Improved τ-weapons for Higgs hunting

Oscar Vives



SUSY 2014 Manchester 21-26 July







"Higgs" boson discovered...







"Higgs" boson discovered... But... what is it??, SM Higgs??, MSSM??, other ??

1. Choose a model and fit the parameters.

1. Choose a model and fit the parameters. Analysis in CMSSM, PMSSM...

- 1. Choose a model and fit the parameters. Analysis in CMSSM, PMSSM...
- 2. Define a general framework and use the measured scalar properties to fix the model.

- 1. Choose a model and fit the parameters. Analysis in CMSSM, PMSSM...
- 2. Define a general framework and use the measured scalar properties to fix the model. Generic 2HdM in the presence of SUSY.

- 1. Choose a model and fit the parameters. Analysis in CMSSM, PMSSM...
- 2. Define a general framework and use the measured scalar properties to fix the model. Generic 2HdM in the presence of SUSY.



New couplings, extra scalar states...

- G. Barenboim, C. Bosch, M. L. Lopez-Ibañez and O. Vives, Phys. Rev. D90 (2014) 015003, arXiv:hep-ph/1311.7321.
- G. Barenboim, C. Bosch, M. L. Lopez-Ibañez and O. Vives, JHEP 1311, 051(2013), arXiv:hep-ph/1307.5973.

SCENARIO:

2HdM in generic MSSM at M_w with CP violation.

SCENARIO:

2HdM in generic MSSM at M_w with CP violation.

- Lightest Higgs corresponds to the observed scalar state at LHC
- Heavier neutral and charged Higgs masses (all close in the decoupling limit) and Higgs mixings free. Only constrained by LHC (and indirect) observables.
- MSSM parameters independent and free, subject to experimental constraints.
- No requirement of correct EW symmetry breaking.

SCENARIO:

2HdM in generic MSSM at M_w with CP violation.

- Lightest Higgs corresponds to the observed scalar state at LHC
- Heavier neutral and charged Higgs masses (all close in the decoupling limit) and Higgs mixings free. Only constrained by LHC (and indirect) observables.
- MSSM parameters independent and free, subject to experimental constraints.
- No requirement of correct EW symmetry breaking.



2 Higgs doublets with CP violating phase

$$\Phi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\upsilon_1 + \phi_1 + ia_1) \\ \phi_1^- \end{pmatrix}; \qquad \Phi_2 = e^{i\xi} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_2^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\upsilon_2 + \phi_2 + ia_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

Generic 3 x 3 Higgs mass matrix.

$$M_{H}^{2} = (\phi_{1}, \phi_{2}, a) \begin{pmatrix} M_{S_{2\times2}}^{2} & M_{SP_{1\times2}}^{2} \\ M_{PS_{2\times1}}^{2} & M_{P}^{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_{1} \\ \phi_{2} \\ a \end{pmatrix}$$

Diagonalized by an unknown unitary matrix \mathcal{U} :

$$\mathcal{U} \cdot M_H^2 \cdot \mathcal{U}^T = \text{Diag}\left(M_{H_1}^2, M_{H_2}^2, M_{H_3}^2\right) \,.$$

Experimental Constraints

Experimental Constraints.

• LHC constraints:

At 95% C.L. $0.75 \le \mu_{\gamma} = \frac{\sigma(pp \to H) \times \text{BR}(H \to \gamma\gamma)}{\sigma(pp \to H)_{\text{SM}} \times \text{BR}(H \to \gamma\gamma)_{\text{SM}}} \le 1.55$

 $H \rightarrow \tau \tau$ Searches of extra Higgs



Experimental Constraints

• LHC constraints:





Indirect constraints:

At 95% C.L. $2.99 \times 10^{-4} \leq BR(B \to X_s \gamma) \leq 3.87 \times 10^{-4}$ also $B_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-$, and at low masses, $t \to H^+ b$

Higgs to yy at LHC

$$\sigma(pp \to H \to \gamma\gamma) = \sigma(pp \to H_1) \times \Gamma(H_1 \to \gamma\gamma) / \Gamma_{H_1}$$

Higgs to yy at LHC

 $\sigma(pp \to H \to \gamma\gamma) = \sigma(pp \to H_1) \times \Gamma(H_1 \to \gamma\gamma) / \Gamma_{H_1}$

1.- Decay width

$$\Gamma(H_a \to \gamma \gamma) = \frac{M_{H_a}^3 \alpha^2}{256\pi^3 v^2} \left[\left| S_a^{\gamma}(M_{H_a}) \right|^2 + \left| P_a^{\gamma}(M_{H_a}) \right|^2 \right]$$

