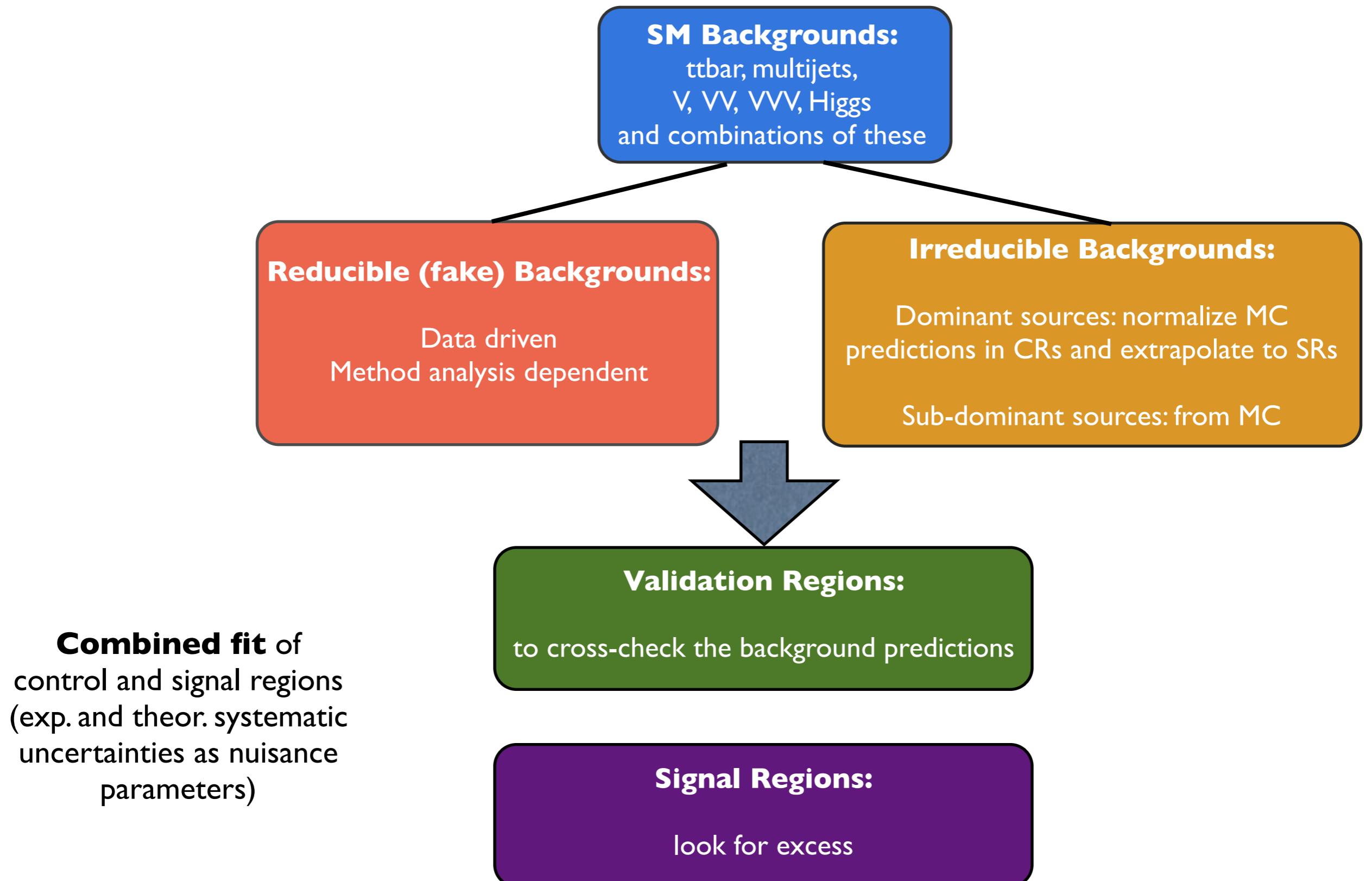


Limits on stop pair production from the ttbar cross-section measurement



# **EXTRAS**

# Searching for SUSY at the LHC



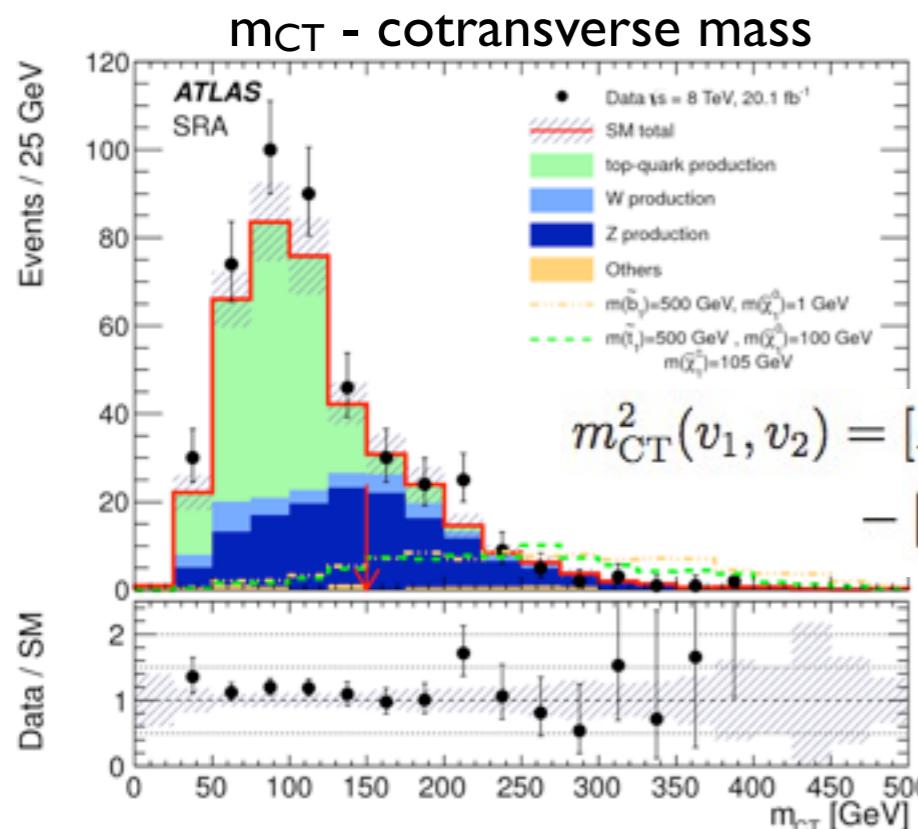
# 0 lepton + 2 b-jets + MET

## 0 leptons, $\geq 2$ b-jets, MET

JHEP10(2013)189

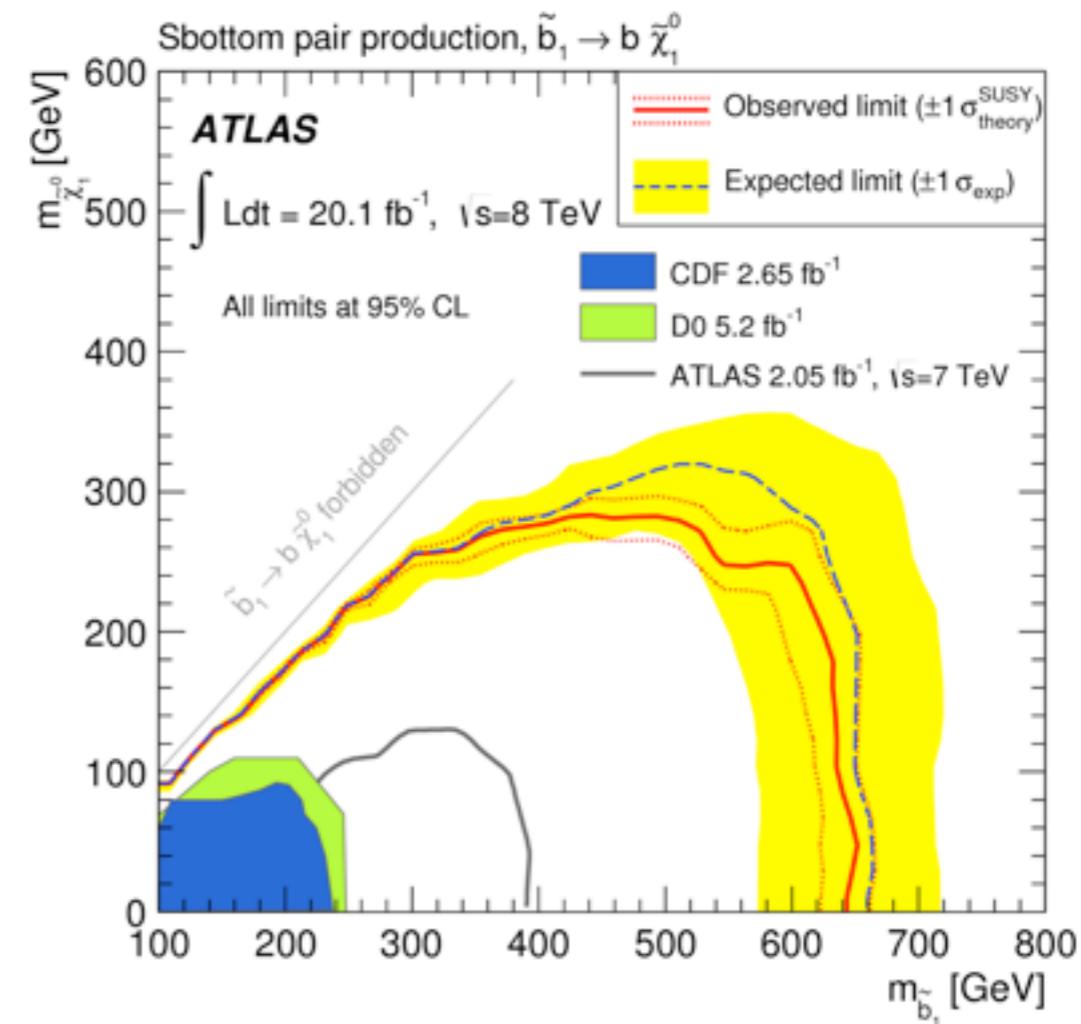
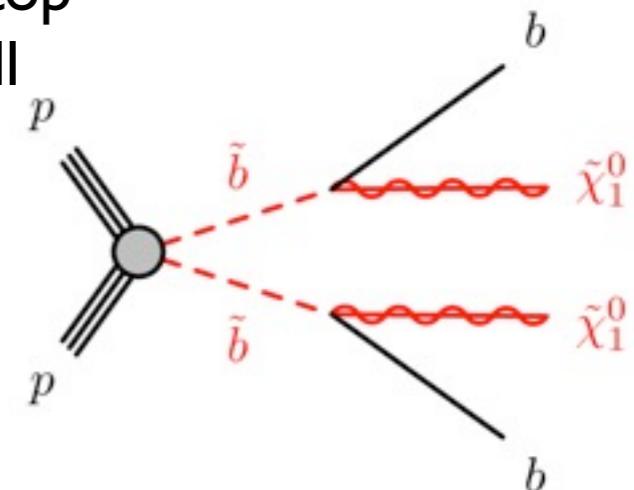
SRA: large  $\Delta m$ (squark, neutralino)

- two leading jets b-tagged, veto third jet
- $m_{bb} > 200$  GeV,  $m_{CT} > [150, 350]$  GeV



Target direct sbottom  
Also sensitive to direct stop  
with  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ , and small

$$\Delta m \equiv m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$$



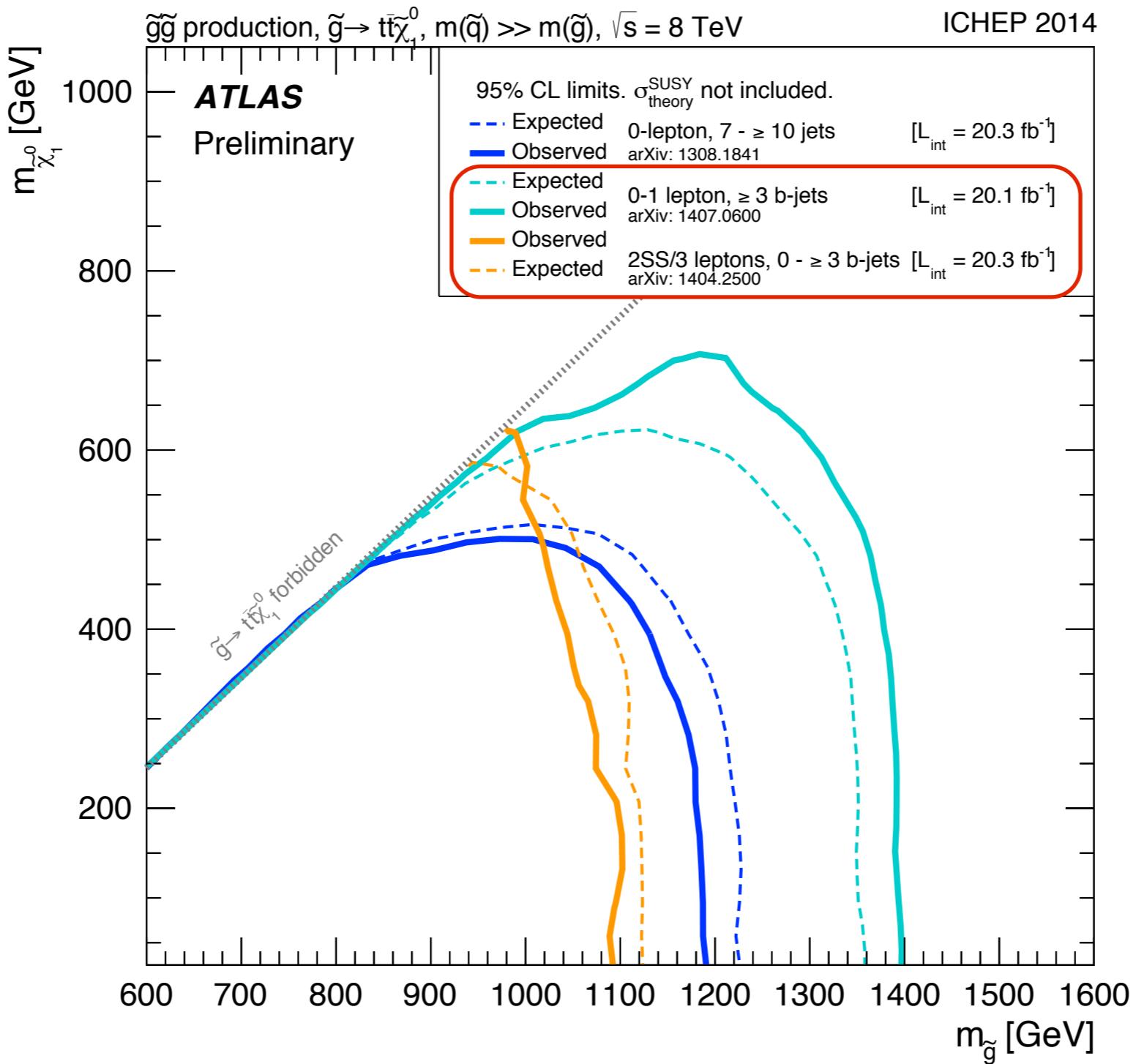
SRB: small  $\Delta m$ (squark, neutralino) - exploit ISR