$$\begin{split} S_{H_{1}^{0}}^{\gamma} &\simeq \mathcal{U}_{11} \left(\frac{-8.3}{\tan\beta} + (-0.025 + i\,0.034) \operatorname{Re}\left\{ \frac{\tan\beta}{1 + \kappa_{d}\tan\beta} \right\} - 0.45 \left(\frac{m_{\tilde{t}_{2}}^{2}}{m_{\tilde{t}_{1}}^{2}} - 1 \right) \operatorname{Re}\left\{ \frac{\mu m_{t} \mathcal{R}_{11}^{*} \mathcal{R}_{21}}{m_{\tilde{t}_{2}}^{2}} \right\} \right) + \\ \mathcal{U}_{12} \left(-6.5 + 0.45 \left(\frac{m_{\tilde{t}_{2}}^{2}}{m_{\tilde{t}_{1}}^{2}} - 1 \right) \operatorname{Re}\left\{ \frac{A_{t}^{*} m_{t} \mathcal{R}_{11}^{*} \mathcal{R}_{21}}{m_{\tilde{t}_{2}}^{2}} \right\} + 0.45 \left(\frac{m_{t}^{2} |\mathcal{R}_{11}|^{2}}{m_{\tilde{t}_{1}}^{2}} + \frac{m_{t}^{2} |\mathcal{R}_{12}|^{2}}{m_{\tilde{t}_{2}}^{2}} \right) \right) + \\ \mathcal{U}_{13} \left((-0.025 + i\,0.034) \operatorname{Im}\left\{ \frac{\kappa_{d}\tan^{2}\beta}{1 + \kappa_{d}\tan\beta} \right\} + 0.45 \left(\frac{m_{\tilde{t}_{2}}^{2}}{m_{\tilde{t}_{1}}^{2}} - 1 \right) \operatorname{Im}\left\{ \frac{\mu m_{t} \mathcal{R}_{11}^{*} \mathcal{R}_{21}}{m_{\tilde{t}_{2}}^{2}} \right\} \right) \end{split}$$

Higgs to yy at LHC

 $\sigma(pp \to H \to \gamma\gamma) = \sigma(pp \to H_1) \times \Gamma(H_1 \to \gamma\gamma) / \Gamma_{H_1}$

2.- Production cross section

$$\sigma\left(pp \to H_{1}\right) \simeq \left[0.16 \frac{\tan^{2} \beta}{\left(1 + \kappa_{d} \tan \beta\right)^{2}} \left(\left|\mathcal{U}_{11}\right|^{2} + \left|\mathcal{U}_{13}\right|^{2}\right) + \frac{0.1 \tan^{2} \beta}{\left(1 + \kappa_{d} \tan \beta\right)^{2}} \,\mathcal{U}_{11}^{2} - \frac{1.4 \tan \beta}{1 + \kappa_{d} \tan \beta} \,\mathcal{U}_{11}\mathcal{U}_{12} + 13 \,\mathcal{U}_{12}^{2} + \left(\frac{2}{\left(1 + \kappa_{d} \tan \beta\right)} + \frac{0.1 \tan^{2} \beta}{\left(1 + \kappa_{d} \tan \beta\right)^{2}} + \frac{27}{\tan^{2} \beta}\right) \mathcal{U}_{23}^{2}\right] \,\mathrm{pb}$$

Higgs to yy at LHC

 $\sigma(pp \to H \to \gamma\gamma) = \sigma(pp \to H_1) \times \Gamma(H_1 \to \gamma\gamma) / \Gamma_{H_1}$

3.- Total width

$$\Gamma_{H_1} \simeq \frac{g^2 M_{H_1}}{32\pi M_W^2} \left[\tan^2 \beta \left(\mathcal{U}_{11}^2 + \mathcal{U}_{13}^2 \right) \left(3m_b^2 + m_\tau^2 \right) + 6.7 \times 10^{-4} M_{H_1}^2 \left(\mathcal{U}_{12} + \frac{\mathcal{U}_{11}}{\tan \beta} \right)^2 \right]$$

Higgs to yy at LHC

```
\sigma(pp \to H \to \gamma\gamma) = \sigma(pp \to H_1) \times \Gamma(H_1 \to \gamma\gamma) / \Gamma_{H_1}
```



Higgs to yy at LHC

 $\sigma(pp \to H \to \gamma\gamma) = \sigma(pp \to H_1) \times \Gamma(H_1 \to \gamma\gamma) / \Gamma_{H_1}$

 $0.75 \le \mu_{\gamma} \le 1.55$



 $\mathcal{U}_{12} \sim \mathbf{1}$

 $\mathcal{U}_{_{11}}$, $\mathcal{U}_{_{13}}$ ~ 1/tg β

1. Light extra Higgs states. $m_{H^+} \le m_t$ ''Old'' ATLAS/CMS тт searches



1. Light extra Higgs states. $m_{H^+} \leq m_t$ "Old" ATLAS/CMS $\tau\tau$ searches, plus $BR(B \to X_s \gamma)$ and $t \to H^+ b$







2. Heavy extra Higgs states. $m_{H^+} \ge m_t$ "New" ATLAS/CMS $\tau\tau$ searches, plus $BR(B \to X_s \gamma), B_s \to \mu^+ \mu^- \dots$







30

2. Heavy extra Higgs states. $m_{H^+} \ge m_t$ "New" ATLAS/CMS $\tau\tau$ searches, plus $BR(B \to X_s \gamma), B_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-$



2. Heavy extra Higgs states. $m_{H^+} \ge m_t$ "New" ATLAS/CMS $\tau\tau$ searches, plus $BR(B \to X_s \gamma), B_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-$



Conclusions

- Lightest Higgs at 126 GeV boson and the $\gamma\gamma$ channel provide strong constraints on Higgs mixings.
- Combination of direct searches with indirect constraints is an excellent weapon to search for additional Higgs states.
- ττ channel together with indirect constraints forbid extra Higgs states below 250 GeV.
- Strong constraints for large tg β at higher masses.
- Waiting for positive results in the $\tau\tau$ channel !! ...