- 1st jet: high  $p_T$ , anti b-tagged
- 2nd and 3rd jets b-tagged, small  $H_{T,3}$ , large MET

Main backgrounds:

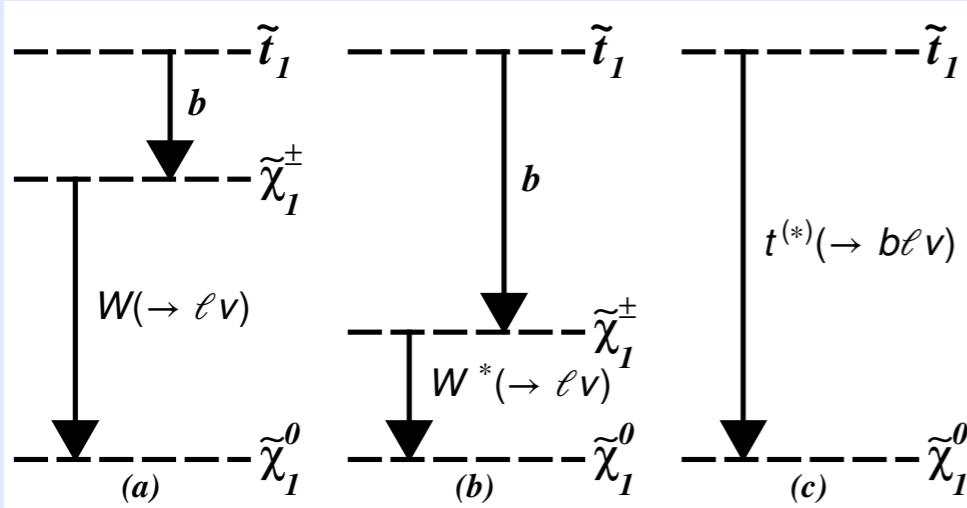
- Z(vv) + HF jets: 2-lepton CRs (SFOS  $m_{\parallel}$  close to Z mass)
- Top and W + HF jets: 1-lepton CRs or 2-lep with DFOS

# Gluino-mediated stop summary



# stop 2 lepton searches

= 2 leptons of opposite charge



Three different analysis strategies:

**JHEP 06 (2014) 124**

**leptonic  $m_{T2}$ :** targets (a) (large  $\Delta m$ ) and 3 body-decay

- require large  $m_{T2}$

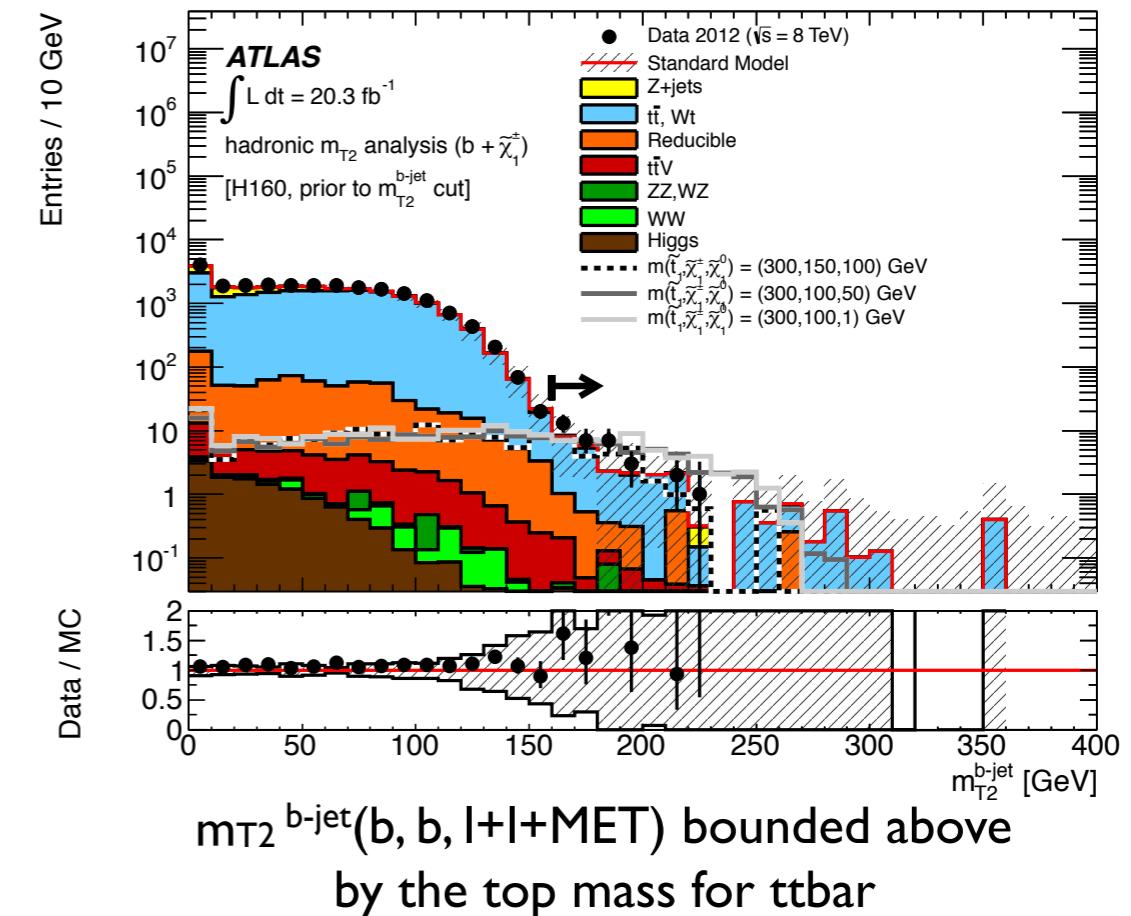
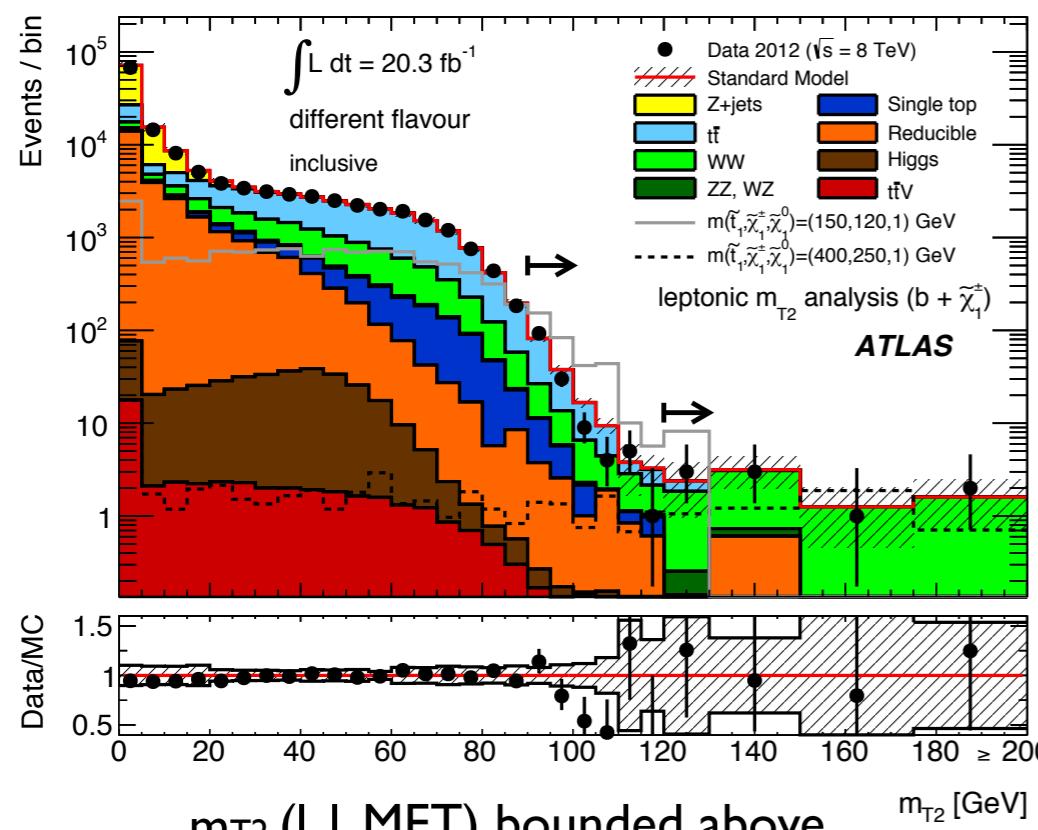
**hadronic  $m_{T2}$ :** targets (b) (small  $\Delta m$ )

- require 2 b-jets, large  $m_{T2}$  b-jet

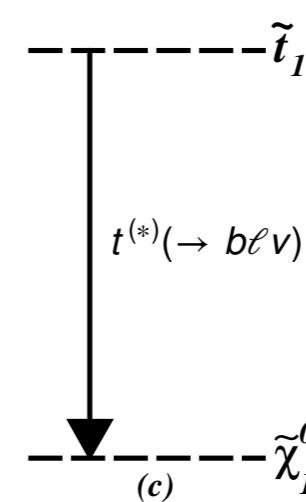
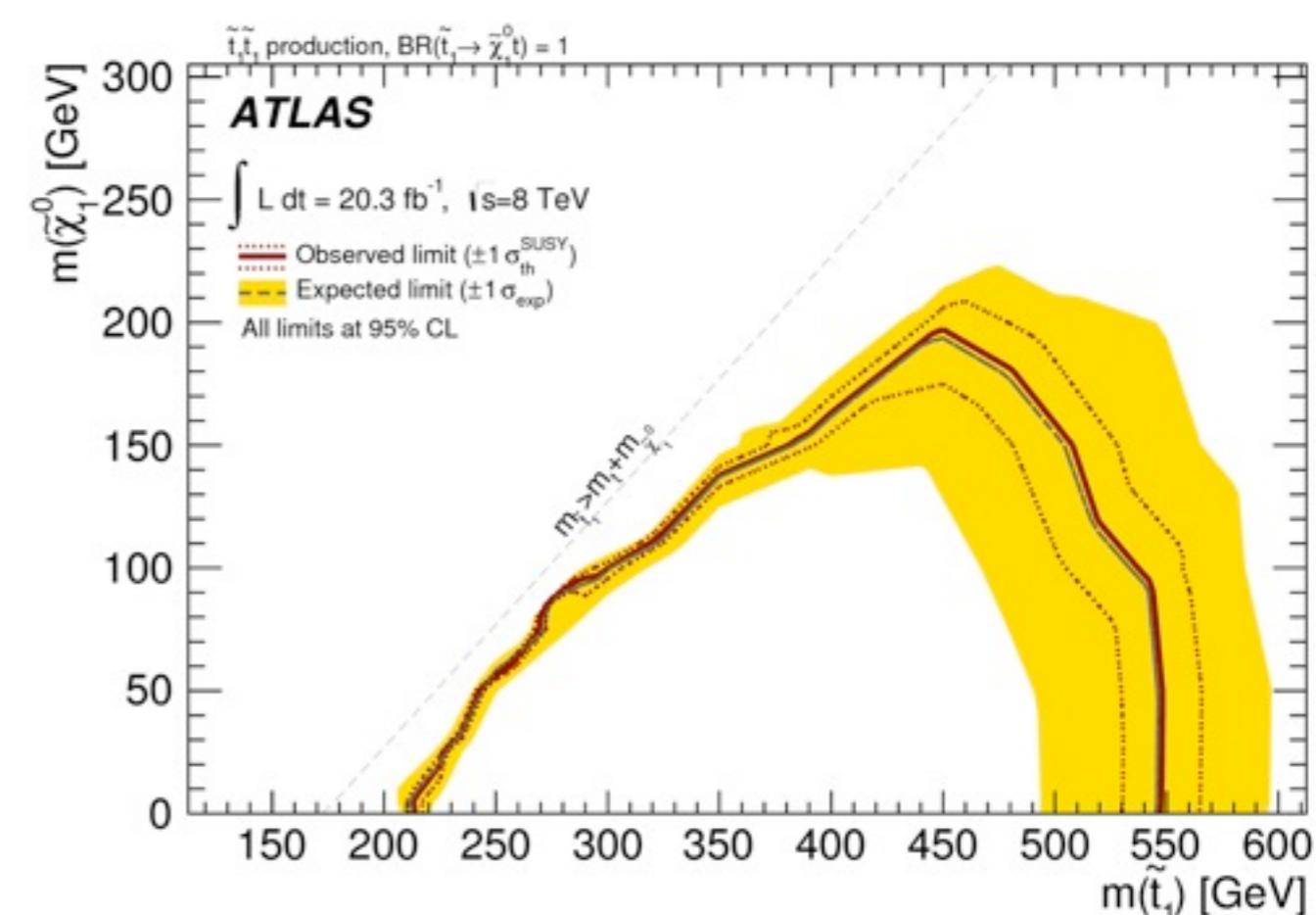
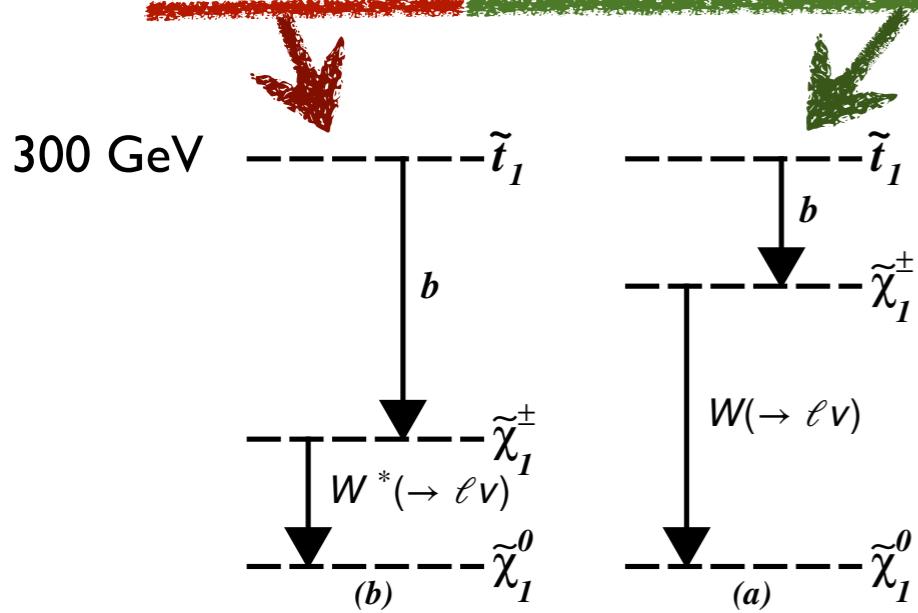
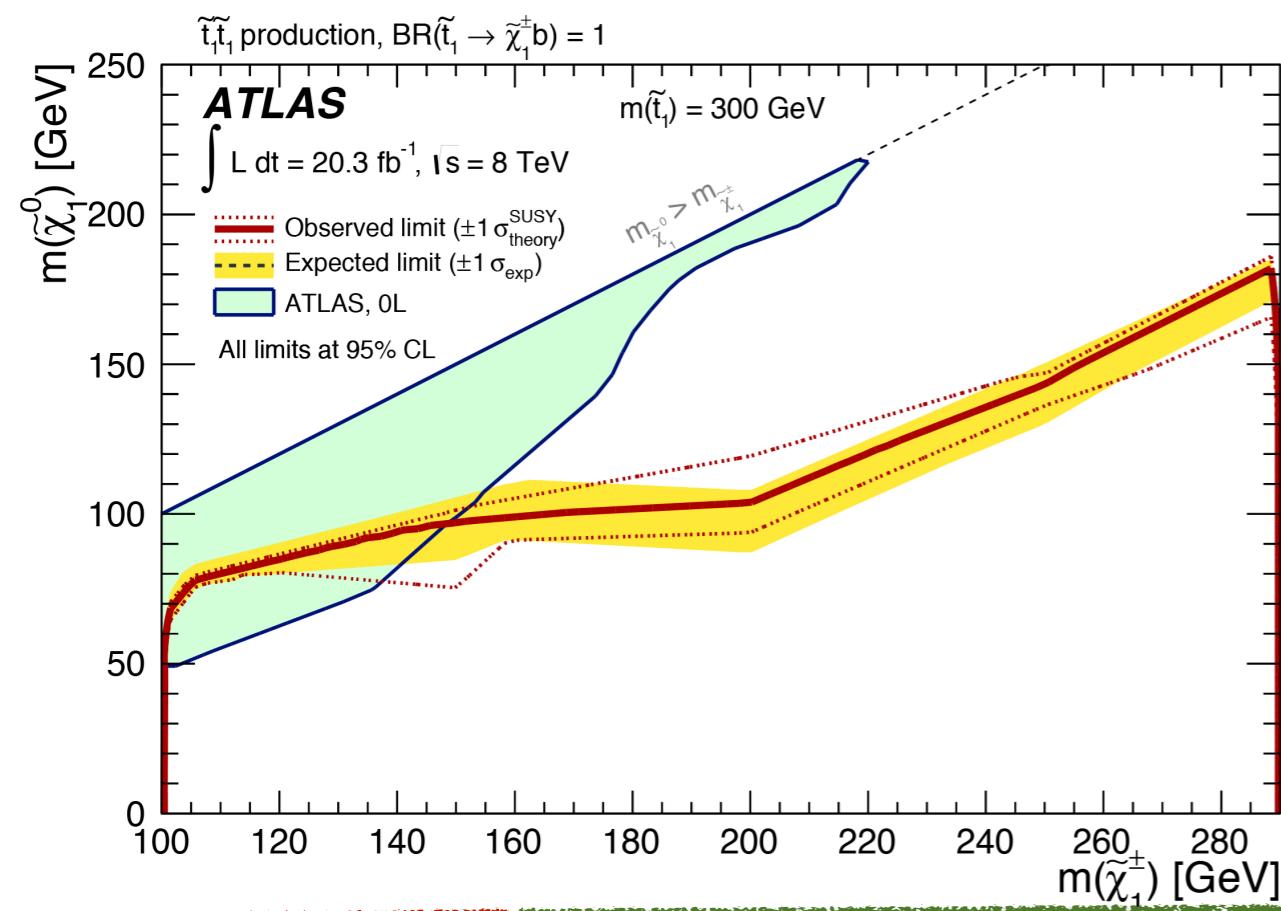
**multivariate:** targets (c) with on-shell top

- $\geq 2$  jets, large MET, large  $m_{\text{Eff}}$ , train BDT using MET,  $m_{ll}$ ,  $m_{T2}$ ,  $\Delta\phi(l,l)$ ,  $\Delta\phi(\text{MET},l)$ ,  $\Delta\phi(\text{MET},\text{jet})$

Stransverse mass ( $m_{T2}$ ):  $m_{T2}(\mathbf{p}_{T,1}, \mathbf{p}_{T,2}, \mathbf{q}_T) = \min_{\mathbf{q}_{T,1} + \mathbf{q}_{T,2} = \mathbf{q}_T} \{\max[m_T(\mathbf{p}_{T,1}, \mathbf{q}_{T,1}), m_T(\mathbf{p}_{T,2}, \mathbf{q}_{T,2})]\}$



# stop 2 lepton searches



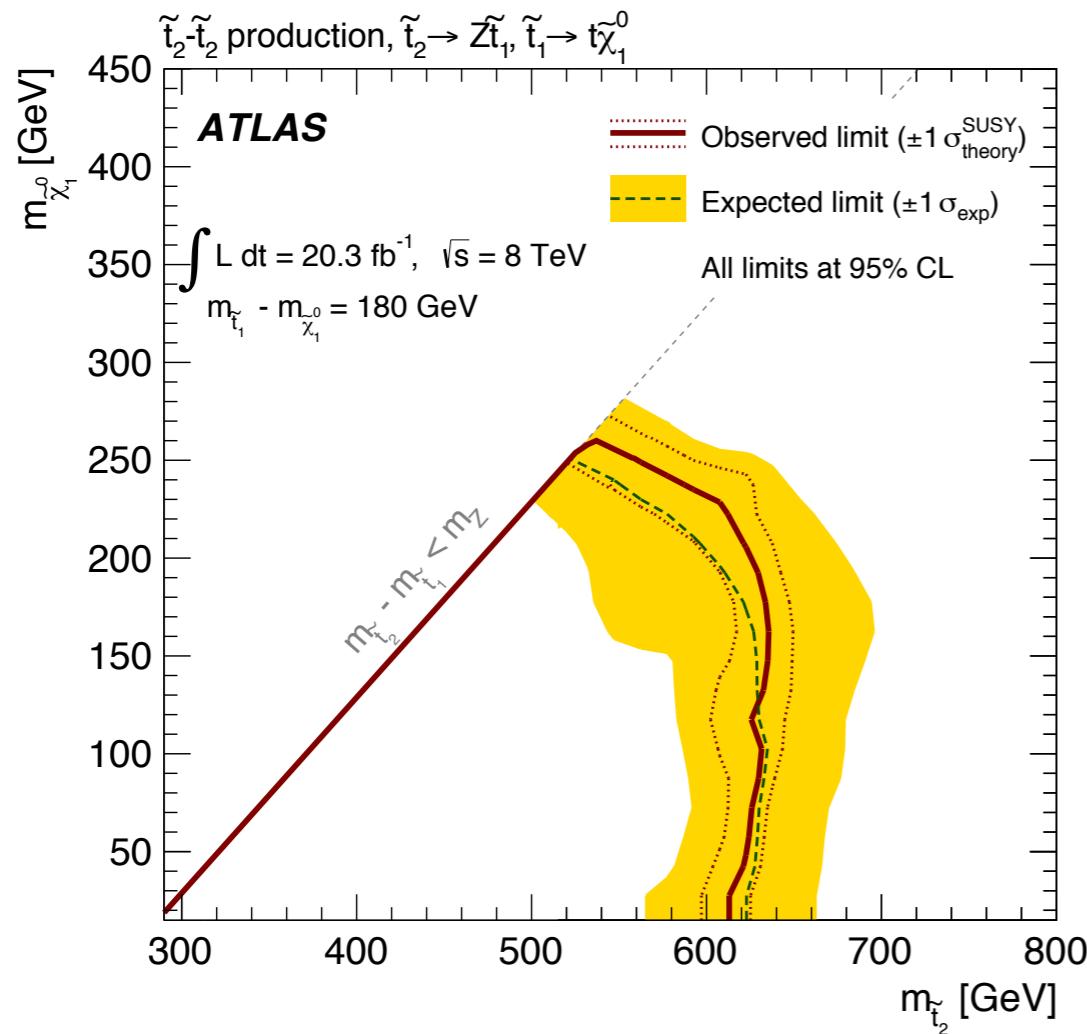
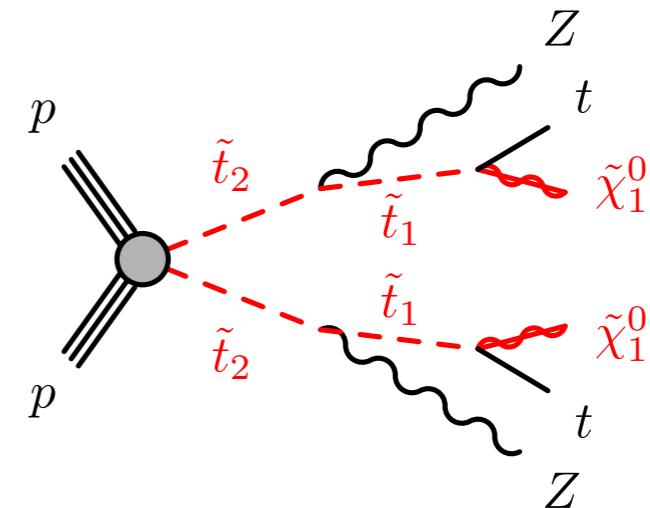
# stop Z search

arXiv 1403.5222, accepted by EPJC

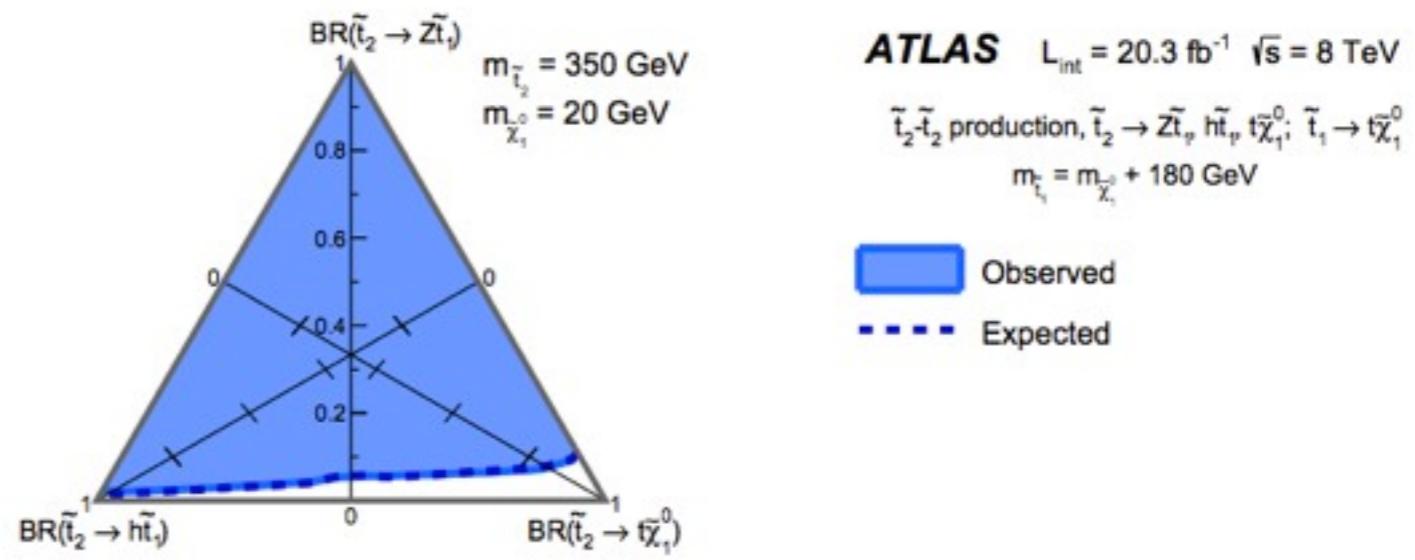
For  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $m(\text{stop I}) \approx m(\text{top}) + m(\text{LSP})$   
signature very similar to ttbar

Use  $\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow Z\tilde{t}_1$  to discriminate against ttbar

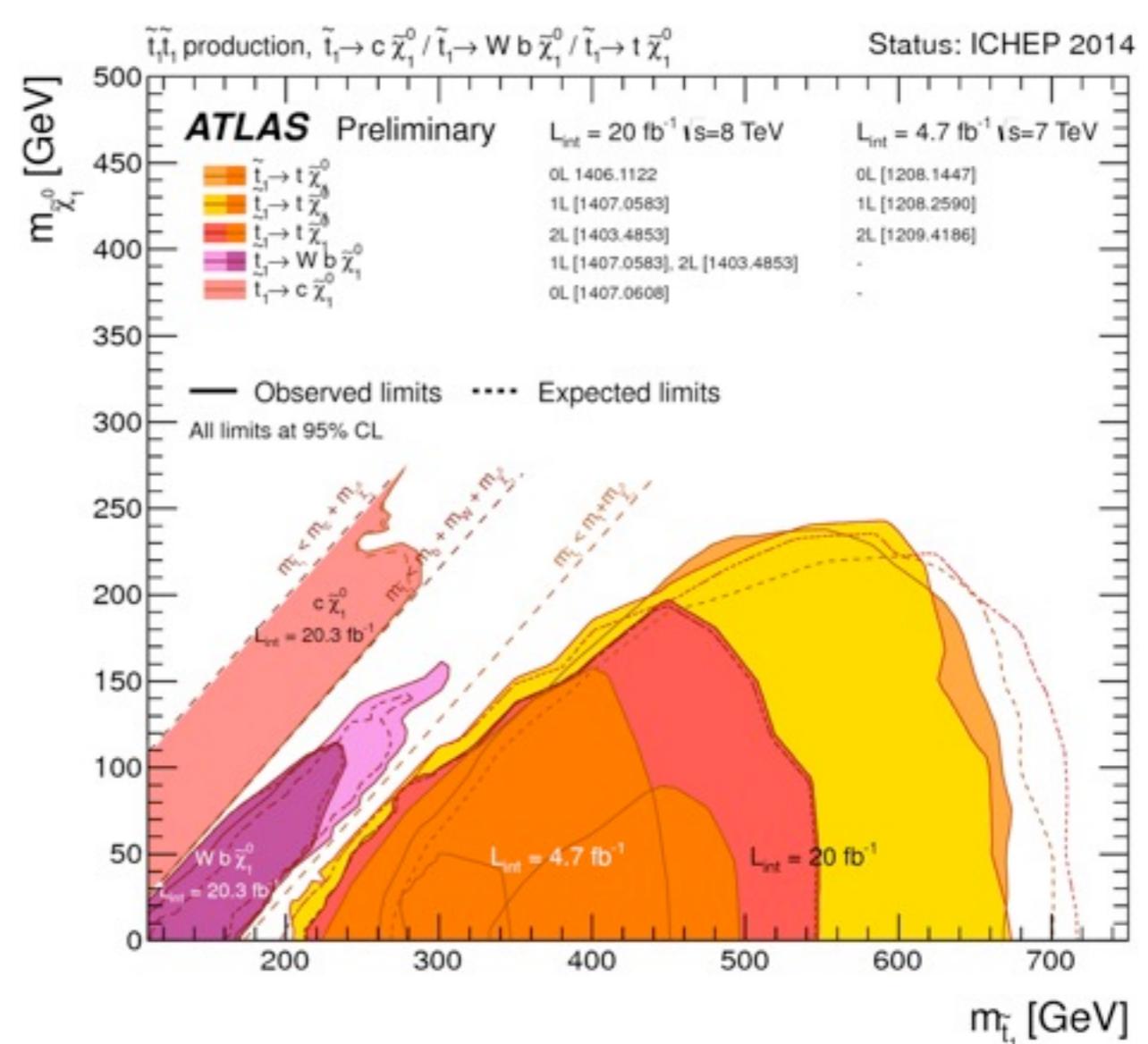
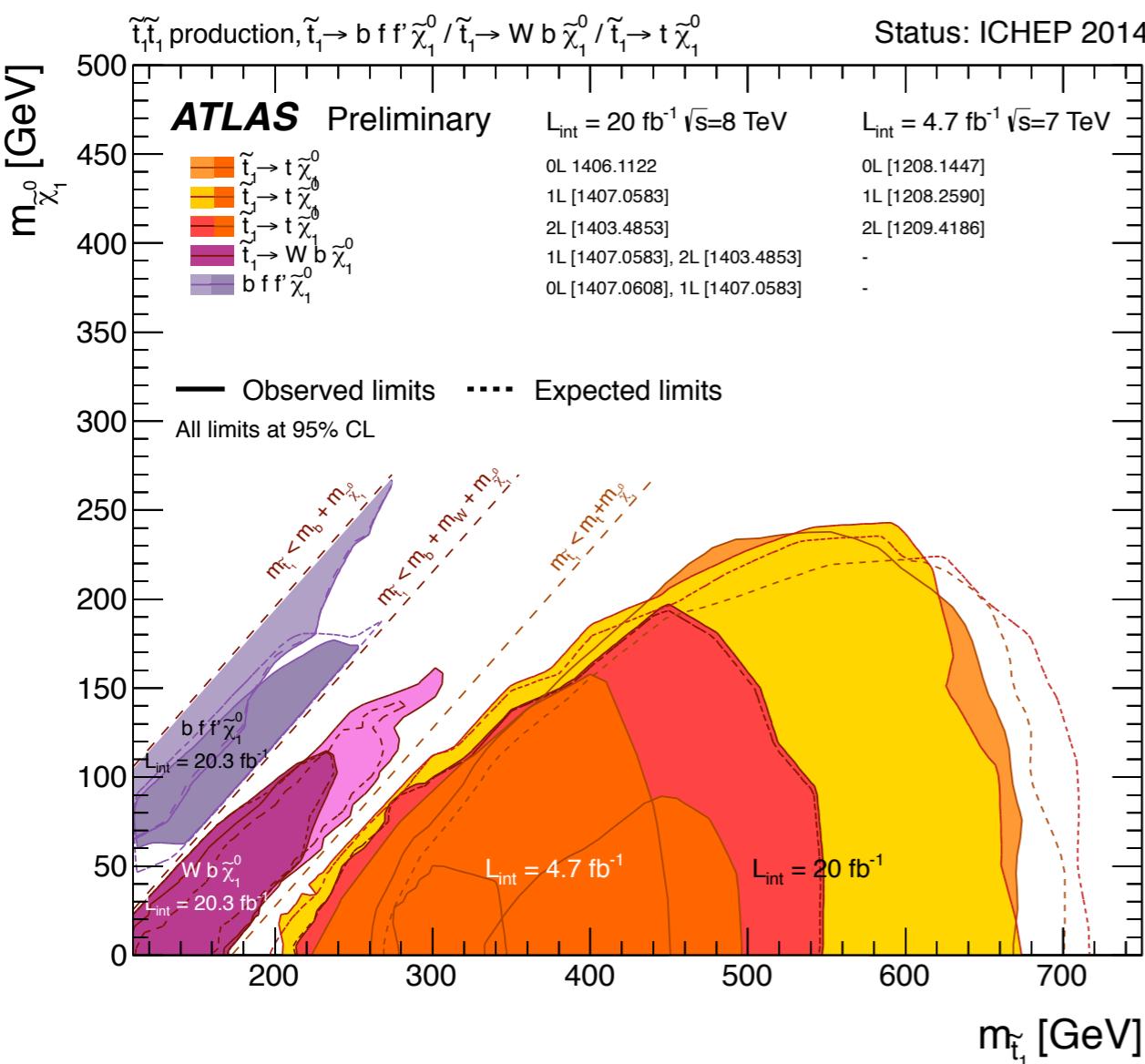
Signature:  
 $Z \rightarrow l^+l^-$  ( $l$ ), 3-5 jets,  $\geq 1$  b-jets, MET



Relaxing the assumption of  $\text{BR}(\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow Z\tilde{t}_1) = 100\%$ ,  
including the decay modes  $\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow h\tilde{t}_1$   
→ interpret the results as limits on the decay  
branching ratios



# Summary



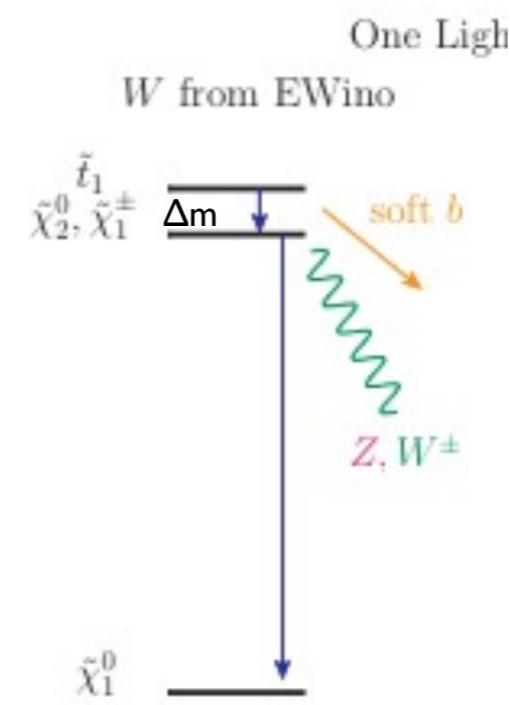
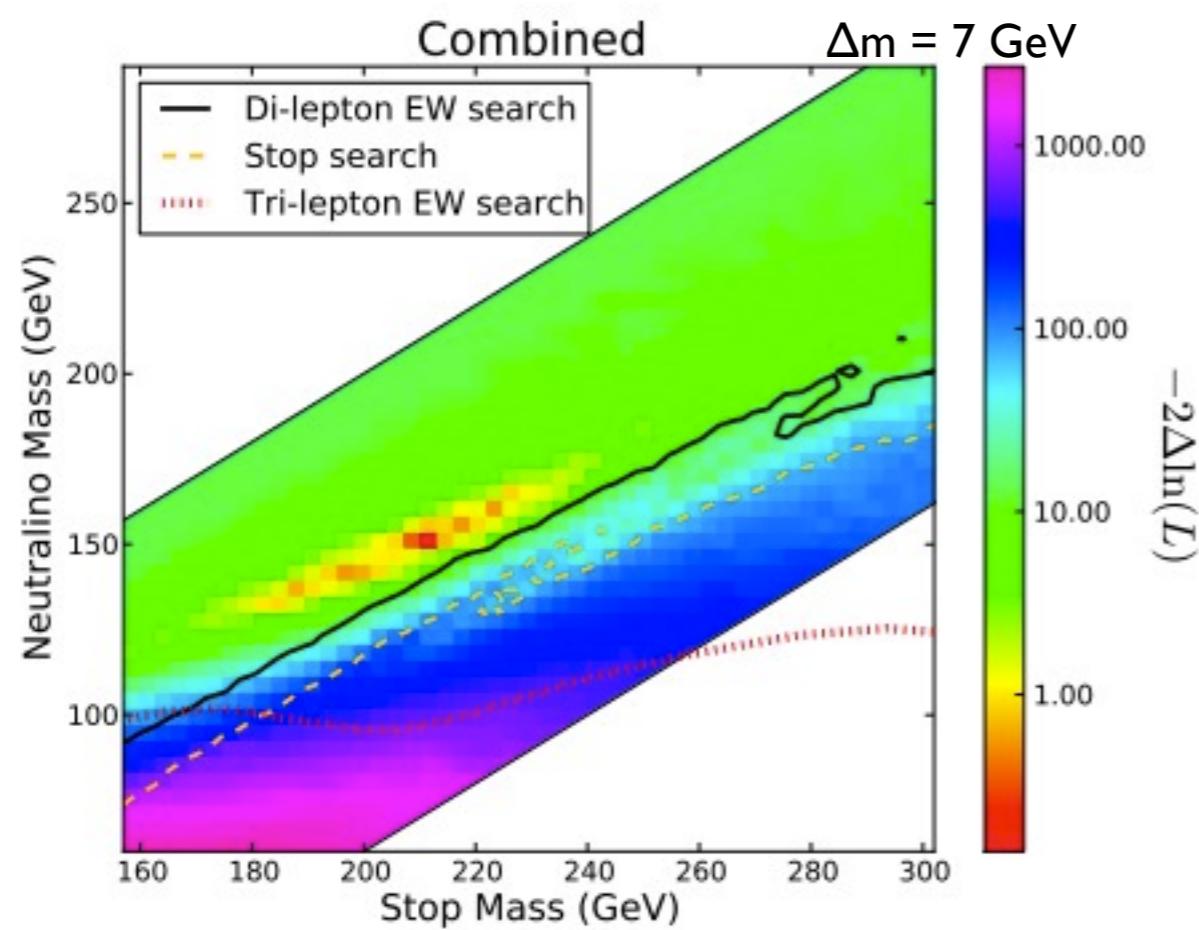
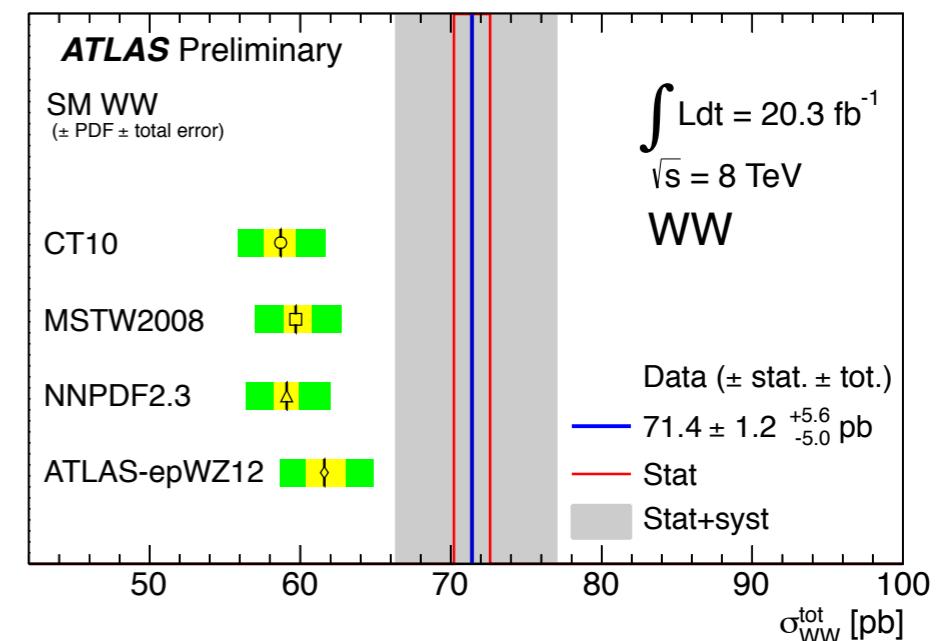
# Excess in WW production?

## Measurements of WW cross-section at 8 TeV

Phys. Lett. B 721 (2013) 190–211

ATLAS-CONF-2014-033

CMS:  $69.9 \pm 2.8$  (stat)  $\pm 5.6$  (syst)  $\pm 3.1$  (lumi) pb  
 TH:  $57.3 \pm 2.3 - 1.6$  pb



arXiv :1406.0848[hep-ph]  
 arXiv :1406.0858[hep-ph]

# Run 2 and beyond

